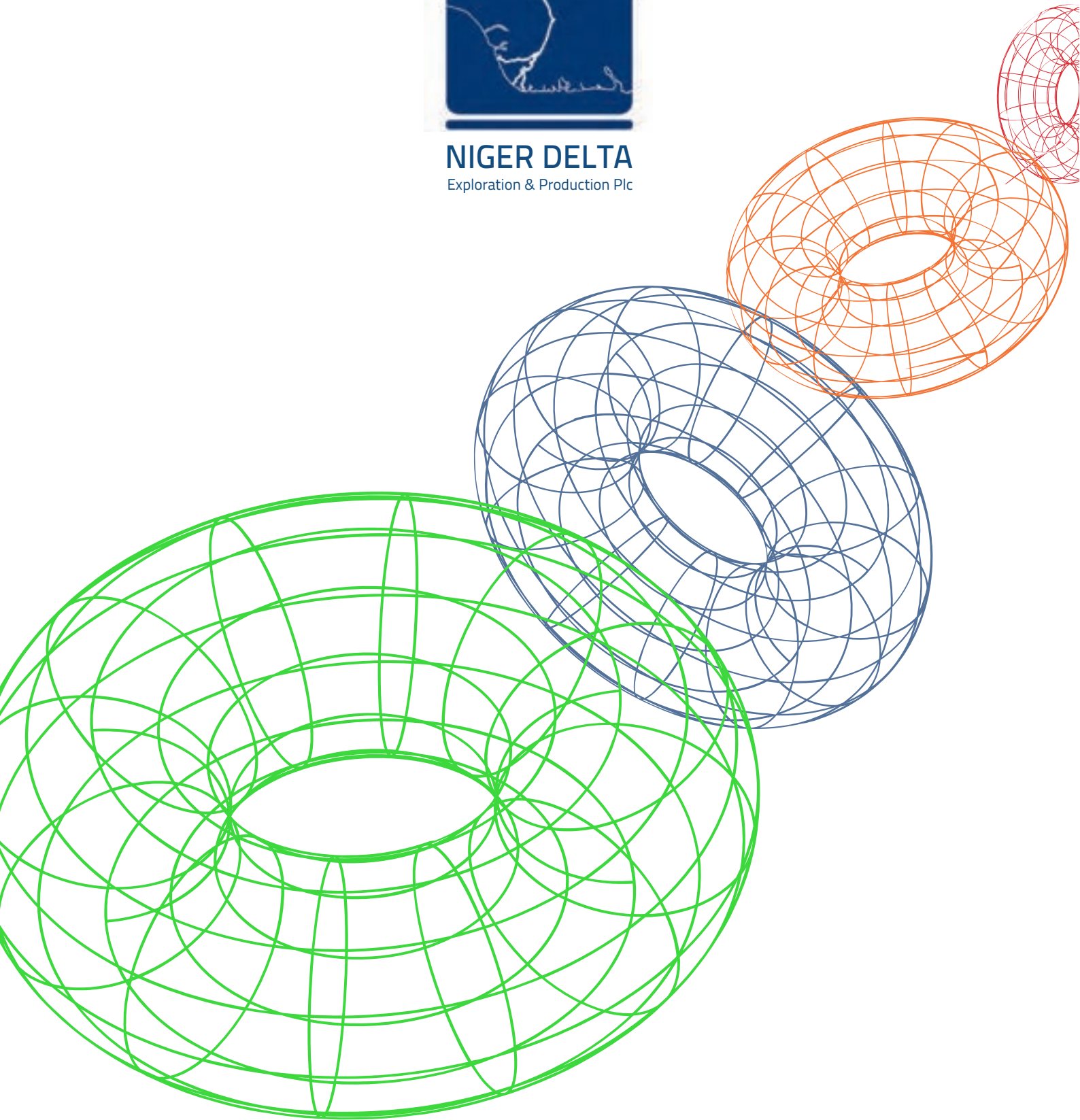




NIGER DELTA
Exploration & Production Plc



INVESTING IN GROWTH

Annual Report & Accounts 2021

CORPORATE INFORMATION

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| DIRECTORS | Mr. Ladi Jadesimi Mr. Adegbite Falade Mr. Adegbola Adesina Mr. Afolabi Oladele Mr. Thierry Georger Mr. Osten Olorunsola Mr. Ede Osayande Mr. Gbenga Adetoro | Chairman Managing Director/CEO Chief Financial Officer/Finance Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director |
| COMPANY SECRETARY | Ms. Titilola Omisore | |
| REGISTRATION NUMBER | 191616 | |
| REGISTERED OFFICE | 15 Babatunde Jose Road Victoria Island Lagos Nigeria | |
| AUDITOR | Deloitte & Touche Civic Towers, Ozumba Mbadiwe Avenue Victoria Island, Lagos | |
| PRINCIPAL BANKERS | Guaranty Trust Bank Plc Plot 635 Akin Adesola Street Victoria Island, Lagos | Bank of Industry Limited 23, Marina Street Lagos Island, Lagos |
| | Access Bank Plc Plot7, Block 2 Oniru Private Estate Victoria Island, Lagos | First City Monument Bank Limited 11B Adeola Odeku Street Victoria Island, Lagos |
| | Polaris Bank Limited 3 Akin Adesola Street Victoria Island, Lagos | |
| PRINCIPAL SOLICITORS | Aluko & Oyebode No 1 Muritala Mohammed Drive (Formerly Bank Road) Ikoyi, Lagos | |
| | Akindelano Legal Practitioners 21 Military Road Onikan, Lagos | |

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At a Glance

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COMPANY OVERVIEW

ABOUT NDEP

Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc (“NDEP” or “The Company” or “The Group”) is the first fully integrated indigenous energy company in Nigeria. The Company was incorporated in 1992 as Midas Drilling Fund and assumed its current name in 1996. NDEP was founded with the premise of giving all Nigerians access to the oil and gas sector, with a vision of a truly indigenous public oil Company.

NDEP acquired beneficial interests in the Ogbele Marginal Field (“Ogbele”) in Oil Mining Lease (“OML”) 54 and pioneered the first negotiated Marginal Field Farm Out Agreement.

From these beginnings, NDEP has grown to a fully integrated energy Group, with interest in multiple oil and gas assets, and its business spanning the upstream, midstream, and downstream value chain of the oil and gas industry.

NDEP, through its upstream subsidiary, Niger Delta Petroleum Resources (NDPR), has invested heavily in infrastructures to harness the full potentials of the Ogbele asset. The Ogbele Gas Processing Plant was

built by NDPR to enable the Company develop and monetise its gas resources in the Ogbele Field, as well as contribute to gas supply for domestic purposes. The Group is committed to minimising its carbon footprint and has successfully eliminated routine gas flaring at its Ogbele Facility since 2012, when its 100MMscf/d Gas Processing Plant was commissioned.

Through its 11,000bbls/d Refinery, the Company has increased domestic refining capacity to meet local demand for refined products by supplying Automotive Gas Oil (AGO), Marine Diesel Oil (MDO), Heavy Fuel Oil (HFO), Dual Purpose Kerosene (DPK), Naphtha and ultimately, Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) and gasoline (PMS). The Group has a robust Community Relations policy which recognises that its host communities are vested partners in its core businesses. To date, the Company has logged over 16 years of uninterrupted production and has maintained an excellent Health, Safety, and Environment (HSE) Record.

NDEP is a public Company, with over a thousand shareholders and has consistently paid dividends for 15 years.

OUR VISION

To be the leading energy Company in Africa providing solutions in a sustainable way.

OUR CORE VALUES

ACCOUNTABILITY we take responsibility to accomplish our work, on-time, with the highest level possible

INTEGRITY we build trust through responsible actions and honest relationships

RESPECT we value everyone and treat people with dignity and professionalism

INNOVATION we tackle challenges by looking beyond the obvious, experimenting and stimulating creativity

TEAMWORK we achieve more when we collaborate and all work together

OUR BUSINESS | ASSETS

Ogbele

OVERVIEW

Located in Rivers State, Ogbele is NDEP’s flagship upstream asset.

The Company acquired the Ogbele Marginal Field, situated within the old OML 54, in 2000 from the NNPC/Chevron JV. It was the first ever Marginal Oil Field Farm Out Agreement to be negotiated in Nigeria, between a multinational/NNPC JV and a Nigerian Independent Company.

PRODUCTION

Oil production commenced in November 2005 and since then, the field has developed into a fully integrated oil and gas producing asset, comprising a crude oil processing facility with a 20,000bbls/d capacity flow station, a 100MMcf/d capacity gas processing plant and a modular refinery, which will shortly certify its increased expansion to 11,000bbls/d, from 6,000bbls/d.



STATUS AND OUTLOOK

In addition to the discovery well, 10 producing oil and gas wells have been drilled and completed within the Ogbele Field, with more planned for the immediate future.

The Ogbele field is the only non-JV gas supplier into the Bonny Nigerian Liquefied Natural Gas (NLNG).

OML 34

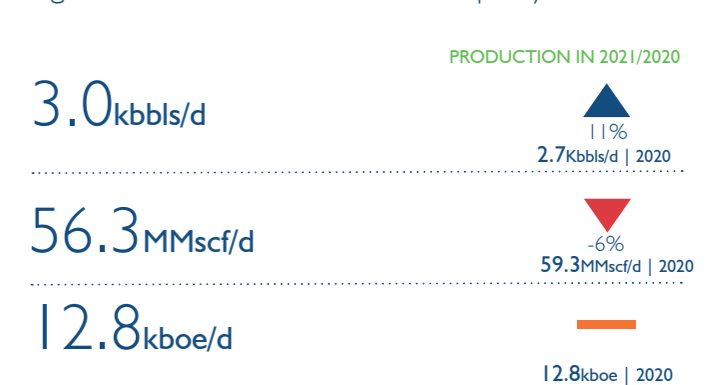
OVERVIEW

In 2012, the Company, along with three other partners (Petrolin Trading Limited, First Exploration and Production Development OML 34 Limited, and Walter-Smith Exploration and Production Limited), through a special purpose vehicle (ND Western Limited), completed the acquisition of the 45% interests of the Shell/Total/Agip JV in OML 34.

OML 34 is in the Western Niger Delta and covers an area of some 950 square kilometres. The producing fields within the assets are Utorogu, Ughelli East, and Ughelli West, with a total flow station processing capacity of 100mbp/d.

PRODUCTION

OML 34 has three gas processing plants: two in Utorogu Field (NAG-1 and NAG-2) with 360 and 150MMScf/d capacity respectively, and the third in Ughelli East Field with 90MMScf/d capacity.



STATUS AND OUTLOOK

Due to its high gas reserves, OML 34 is of national importance for domestic gas supply. The asset also supplies gas into the West African Gas Pipeline (WAGP) to neighbouring countries of Benin, Togo and Ghana.

| ASSETS (CONT.)

Omerelu

OVERVIEW

The Company acquired a 100% stake and operatorship of the Omerelu Field in 2014 from the NNPC/Chevron JV.

The Omerelu Field is located in OML 53 about 42km North-West of Port Harcourt in Rivers State, Nigeria.

STATUS AND OUTLOOK

The License for Omerelu was renewed for 3 years in January 2021.

OPL 227

OVERVIEW

OPL 227 is located 40km offshore Niger Delta and covers an area of 974 square kilometres. The field is bounded to the North by OML 109 and the Ogedeh/Akepo Marginal fields (OML 90), to the East by OPL 282, to the West by OML 79, and to the South by OML 88.

STATUS AND OUTLOOK

As part of its mandate to fast track the development of the asset, the Company is leading the review of prior work with a view to embarking on further exploration activities.

The License for OPL 227 was renewed for 3 years in March 2021.

Ogbele Refinery

OVERVIEW

In 2010, the Company commissioned a 1000bbl/day mini-refinery to primarily serve own and other local demand for refined products.

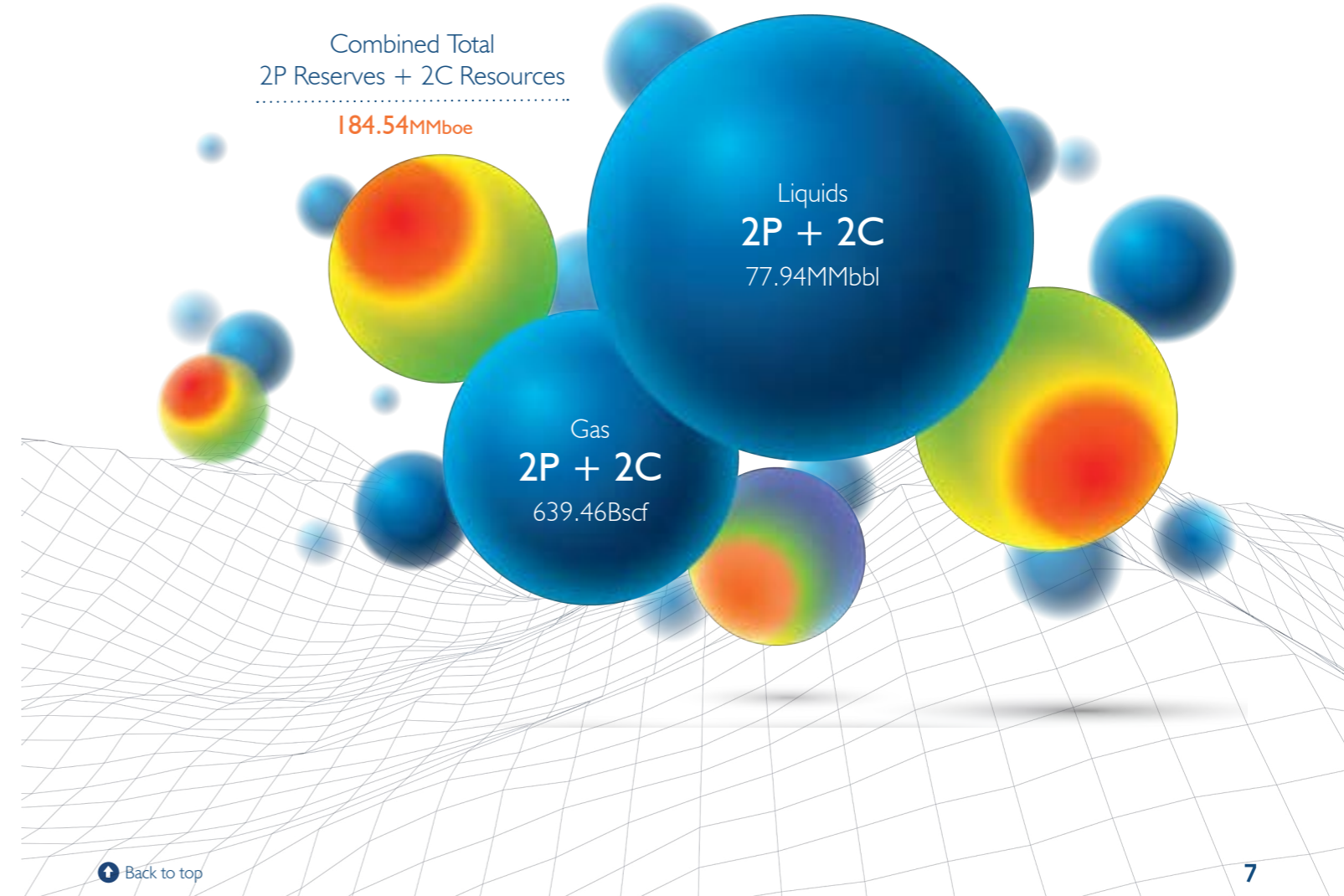
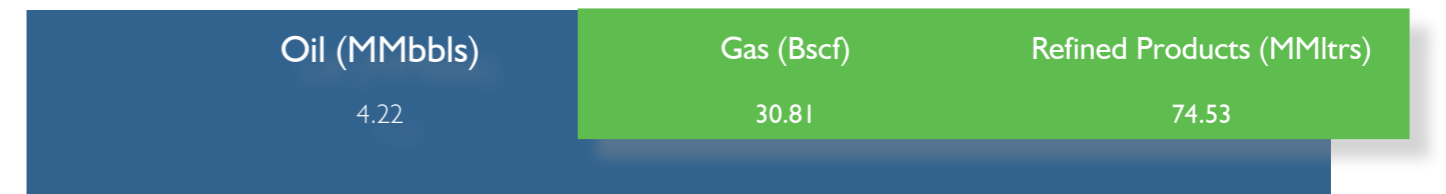
Located within the premises of the Ogbele Field, and operated through ND Refineries Limited, our refinery business has now grown to a three-train 11,000 bbl/d capacity facility that produces Automotive Gas Oil (AGO), Dual Purpose Kerosene (DPK), Marine Diesel Oil (MDO), High-pour Fuel Oil (HFO) and Napththa.

| MMltrs | 2021 | 2020 | % |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| AGO | 16.15 | 21.89 | -26% |
| HFO | 10.90 | 5.99 | 82% |
| NAPHTHA | 22.33 | 4.94 | 352% |
| DPK | 14.92 | 4.66 | 220% |
| MDO | 10.23 | 0.25 | 3,922% |
| TOTAL | 74.53 | 37.73 | |

STATUS AND OUTLOOK

The commissioning of Train III and deepened operational reliability from Trains I and II have been pivotal to the significant output in refinery operations, which have subsequently improved the overall integrated flexibility within our system. The refinery advantage allows us to build resilience in an otherwise volatile operating environment.

PRODUCTION AND RESERVES



FOUNDING FATHERS



(Late) Chief Aret Adams
Multinational Expertise Ltd

Chief Aret Adams joined Shell-BP Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria Limited as a trainee Petroleum Engineer and rose to the position of Senior Petroleum Engineer. He subsequently joined the Nigeria National Oil Corporation, NNOC, in 1974, and in 1977, when the NNOC and the Ministry of Petroleum Resources were merged to create the NNPC, Chief Adams was appointed Manager in the Exploration and Production Division.

In 1988, he was named the first Group Managing Director of the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC). He retired from NNPC in 1990. He served as the Special Adviser on Petroleum Resources to the Nigerian Government in 1998. Chief Adams returned to private business and served as Chairman of Multinational Expertise Limited. He was also the Pioneer Chairman of NDEP Plc.



(Late) Mr Edward Iyamu
Geotrex Systems Ltd

Mr Edward Iyamu started his professional career as a Trainee Seismologist with the Shell-BP Petroleum Limited in 1962. In 1966, he became Party Chief for Shell's Swamp Crew. In 1968, he was appointed Assistant Seismic Supervisor, SPDC Western Division, Warri and thereafter, he moved on to Data Interpretation in Lagos. Between 1972 and 1974, Eddie was posted to Shell Brunei as a Seismic Interpreter and returned to Nigeria in 1975 as Senior Geophysicist.

In 1977, he became a Chief Geophysicist and 3 years later, he was appointed to the position of Exploration Manager. He voluntarily retired in 1983 after 21 years of service. In 1984, together with the late Alex Okoli, he established the pioneer oil and gas consulting company, Geotrex Systems Limited. Geotrex became the instrument that led to the formation of NDEP PLC.



(Late) Chief Alex Okoli
Geotrex Systems Ltd

Chief Alex Okoli worked with Shell in Owerri in 1958-60. In 1964, he graduated from the University of Ghana Legon where he studied Geology after which he joined Shell B.P in Port Harcourt.

In 1966, he attended Imperial College London for his Post Graduate Degree in Geophysics. He was recalled by Shell and relocated to Lagos in 1970.

In 1976, he was posted to Sarawak, Malaysia. He came back to Nigeria in 1979 and retired in 1983 after a meritorious service and with some of his Shell colleagues set up a Consultancy, Geotrex Systems Limited.



(Late) Mr Sammy Olagbaju
Marius Ltd

Mr Sammy Olagbaju held a master's degree in Economics and Political Science (1964) from Trinity College, University of Dublin, Republic of Ireland. He was a corporate consultant, a trained banker and Stockbroker of over thirty-five years, a Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Stockbrokers and an Honorary Senior Member of the Chartered Institute of Bankers.

He served on boards of various companies and charities. He was the Chairman of the former Midas Merchant Bank, which he co-founded. He was also co-founder and Director of NDEP Plc, and Chairman of SPROXIL Nigeria Ltd.



Dr Uduimo Itsueli
The DIL Company

Dr Uduimo Itsueli is a geophysicist with many years of experience starting with Phillips Petroleum, where he rose to become Managing Director in Nigeria. In 1987, he founded Dubri Oil Limited, the country's first indigenous oil producer. Dubri Oil has been involved in a broad spectrum of activities in the Oil and Gas industry and Dr Itsueli chairs its board.

He served on the NDEP Plc Board and retired in 2008. He was a former Group Chairman of NNPC, Midas Bank Plc, and Cadbury Nigeria Plc. He is an Officer of the Order of the Niger (OON).



Chief Davids Richards
Haven Services Ltd

Chief David Richards is a professional banker with over thirty years' experience with Standard Chartered Bank in and around Africa, specialising in industrial development and investment banking. In 1989, he co-founded Midas Merchant Bank as its first Managing Director.

Since 1984, he has specialised in raising venture capital for the manufacturing, mining, and oil and gas sectors. He was NDEP Plc Finance Director for many years until he retired from the board in 2011.



(Late) Mr John Albert Jones
Uwaifor Jones & Associates Ltd

Mr John Albert Jones attended Brown University, USA and had a successful career on Wall Street. He was an innovator and was ambitious for the betterment of Nigeria.

He was involved in many ground-breaking developments that have positively impacted the Nigerian Economy, from marginal oil field development to the privatisation of the power sector. He was a director on the Abuja Electricity Distribution Company (AEDC or Abuja Disco).

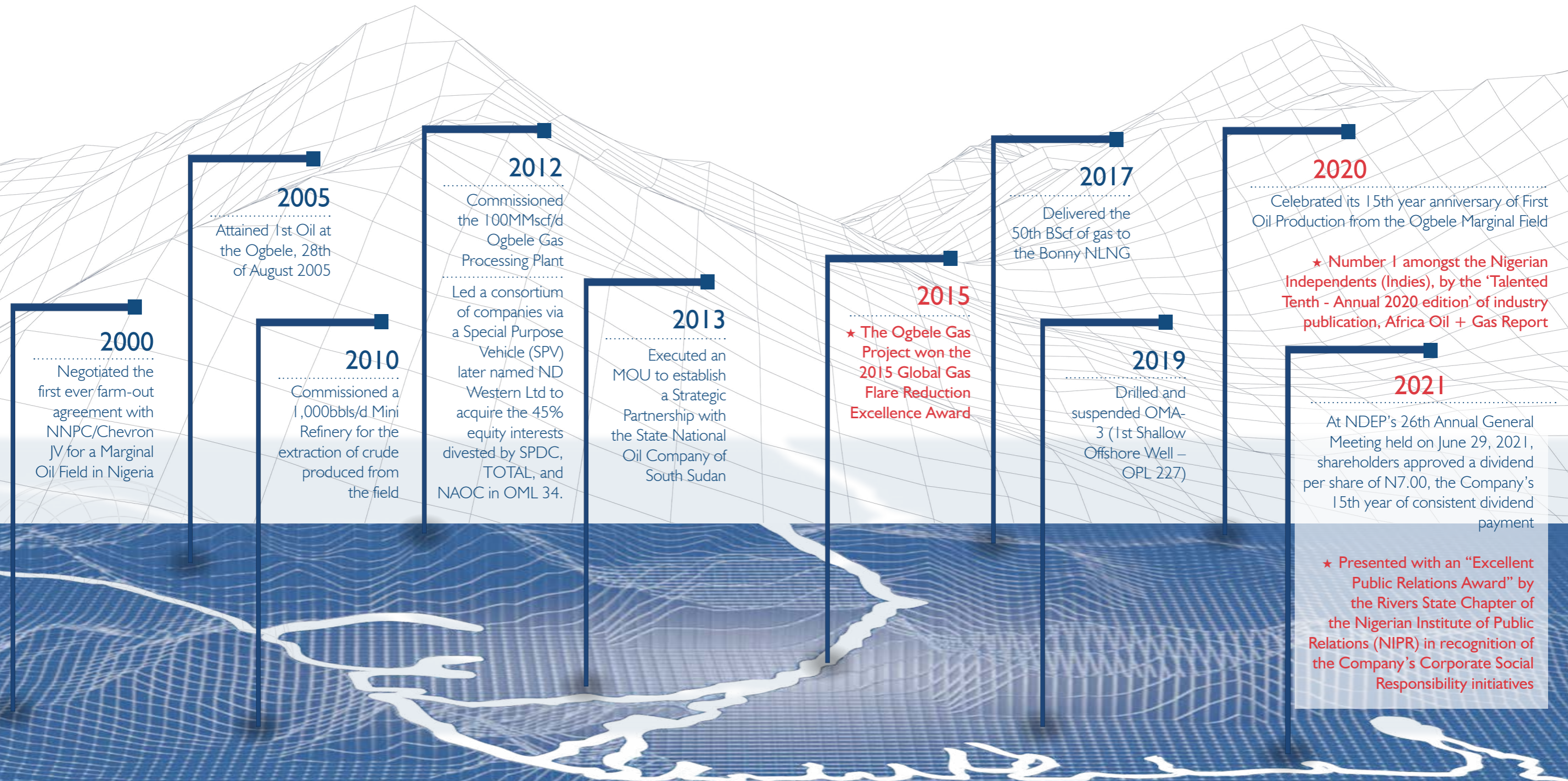


Dr Layi Fatona
Geotrex Systems Ltd

Dr 'Layi Fatona is a Petroleum Geologist with over forty-six years of practice, commencing with a seven-year stint in the Petroleum Engineering, and Exploration and Production Departments at The Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria Ltd (SPDC). He obtained both the Master of Science and Doctorate degrees from the Royal School of Mines at the Imperial College of Science Technology and Medicine, University of London, in 1976 and 1980 respectively.

He is the Chairman of Geotrex Systems Limited, Nigeria's foremost independent exploration and production consultants, which has offered expertise to all the major oil operators in the country. He is a past President and Fellow of the Nigerian Association of Petroleum Explorationists (NAPE) and a Certified Petroleum Geologist of the American Association of Petroleum Geologists (AAPG). A 2010 recipient of the prestigious Aret Adams Award, bestowed by NAPE, Dr Fatona is also a leading authority on the geology of the Niger Delta Oil and Gas Province.

KEY EVENTS, MILESTONES AND AWARDS



FINANCE PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

| | 2021 | | 2020 | |
|-------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | ₦'million | \$'million | ₦'million | \$'million |
| REVENUE | 51,567.66 ▲ | 128.7 ▲ | 32,528.72 | 91.3 |
| GROSS PROFIT | 15,588.87 ▲ | 38.9 ▲ | 13,567.65 | 38.1 |
| OPERATING PROFIT | 12,022.74 ▼ | 29.7 ▼ | 13,240.92 | 33.3 |
| EBITDA | 31,348.17 ▲ | 77.9 ▲ | 22,798.86 | 60.1 |
| OPERATING CASHFLOW | 31,953.29 ▲ | 77.4 ▲ | 24,800.94 | 61.5 |
| PROFIT AFTER TAX | 29,403.02 ▲ | 73.1 ▲ | 16,753.62 | 43.3 |
| CAPITAL EXPENDITURE | 18,966.88 ▼ | 45.9 ▼ | 21,963.74 | 54.4 |
| FREE CASHFLOW | 12,986.42 ▲ | 31.5 ▲ | 2,837.21 | 7.1 |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE | ₦135.35 ▲ | \$0.34 ▲ | ₦77.31 | \$0.20 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 377,433.17 ▲ | 914 ▲ | 302,979.02 | 798.4 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | 291,234.19 ▲ | 704.7 ▲ | 240,331.45 | 633 |
| OPERATING PROFIT MARGIN | 23% ▼ | 23.1% ▼ | 40.7% | 36.5% |
| EBITDA MARGIN | 61% ▼ | 60.5% ▼ | 70.1% | 65.8% |
| RETURN ON ASSETS | 7.8% ▲ | 8.0% ▲ | 5.5% | 5.4% |
| RETURN ON EQUITY | 10.1% ▲ | 10.4% ▲ | 7.0% | 6.8% |

OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

| | Full Year 2021 | | | Full Year 2020 | | |
|--|----------------|---------------|--------|----------------|---------------|--------|
| | Oil (kbbls/d) | Gas (MMscf/d) | kboe/d | Oil (kbbls/d) | Gas (MMscf/d) | kboe/d |
| OGBELE FIELD (100%) | 8.8 | 25.7 | 13.2 | 6.8 | 15 | 9.3 |
| OML 34 ¹ (18.75%) | 3.0 | 56.3 | 12.8 | 2.7 | 59.3 | 12.8 |
| TOTAL ² | 11.8 | 82.0 | 26.0 | 9.5 | 74.3 | 22.1 |
| GAS FLARING (% OF PRODUCED GAS) ³ | | 1.6 | | | 1.1 | |

¹ Equity interest in ND Western Limited
² There may be differences due to rounding
³ Ogbele Field only

HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------|--------|
| TOTAL RECORDABLE CASE FREQUENCY (TRCF) | 0.07 | 0.12 |
| SERIOUS OR DISABLING INJURIES (LTI'S) | 0 | 0 |
| FATALITY | 0 | 0 |
| INTERMEDIATE INJURIES (MTC, RWDC) | 5 | 7 |
| MINOR INJURIES (FAC) | 21 | 21 |
| FIRE | 5 | 0 |
| ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENT | 6 | 0 |
| UNSAFE ACTS & CONDITIONS | 1,498 | 15,130 |
| MAN HOURS (MILLION MAN HRS) | 14.3 | 11.8 |
| OIL SPILL BBL | 0 | 0 |

VALUE CREATION

WHY WE ARE DIFFERENT

We stand out in the industry as being a successful, truly indigenous, fully integrated, non-JV Operator consistently operating and delivering value to its stakeholders through pioneering efforts.

STRATEGIC PILLARS

Increase reserves – Commissioned a Competent Person Report to determine volume of reserves across our assets. Develop and implement a plan to explore and develop the assets.

Increase production – Optimise existing wells and drill new wells to increase production.

Acquire assets – Actively participate in ongoing and new bids to acquire or farm into new assets.

Improve efficiency – Leverage process improvements to increase efficiency in our operations. This will be achieved through conscious and deliberate conformance to standard safety and operating procedures both internally and internationally developed i.e., ISO 14001:2015 Environmental Management Systems.

Innovation – We can envision industry trends and initiate actions to position our organisation to reap the attendant benefits. This is exemplified by our operations and footprints from inception – negotiating and acquiring operatorship of the Ogbale asset, construction and operation of the modular refinery and gas plant, implementation of a Host Community Development Trust Fund, initiation of an alternative crude evacuation plan to ameliorate incessant crude losses experienced on the export line, among others.

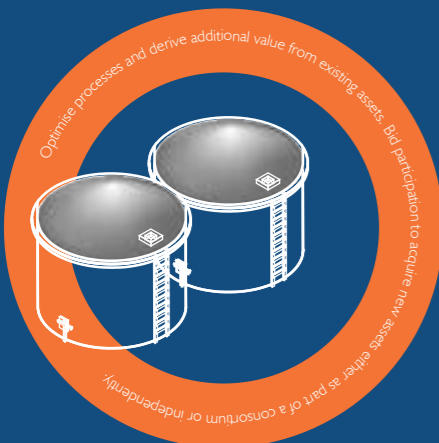
Staff capacity development – The company has embarked on a competency and job evaluation project that will be comprehensive in assessing all

required job functions and related competencies and comparing with the status with a view to identify corporate and individual gaps, proposing solutions to bridging the gaps through various means such as training, job reassignments, remuneration reviews or hiring as appropriate.

Leadership – Leadership capacity development of the Extended Leadership team (Executive team, Function Heads and Managers) through a Leadership Academy recently established to deliberately nurture leaders with the right capabilities, mindset, and attitude through structured engagements.

Optimisation of cost base - Deliver cost optimisation as a strategic platform through efficiency and access to liquidity to ensure the Company has access to cash and near cash instruments to be able to take advantage of the ever-changing landscape which will include the energy transition, divestments, opportunities for acquisitions, and support our organic growth through ongoing projects.

Diversification and integration – Diversify product offerings, serve different markets, and have multiple bases from which we generate our revenue while being involved in the entire value chain of the industry.



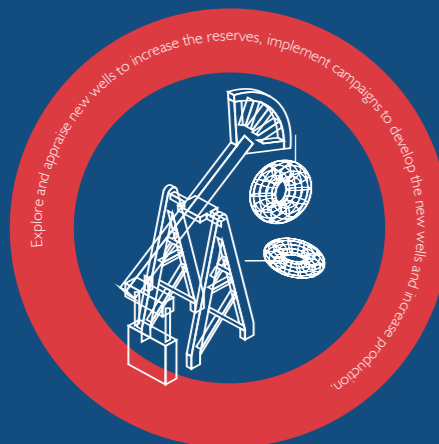
INPUT

Competent workers adequately compensated, trained, and rightly matched to the different work functions

Cordial and mutually beneficial relationships with the regulatory agencies and host communities

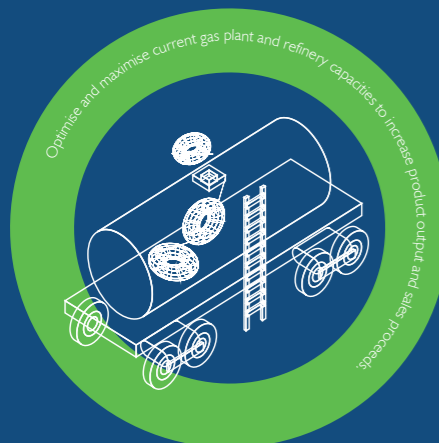
Supplier/vendor management by honouring obligations

Technical partnerships with equipment manufacturers, technology providers, among others



COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

Industry expertise, strong cash generation, low leverage, dynamic/agile portfolio management, strong relationships with host communities, collaborative partnerships, integrated business model, responsible organisation/culture, reputation as a high-quality operator.



OUTPUT

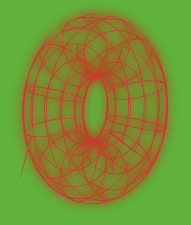
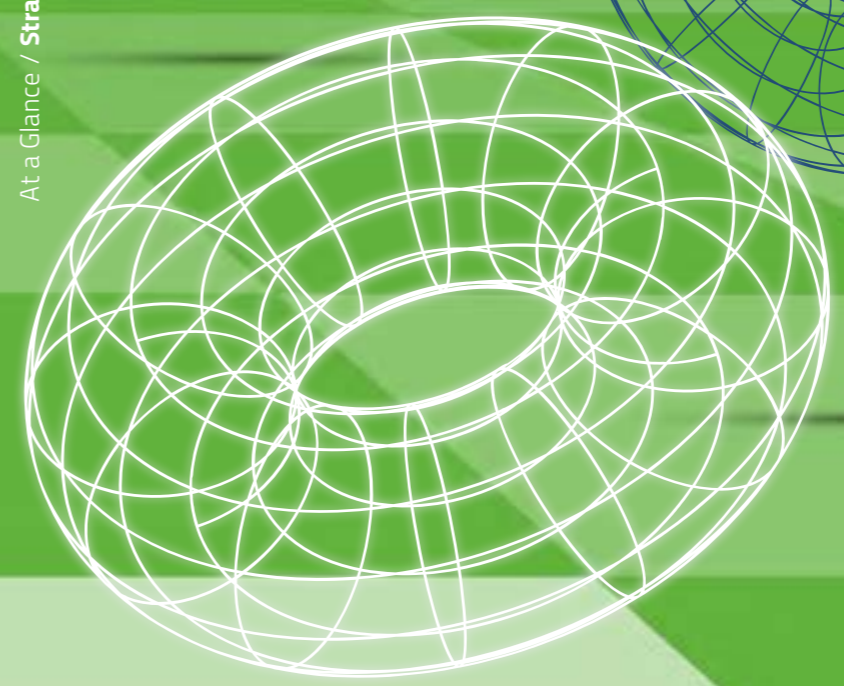
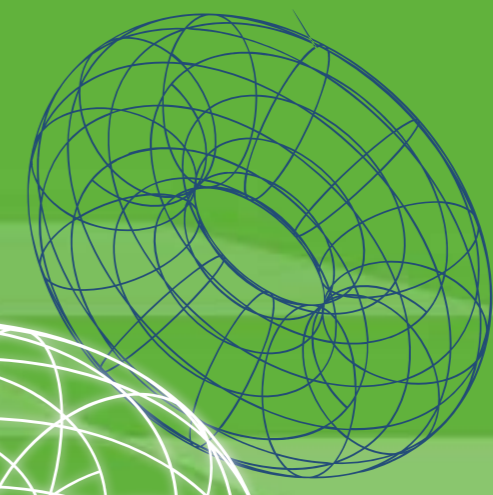
Shareholders
Dividend payments from inception

Government/regulators
Payment to government, Nigeria

Host communities
Social investments

Business partners/suppliers
Cost of Capital Expenditure

Strategic Report



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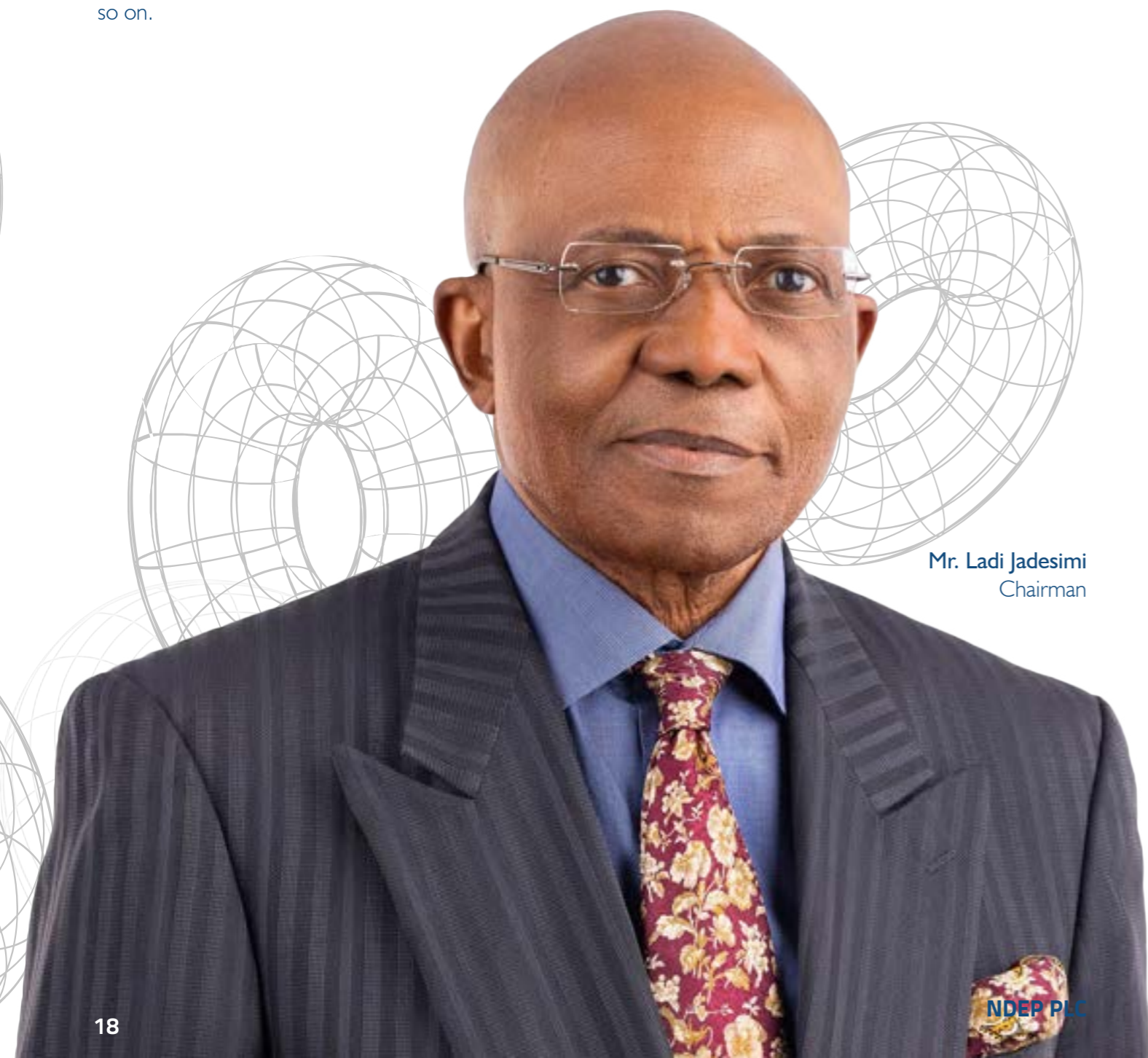
CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

2021 was a phenomenal and transitional year for NDEP. We navigated the essential changes caused by Covid-19 such that we were able to stay in operation despite all the challenges that came with the pandemic. We also recorded many milestones including 16 years of continuous production, with no host community induced outage as well as changes to the management team.

Distinguished Shareholders,

I welcome you to the 27th Annual General meeting of our Company.

At the start of the year, the Nigerian economy was recovering from the pandemic's impact, which promoted economic conditions such as increasing inflation, slow growth, declining production, exchange rate instability, and so on.



Mr. Ladi Jadesimi
Chairman

During the year, the Nigerian economy began to experience some positivity as GDP expanded by 3.9% year-on-year in Q3 2021. Consequently, real GDP growth stood at 3.4% in full year 2021, the strongest growth since 2014 when GDP growth was about 6.3%.

The oil sector's contribution to the Nigerian economy declined to 5.2% at ₦1.1 trillion in Q4 2021, from the 5.9% contribution in 2020. While positive sentiments in the global crude oil market drove oil price to a pre-pandemic level, the gain from the oil price rally, which averaged \$70.5 per barrel in 2021 according to confirmatory data from OPEC, was lost by the continuous decline in domestic crude oil production. In 2021, domestic crude oil production averaged 1.6 million bbls/d, a significant reduction compared to the average pre-pandemic and pandemic levels of 2.0 million bbls/d and 1.9 million bbls/d, respectively.

Global

In 2021, the oil and gas sector recovered well, with oil prices climbing to their highest levels in six years. Total revenues for the oil and gas drilling sector in 2021 came to approximately \$2.1 trillion. Low-interest rates positively impacted the oil and gas industry in most developed countries.

For the most part of 2021, crude oil price trended

upwards. Brent crude oil spot price, which opened the year at US\$50.4 per barrel peaked at US\$85.7 per barrel in October 2021. Prices later fell to US\$71.8 per barrel on December 20, 2021. This represents a year-to-date increase of 42.5%. Higher crude oil demand, following the recovery of economies from the devastating impact of the pandemic and production cuts by oil producing countries, kept prices afloat.

Oil production cuts are falling as OPEC+ countries implement the planned production increase of 400,000bbls/d. The decision to continue the upward adjustment in monthly production was reconfirmed at the 23rd OPEC and Non-OPEC Ministerial Meeting (ONOMM) held in December 2021. The production cut which was 5.8 million in July stood at 3.8 million in December. These cuts will boost global oil supply and could limit the possibility of higher oil prices in 2022.

Nigeria

2021 has been a landmark year for the Nigerian oil and gas industry. With the conclusion of the marginal field bidding rounds, significant divestment processes by the Majors, a renewed focus on gas, and the passage of the Petroleum Industry Act (PIA), the oil and gas industry is prepared to attract the relevant investment needed to reposition the industry.

WE CONTINUE TO STRENGTHEN OUR POLICIES FOR A SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS

+58%
REVENUE IN 2021

Petroleum Industry Act (PIA)

After a long wait, the National Assembly passed the Petroleum Industry Bill (PIB) 2021. The key objective of the bill is to provide legal, governance, regulatory and fiscal framework for the Nigerian petroleum industry, the development of host communities and related matters. The legislation aims for NNPC to

become a commercially oriented, and profit driven national petroleum company independent of the government and audited annually. Furthermore, the bill established two new regulators, the Upstream Regulatory Commission, and the Midstream/Downstream Regulatory Authority.

| CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONT.)

More Oil

The 2020 marginal oilfield bidding round was concluded. This was the first successful bid since 2003 when 24 assets were put on offer. The exercise was carried out in two phases: expression of interest and prequalification phase, and the technical and financial phase.

It is estimated that the development of the marginal fields will yield a production volume of 100 million barrels. According to industry watchers, the first batch of production of crude oil from some of the awarded marginal oilfields is expected sometime in 2022. This estimated production, coupled with the rebound in global oil prices, is projected to add about US\$7 billion (₦3 trillion) in revenue to Nigeria's economy.

Oil Production

In 2021, Nigeria was not able to meet its OPEC production quota. The average daily production during the first 9 months was 1.3 million barrels per day. The major reasons were significant crude production losses in onshore and shallow water regions and technical issues in restarting reservoirs that have been shut in because of pipeline attacks.

Natural Gas

It was in 2020 that Nigeria began to take gas as a critical resource, announcing the increase of the country's proven reserves by over 3 Trillion Standard Cubic Feet (TSCF). After a relatively successful "Year of Gas" as announced by the Federal Government in 2020, it went further in 2021 to declare the Decade of Gas, which would result in the country being a major producer and exporter of the natural resource by 2030.

Energy Transition

Nigeria is pursuing energy transition to promote economic growth, and is gradually investing in renewable energies, primarily solar, in order to

reduce carbon emissions whilst continuing to exploit hydrocarbon resources, especially natural gas – the energy transition fuel for Nigeria.

Divestment

2021 witnessed the divestment of major oil players in Nigeria. Shell, Chevron, and ExxonMobil cut down on their investments and production capacities. As oil majors unveiled their divestment plans in Nigeria, in line with the energy transition agenda, the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC), listed conditions for their exit plans to be granted.

According to the NNPC, special attention would be paid to abandonment and relinquishment costs; severance of operator staff; third party contract liabilities; competence of the buyer; post-purchase technical, operational, and financial capabilities especially in the era of activist investor's sentiments against the funding of fossil fuel projects, and alignment with Nigeria's national strategic interest.

NDEP YEAR IN REVIEW

2021 was a phenomenal and transitional year for NDEP. We navigated the essential changes caused by Covid-19 such that we were able to stay in operation despite all the challenges that came with the pandemic. We also recorded many milestones including 16 years of continuous production, with no host community induced outage as well as changes to the management team.

Production grew significantly across all products – crude oil, gas, and refined petroleum products. Our investment in two additional plants of 5,000 bbls/d each in 2021 – Train II and Train III have begun to yield results. Train II was formally commissioned, bringing total refining capacity to 6,000 bbls/d. We have received approval to run hydrocarbon through Train III; it is still going through optimisation and the process of receiving the licence to operate. In total, the refineries operated at 13.45% average annual utilisation capacity, and we

continue to maximise their capacity for optimal value, even as demand for our products have exceeded what we currently produce. We are working assiduously towards bringing all trains to full production levels across our various products.

Through our opportunity realisation process, we continue to identify opportunities for our business development and growth; and make the right decisions that will help us achieve our goals. To achieve this, we have set for ourselves a target in 2022 to increase gross oil and gas production beyond 2021 levels and have received approval from the Nigerian Content Development and Monitoring Board (NCDMB) to proceed with the drilling strategy we have proposed to them. We hope that we can achieve this goal in 2022. In addition to the above we are exploring strategic shifts into renewables and power in line with the global energy transition and have taken steps to determine technical and commercial feasibility of initiatives that will propel us forward in our bid to achieve this.

Our financial performance was impressive with a recorded revenue of ₦51.6 billion, up by 58.5% (2020: ₦32.5 billion) and gross profit of ₦15.6 billion (2020: ₦13.6 billion) as a result of increased capacity and sales across all our product segments. Profit after tax was ₦29.4 billion up by 75.1% (2020: ₦16.8 billion) partly driven by the ₦9.8 billion share of profit of our investment in ND Western Limited. The Company closed the year with a strong asset base of ₦377.4 billion (2020: ₦303.0 billion) and has proposed a dividend of ₦20 per share (2020: ₦7 per share).

Cash and its equivalents grew significantly to ₦12.8 billion (2020: ₦5.1 billion) with cash generated from operating activities being ₦32.0 billion (2020: ₦24.8 billion) and ₦15.3 billion invested for the growth of the business. ₦11.9 billion was used in financing activities (2020: ₦8.7 billion). The Company also obtained a \$10million facility from the Bank of Industry, in February 2021 for general business activities.

Corporate Governance

Corporate governance is important to us at NDEP. We remain focused on strengthening our policies for a sustainable business, through several ongoing activities. We engaged external consultants to perform a board appraisal and governance evaluation, utilising the results and feedback provided to improve how the board can better serve your Company. In addition, we are developing policies to further augment and guide our operations and processes for accountability, transparency, and to further enhance our capital markets positioning.

With a view to further enhancing effectiveness and sharpening our focus, we constituted the Executive Committee ("Exco") as a sub-committee of the Board in 2021 and, following strengthening of the senior management team, we have operationalised it in 2022. The Business Continuity Meetings, which had hitherto performed some of the functions of a substantive Exco, where business strategy, operational performance, issues as well as solutions are discussed, has been repositioned to focus on more operational matters and meet less frequently than it used to.

As part of our efforts to continually reposition for effectiveness and efficiency, the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee constituted boards for the subsidiary companies to oversee their operations and optimise their strategy and growth. Ultimately, with the anticipated growth of these businesses, we aim to have substantive CEOs for each of the subsidiary companies.

Given the value of our investments in ND Western Limited, Consolidated Hallmark Insurance Plc, and Petrodata Management Services Limited, we are entitled to nominee directorships. In 2022, we expanded the nominee directorship opportunity to include members of the executive management team and expand their involvement in the strategic administration of running the Group's business.

| CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONT.)

The Company significantly strengthened its executive management team over the past year.

Mr Adegbite Falade

Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer

Mr Falade is a First Class (B.Sc) graduate of Electrical and Electronics Engineering from the University of Ibadan. He also holds an MBA from Warwick Business School, Coventry, in the United Kingdom.

Mr. Falade has in the past 14 years served in various Senior Executive positions in the Oil and Gas, Power, and Services sectors. Previous roles include Managing Director and Group Chief Operating Officer at Oilserv Group of Companies; General Manager, Portfolio Development and Chief Operating Officer at Oando Energy Resources; Executive Director, Oando Gas and Power; and Petroleum Economics Discipline and Portfolio Lead, Shell EP, Africa.

Mr Falade was appointed to the Board of NDEP as an Executive Director in April 2021.

Mr Adegbola Adesina

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Adesina is a First-Class honours Bachelor's Degree holder from the University of Lagos and also holds an Executive MBA from the INSEAD Business School. He is an Associate of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN) and is a CFA Charter Holder. He has over 18 years of work experience spanning Investment Banking, Financial Transaction Advisory, Audit, Project, and Management Accounting over a diverse range of businesses including private equity, energy and infrastructure, oilfield services, banking, and manufacturing. Previous roles include Chief Finance Officer at Greenville Oil and Gas as well as Head of Corporate Finance and Development at Newcross Exploration and Production Limited.

Mr Adesina was appointed to the Board of NDEP as an Executive Director in June 2021.

Mr Temitayo Ogunbanjo

GM Refinery

Mr Ogunbanjo, the General Manager, Refinery, has over 20 years of experience in the downstream sector with core competencies in General Management, Strategy and Execution, as well as Operations and Supply Chain. He has served in various capacities such as Managing Director, Integrated Oil and Gas Limited, Chief Marketing Officer, Oando Supply and Trading and Head, Energy Investments, Ocean and Oil Holdings.

He holds an MBA from the Cardiff Business School, as well as a Bachelor's degree in Economics from the Obafemi Awolowo University. He attended the Senior Executive Program at Harvard Business School. He is a professional member of the Institute of Directors (IOD) Nigeria, Nigeria Economic Summit Group (NESG) and the Energy Institute UK. Mr Ogunbanjo joined NDEP in September 2021.

Dr Ebenezer Ageh

Chief Technical Officer

Dr. Ageh has over 27 years' experience in the oil and gas sector in technical, managerial, and senior executive positions with international and independent oil companies in Africa, Europe, and the United States.

In the last 10 years, Dr. Ageh has served in various Senior Executive positions in the industry with responsibilities for providing the leadership and strategic vision necessary to achieve operational excellence, cost efficiency and asset integrity.

Dr. Ageh holds a Master's degree in Chemical Engineering and a Ph.D. in Leadership from the Dallas Baptist University, Texas USA. He is a COREN Registered Engineer and a professional member of the Society of Petroleum Engineers as well as a member of the Nigerian Society of Chemical Engineers. He is also a Shell certified Smart field global consultant and a LEAN practitioner. Dr Ageh joined NDEP in September 2021.

Mr Olarewaju Daramola

GM Commercial

Mr Daramola has 30 years of extensive international Oil and Gas work experience in Nigeria, Australia, and the Netherlands, in senior roles within Operated and Non-Operated Joint Ventures. He has vast expertise, leadership, and hands-on managerial expertise across Commercial (Operated Assets, Opportunity Maturation, Contracts/Agreements, Acquisition and Divestment Deals), Government Relations, Information Management and Technology. Prior to his appointment at NDEP, Mr. Daramola served as the Gas Planning and Optimization Manager for Shell Nigeria.

While at Shell, Mr. Daramola was responsible for the country gas strategy development and implementation, business planning, and gas advocacy. He also served as the Non-Operated Venture Manager, where he oversaw the governance of non-operated ventures, marginal fields management, divestment transactions, and commercial agreements. Mr. Daramola holds a First-Class Bachelor's degree in Computer Engineering from Obafemi Awolowo University. He also holds a master's degree in Computer Science from the University of Lagos and an MBA from Rushmore University (Online)

Mr Daramola joined NDEP in November 2021.

Environmental Sustainability

In terms of the environmental impact of our operations, operating safely with minimal to zero impact on our environment remains our focus. In pursuit of this, we recently, in 2022, obtained the ISO 14001 certification which helps us improve environmental performance and create a standardised approach to managing the business with an environmentally friendly, and sustainable focus. Technically we want to maintain the goals of no spill, no health impact through our operations. We are not involved in routine flaring of gas and are exploring technologies that will help us

to eliminate technical flaring and promote an overall positive environmental impact.

We continue to monitor internally and provide all the feedback and submissions required by the regulators to ensure that we follow all their regulations and set standards.

Social Impact

Our host communities are very important to us, and we recognise their impact in our success. This is underscored by your Company having 16 years of uninterrupted production – reflective of the effectiveness of our community engagement plans and processes. Therefore, we continue to implement Initiatives to promote local capacity building and enhance the quality of life for our host communities through the implementation of education and community development programmes, skills training, educational scholarships/grants, and the development of local infrastructure. Your Company made charitable contributions amounting to ₦102million during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: ₦126million).

Outlook

In 2022, our focus is on increasing resilience, revenue diversification, operational cost efficiency, and strengthening financial flexibility with a view to enhancing stakeholder value generation. Our immediate priority in the upstream business is value protection by finding an alternative means of exporting the crude we produce through alternative crude evacuation. We want to optimise value by optimising our total refining capacity, from the addition of Trains II and III, to 11,000 bbls/d. Based on studies, we have the potential to grow our gas and are working toward increasing production and sales as well as considering investment options further downstream the gas value chain.

A critical focus area for us is our People Agenda, to ensure that we appropriately resource the right people in the right positions. We are committed to the continued

| CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONT.)

upskilling and capacity development of our people. We take pride in operating safely as a Company and being responsible to our communities. We want to continue to do more for our community and make sure we have a stable operating environment.

on the board, the management team, and staff across the business for all their support, commitment, and hard work during the year. We look forward to even more exciting times for the business.

Conclusion

Finally, I would like to thank all our stakeholders amongst whom are our shareholders, my colleagues

CEO'S Q&A

Question: What was the operating environment like in 2021 and how did you navigate peculiar challenges?

Answer: The local operating environment was quite challenging for the entire industry. 2021 witnessed increasing levels of production losses due to theft and vandalism. The rate of crude loss started at about 28% and peaked at about 90% in December, establishing a year average crude loss of 49% (2020: 15%). Despite this existential challenge, your Company was able to effectively navigate the terrain and deliver a much improved operational and financial performance at the end of the year.

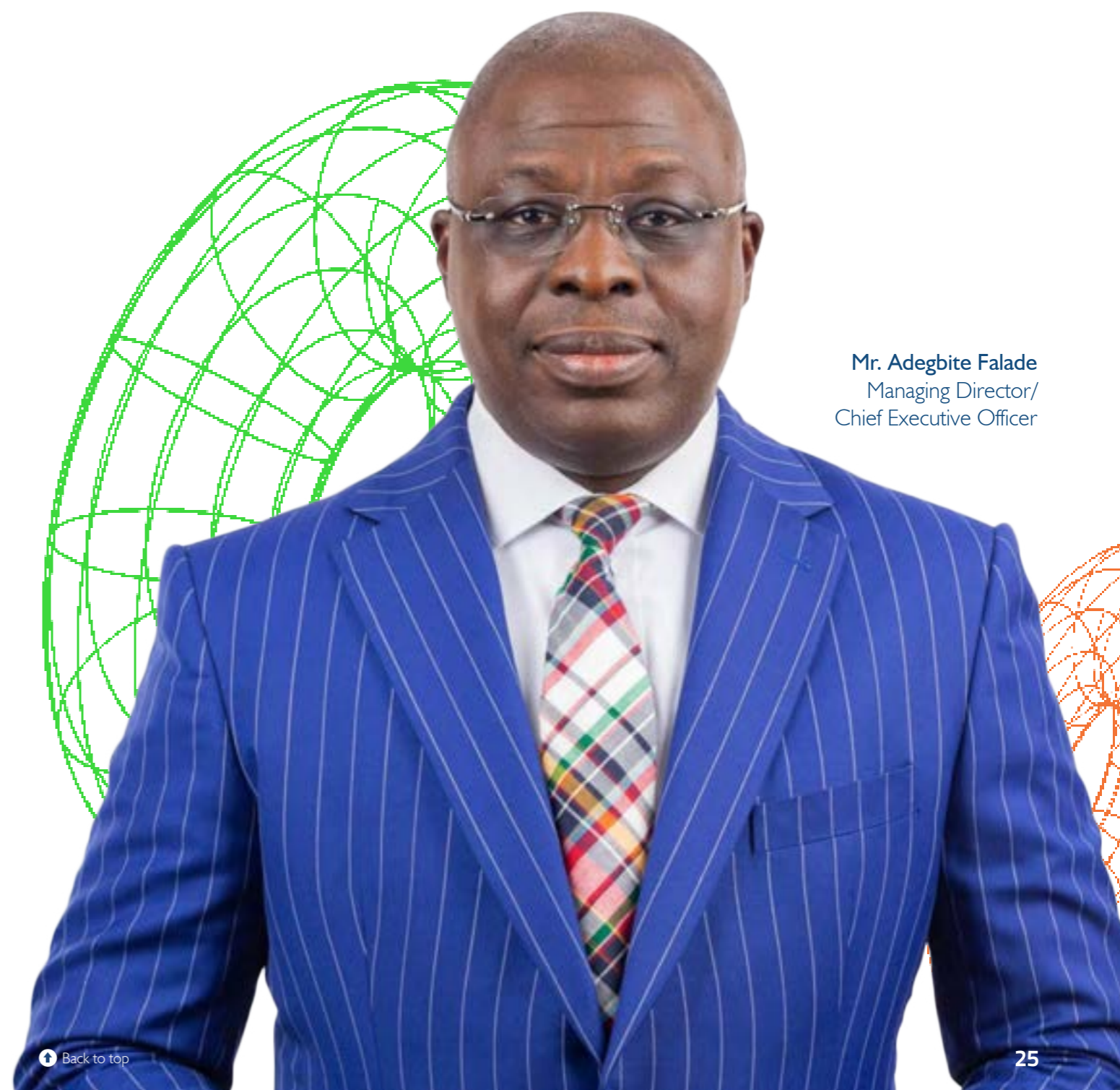
We were able to achieve this by accelerating the progression of our 11,000bbls/d modular refinery, and cutting back on upstream production in order to curtail the loss levels and preserve our oil reserves. We continued our commissioning of the refinery Train III and deepened operational reliability in order to improve our overall integrated flexibility in the system. This will be advantageous in building resilience and robustness such that our ability to create value sustainably under adverse operational situations and during wide-ranging, and volatile oil price scenarios remains solid.

Other key events within the industry included the signing of the Petroleum Industry Bill – now the Petroleum Industry Act (PIA) – which is expected to make the oil and gas sector more attractive to investors. The Company is well positioned to benefit from the positive impacts the PIA will have on the operations and investment environments, and we have already started taking steps to meet necessary regulatory requirements.

At the COP26 summit in Glasgow, institutions pledged to foster cleaner energy and shy away from investments in oil, although citing gas as the transitional fuel for the future. International Oil Companies (IOCs) have consequently reduced their investments and production capacities for fossil fuels. Guided by the energy transition agenda, these IOCs have unveiled their divestment plans for their oil and gas assets in Nigeria. It is envisaged that this will impact the ability of the industry in Nigeria to attract funding for upcoming projects and, at the same time, bring to fore the competence of indigenous operators such as ourselves, in acquiring and managing the divested assets.

WE HAVE SET BOLD TARGETS FOR OURSELVES ACROSS OPERATIONS, PERFORMANCE, AND HUMAN CAPITAL

At the end of the year, we achieved improvement in production performance for crude oil (+30% y-o-y), gas (+70% y-o-y), and refined products (+98% y-o-y), all the while operating safely (zero Lost Time to Injury or fatalities)



Mr. Adebite Falade
Managing Director/
Chief Executive Officer

| CEO's Q&A (CONT.)

Question: How would you describe the relevance of oil today in a world experiencing growing climate awareness?

Answer: Oil remains relevant to most developing countries and there are varying definitions and interpretations regarding energy transition for different nations. In the long-term, when we consider policy initiatives that advocate for decarbonisation, the decline in demand for Africa's oil is projected. However, our outlook for the relevance of oil in the mid- and long-term remains optimistic; based on the robustness of global long-term dependence on fossil fuels for a wide range of applications including transportation, electricity generation, heating, and feedstock, to massive demand from gas-based industries, etc.

Gas remains critical, even to those countries committed to net zero emissions, and will see healthy demand growth under the European Clean Hydrogen Alliance to secure 40 gigawatts of hydrogen imports from non-EU countries.

Question: You took leadership at NDEP at a time when most businesses were coming out of a pandemic. What were your key achievements in 2021?

Answer: In 2021, the regional problem of crude loss was three times more than what we experienced in 2020. When I came on board, we defined a few performance metrics for the purpose of deepening shareholder value creation. One of the major metrics was production performance across our operations. At the end of the year, we achieved improvement in production performance for crude oil (+30% y-o-y), gas (+70% y-o-y), and refined products (+98% y-o-y), all the while operating safely (zero Lost Time to Injury or fatalities). We achieved this in a working environment that was severely constrained with stringent conditions for adherence to Covid-19 protocols. We attained the highest daily production in both crude oil and gas in the history of NDEP, in November 2021.

Even though we injected less volumes of export crude

(compared to 2020) into the point of sale, our revenue grew significantly by 58.5% to N51.6 billion as a result of increase in revenue from crude oil, diesel, gas revenue, and additional refined production from Train III which boosted revenue from refinery products in Diesel (AGO), Heavy Fuel Oil (HFO), Naphtha, Dual Purpose Kerosene (DPK), and Marine Diesel Oil (MDO).

We also recorded noteworthy growth in our Gross Profit (+14.9%), Profit Before Tax (+20.5%), Profit After Tax (+75.1%) and Total Assets (+24.6%). This was a significant achievement, given the upstream production losses experienced during the year.

Question: Can you please tell us a bit more about your asset portfolio?

Answer: We have operations in Upstream Exploration and Production, Midstream Gas Processing, and Midstream/Downstream Oil Refining.

For exploration and production, we have proved reserves and prospective resources that have been identified in Ogebe (old OML 54; operated) and in OML 34 (non-operated); and prospective resources in the Omerelu (OML 53) Farm Out Areas, and OPL 227.

Our OMLs 53 and 54 are located in Rivers State. We acquired a 100% stake and operatorship of the Omerelu Field (in OML 53) in 2014 from the NNPC/Chevron (JV). The discovered best estimate of Omerelu's Original Hydrocarbons-In-Place (OHIP) is 12MMbbls of oil and 57.6BScf of gas which, upon further development, will augment our booked reserves and future (short to medium term) production output.

The Ogebe Field (OML 54) is our flagship asset. Acquired in 2000, It was the first ever Marginal Oil Field Farm Out Agreement to be negotiated in Nigeria between a Multinational /NNPC JV and a Nigerian Independent Company. Oil production commenced in November 2005 and, since then, the field has developed into a fully integrated oil and gas producing

asset, comprising a crude oil processing facility with a 20,000bbls/d capacity flow station, a 100MMScf/d capacity gas processing plant and an 11,000bbls/d modular refinery operations (from an initial 1,000bbls/day mini refinery). Current 2P reserves are 16.7MMbbls and 86BScf, with additional 2C resources of 6.4MMbbls and 76.6BScf.

In 2012, alongside other investors, we completed the acquisition of the 45% interests of the Shell/Total/Agip JV in OML 34 via a special purpose vehicle known as ND Western Limited. OML 34 is in the Western Niger Delta and covers an area of about 950 square kilometres. The producing fields within the asset are Utorogu, Ughelli East, and Ughelli West, with a total flow station processing capacity of 90Mbpd. The asset has three gas processing plants: two in Utorogu Field (NAG-1 and NAG-2) with 360MMScf/d and 150MMScf capacity respectively, and the third in Ughelli East Field with 90MMScf/d capacity. Due to its high gas reserves, OML 34 is of national importance for domestic gas supply, and supplies gas into the West African Gas Pipeline (WAGP) for delivery to neighbouring countries of Benin, Togo, and Ghana. NDEP (through its subsidiary, NDPR) is the largest shareholder in ND Western.

Our OPL 227 is located 40km offshore Niger Delta and covers an area of 974 square kilometres. The field is bounded to the North by OML 109 and the Ogedeh/Akepo Marginal fields (OML 90), to the East by OPL 282, to the West by OML 79, and to the South by OML 88. Discovered best estimate OHIP for the Abara and Oma Fields are a combined 42.4MMbbls and 232BScf, with additional exploration upsides.

We formed a JV with Nile Petroleum Corporation, the South Sudan national petroleum company. The JV is known as Nile Delta Petroleum Company (South Sudan) Limited. We currently provide oilfield services within South Sudan and consultancy services to the government. Our long-term ambition remains the pursuit of gas commercialisation opportunities, and upstream asset development. We believe this has significant potential for the Company from a

diversification and opportunity perspective.

Question: What initiatives can we expect in 2022 as you build on previous years' success?

Answer: To solve a key challenge we experienced in 2021, our first priority in 2022 is to significantly reduce the impact of piped crude losses within the first half of the year through an alternative crude evacuation system. In the second half of the year, we will pursue a consolidation on our existing operational performance and grow our reserves base to provide a further cushion for higher production and more revenue. We are progressing on the front-end work and shall be securing necessary regulatory approvals to achieve these growth objectives.

We are taking actions to complete the Refinery Project (commissioning of the PMS module) whilst ensuring that overall availability of the refinery is appreciably higher than what we have hitherto attained.

Last and not least, we have commenced activities to improve human capital development and staff satisfaction by ensuring that our people have an enviable and enjoyable career and progression at NDEP.

Question: What are your strategic growth plans going forward?

Answer: We commenced a Competent Person's Report (CPR) in 2021 to get an independent validation of the reserves that we hold. The CPR will, using standardised benchmarks, enable us properly calibrate the performance and valuation of the reserves. This is important for us because it will drive many aspects of our operations and plans. Going forward, we will have Field Development Plans (FDP) for each of these three assets that we directly operate. The FDP will enable us to pursue a development program to unlock value in the assets.

Considering the ongoing discussions and developments with respect to energy transition, our plan is to

| CEO's Q&A (CONT.)

deliberately grow the share of revenue contribution from gas sales, and refined product sales, without holding back on the revenue contribution coming from crude oil sales. We will be embarking on drilling programmes that are targeted at gas reservoirs: first to increase the level of gas reserve that we have in place, and then to scale up the quantity of gas. We are also exploring downstream gas investment opportunities to expand beyond our current mid-stream operations.

To drive these strategic objectives, we have onboarded senior management staff in key areas that includes, a Chief Finance Officer, a General Manager – Refinery, a Chief Technical Officer, and a General Manager – Commercial.

Inorganically, we remain focused on possible upstream asset acquisitions that offer strategic and complimentary fit to our existing asset footprints.

Question: What would you say are your key competitive advantages as a business?

Answer: NDEP is the first fully integrated energy business in Nigeria because we have oil production, a refinery, and gas production. We have a strong record of operating our assets safely and sustainably with a robust plan to continuously invest in these assets to create more value for our stakeholders. We have strong relationships with our host communities which is evident in our stable and conducive operating environment, as well as a key milestone we achieved in 2021 of over 16 years of uninterrupted production from the Ogbele Field.

In addition, we have a strong and experienced Senior Management team, an engaged Board of Directors with appropriate oversight and commitment to supporting the management team in unlocking value enhancing opportunities. We boast of a governance system that efficiently optimises every aspect of our business. In addition, a key advantage is our human capital. Our people are knowledgeable in their various fields, and we are building on this to ensure upskilling and appropriate succession.

Question: How are your processes evolving to meet standard governance practices?

Answer: We continue to hold ourselves to very high standards.

Having held our first independently run Board evaluation process, we have been addressing the various recommendation(s) from the governance consultants who carried out the evaluation. You may read more about the outcome of this process in the Leadership and Governance Section.

We have strengthened our Tender Board for the purpose of ensuring efficient sourcing, competitiveness, best practices around procurement and contracting, and due diligence. The Tender Board has an oversight function to ensure that the Company's resources are being expended in the most professional and efficient manner. Our internal audit and control process have also been strengthened with a well-defined agenda that continuously improves compliance to ensure that we are doing things transparently and in the long-term interest of the business.

Furthermore, we are optimising our Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system to integrate and manage the business more effectively. This will enable us to use the digital transformation to leverage data from every part of the business as we analyse, model, and present the data to drive our operational and strategic initiatives.

We remain committed to our anonymous whistleblowing hotline administered by a reputable external firm to ensure that people can confidentially and anonymously raise issues, and that such are addressed without fear or favour.

As part of our journey to being a best practice operator, we commissioned a detailed review of our internal processes with respect to establishing and developing our investor relations practice efficiently and effectively.

Once finalised, the recommendations will be implemented, developing appropriate processes and procedures to enable us to improve on our current investor relations programme and practice.

Question: As an integrated Company, how is NDEP thinking about the opportunities of climate change and sustainability?

Answer: As an integrated company, we are keenly engaged in providing alternative energy sources to support the process of energy transition. Nigeria has a robust strategy around utilising gas to achieve universal access to electricity and ensuring that energy is cheaper. Over the past 12 months, we have installed facilities and ancillaries in our fields to reduce gas flares to the barest minimum required for safe operations.

We are focused on increasing the available volume of gas which will come from the Field Development Plans. Part of our drilling programs are targeted at gas reservoirs, first to increase the level of our gas reserve but also to scale up the quantity of gas that we produce and sell.

With gas being the next phase for Nigeria's energy (2020 – 2030 has been declared by the Federal Government as the Decade of Gas), we are very well positioned to support the achievement of the energy goals given that our installed gas processing capacity utilisation is currently at about 50%. Our current and future efforts are geared towards increasing the capacity utilisation of this gas plant.

Once we get our PMS unit commissioned, we shall commence LPG production from our Ogbele facilities with the aim of improving domestic capacity and availability. This will help reduce deforestation as LPG continues to displace the practices in our rural communities of prevalent usage of firewood and charcoal for cooking and heating.

Question: What were your sustainability efforts in 2021? What future initiatives can we expect?

Answer: Our sustainability efforts in 2021 were centred around economic viability, social impact, governance, and environmental impact. Earlier on, I touched on our initiatives to promote positive environmental impact as well as our governance practices. We will continue to operate in a manner that is clean and sustainable for our environment. Governance is a key part of our business, and we intend to strengthen our practices as outlined earlier.

Socially, our efforts are directed at the development of our host communities' education, health, infrastructure, human capital development, and other charitable causes. In 2021, the Company made charitable contributions amounting to ₦102 million. We remain committed to the development of our community by strengthening our relationship and understanding the areas of their needs for our involvement.

Question: How is NDEP addressing human capital development?

Answer: We are intentional in developing our people and transforming them to be experts in their respective areas. Our aspiration is to be the model centre of excellence for oil and gas operations. We shall continue to invest significantly in staff development and capacity building to ensure that at every point in time we have highly skilled and competent staff, who are very motivated to work for us.

Question: Question: How will you define success in 2022?

Answer: For us, success means that we deliver the aspiration of our shareholders which is about superior return on their investments. However, we recognise that we must achieve this responsibly and in a sustainable manner. We will uphold the safety of our people and operations, deliver strong financial performance, and develop the required skills to drive efficiencies. Externally, we will maintain our relationships with regulators, host communities, and other critical stakeholders via optimal compliance and structured engagement as appropriate.

| CEO's Q&A (CONT.)

Success in 2022 for us means that our operational performance when compared to our peers would remain superior as an investment case, both now and in the long-term. We have set bold targets for ourselves across operations, performance, and human capital. Steadily delivering on these targets in 2022 and in the years to come is how we define success.

INDUSTRY REVIEW

Energy Transition and Gas Development

The Federal Government of Nigeria, in recognition of the global energy transition and the abundance of Nigeria's gas resources that remain largely untapped, declared the Decade of Gas on 29 March 2021, to give impetus to accelerating gas development and bringing the ripple effect to the Nigerian economy. In addition, the National Gas Expansion Program, the Autogas Policy and construction of the 614km Ajaokuta-Kano-Kaduna (AKK) pipeline were flagged off. However, the Nigerian oil and gas industry's response has been weakened by the challenging business environment, mainly due to the insecurity in the Niger Delta, which has slowed progress.

Energy Access and Delivery

The opportunity for growth, however, remains strong. Nigeria suffers a significant energy deficit. Power generation of approximately 3,000Mw for a population of c.200 million remains grossly inadequate to meet national demand. A focused effort on revamping the national grid and boosting generation capacity is in progress and provides ample opportunity for NDEP to play a critical role. The anticipated acceleration of government-led initiatives in the power sector and upstream gas supply in the near term will help achieve a sustainable improvement in power generation in Nigeria.

Production Losses

Production losses due to crude theft, vandalism and militancy have now gradually become a feature of the operating environment, adversely impacting stakeholders in the Nigeria oil and gas industry. Through concerted government and private sector cooperation, actions are now being implemented to stem further value erosion due to these losses. For example, from a regulatory standpoint, it is expected that the Host Community component of the PIA can be quickly implemented to reverse the trend. In addition, upstream producers (including NDEP) are seeking alternatives to established crude evacuation routes to protect value as well as deepening relationships with the community and educating them on the environmental impacts of illegal bunkering activities.

International Oil Company (IOC) Divestment

The ongoing divestments in Nigeria by most of the IOCs represents a major shift in the Nigerian oil and gas industry landscape and presents a significant opportunity for indigenous players to replace them as they exit these onshore and shallow water assets. The Company intends to participate in any of these acquisition opportunities, especially with our proven track record of operating responsibly in Nigeria.

Climate Change

The promulgation of Nigeria's 2021 Climate Change Act into law is a testament to Nigeria's resolve to provide leadership in West Africa. Nigeria targets to achieve NetZero in 2050 – 2070. Even though this looks distant, a consistent and concerted effort will be required on the part of government to translate policy into action. The energy deficit in Nigeria continues to sustain deforestation at alarming levels as upwards of 80% of

the aggregate power requirement in Nigeria is provided for by biomass. The Company remains committed to ensuring that it provides localised, sustainable solutions to mitigate the risks of climate change. Significant reduction in flaring is a highlight of our operations and efforts to reduce our energy footprint will continue to be a priority.

HOW WE MANAGE RISK

Overview of risks

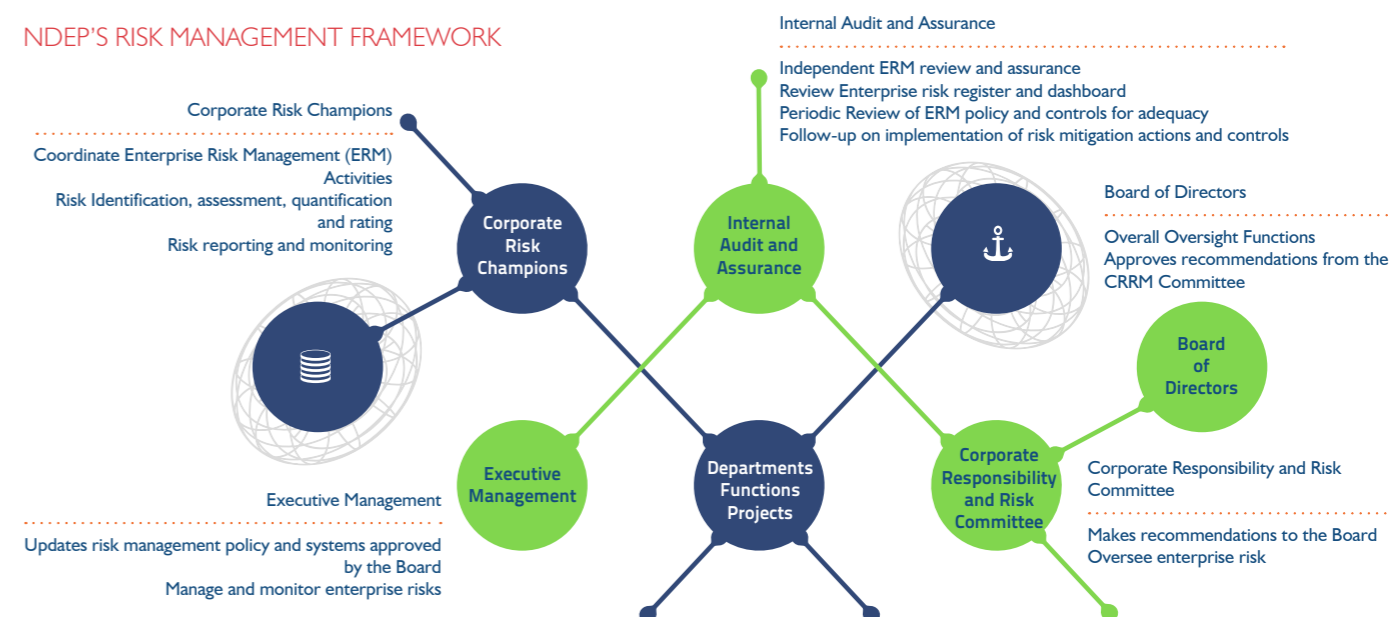
Risk management is woven into the fabric of all business activities in NDEP. The Company's risk management process is collaborative; involving all stakeholders from governance to business execution level, where risk response plans are developed in concert with the stakeholders who understand them and are best able to manage them. NDEP proactively identifies and understands the factors and events that may impact

the achievement of its strategic and business objectives, then effectively manages them through internal controls, monitoring, clear risk documentation and reporting.

Our risk framework

NDEP's risk culture adopted the ISO 31000 - Risk Management's top-down and the bottom-up approach.

NDEP'S RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK



| HOW WE MANAGE RISK (CONT.)

The risk environment in 2021 remained dynamic with varying business challenges despite the gradual exit from the 2020 global crash in crude oil price propelled by Covid-19 pandemic. However, attention was given to formulating analytical frameworks across our operations that took a holistic and systems-based view of risk impact, improving risk communications, responses and strengthening a risk culture that supports organisational resilience. More risk awareness and workshops that foster a more effective means of identifying, mitigating, and monitoring risks were also fully cascaded among NDEP and its subsidiaries.

Generally, risk management is a dynamic process that constantly changes depending on current and expected business environments which will call for a more proactive stance to be effective and to remain on-top of the risks to be managed. As part of our response to the current global experience, an integrated risk-based strategy that is more flexible and capable of adapting more quickly to emerging risks while curtailing the existing risks within the enterprise appetite level is expected to be unveiled across our key risk categories (financial, operational, regulatory/compliance, environmental and social, strategic and technology/cybersecurity).

Approach to risk management

The Company's approach to Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) is informed by the components and principles outlined by the Committee of Sponsoring Organisations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) while the Risk Management System Framework is based on ISO 31000 top-down and bottom-up approach. The NDEP's Board of Directors (BOD) has an oversight function on risk management. The BOD has no limitation to its reach as it relates to its review of the risk management process. The BOD delegates its oversight function to the Corporate Responsibility and Risk Management Committee (CRRMC) of the Board, which oversees the risk management process, ensures strict adherence to the implementation of the ERM Framework and in turn makes seasoned

recommendations to the BOD. The committee meets at least once every quarter to assess and evaluate the Company's corporate risks, the risk indicators, mitigating actions and the residual risk. Where necessary, the committee reviews the contingency plans in place for unavoidable risk.

Executive management holds the overall responsibility for managing day-to-day risks of the Company both in NDEP and in all its subsidiaries. The Managing Director steers a yearly risk workshop to assess the risk outlook of the year and prospect into the immediate future. The workshop houses all tactical and strategic management teams, who are responsible for managing risks within their processes. To further strengthen the NDEP risk culture, all risk owners perform a monthly assessment of risks within their purview and any other interrelated risks. This process is independently reviewed by the Internal Audit unit, which provides assurance that identified risks and mitigating controls are adequate and operating effectively.

Based on the premium placed on risk management, all projects are subjected to an extensive risk assessment process. Project acceptance, approval, and execution are contingent upon their assessed risk levels.

Responding to the changing risk environment

As the global economy continues to change, we recognise the effect of changes across all strata of our business, its direct and indirect impact on the achievement of our corporate goals. 2021 witnessed changes such as price uncertainties, significant crude losses, global pandemic - Covid-19 and its variants, changing regulatory regime, among others. As an adaptable and sustainable business, risk monitoring was formalised and integrated into all levels of operations; hence risk management is everyone's responsibility in NDEP. Additionally, the Internal Audit department performs a joint risk assessment session as part of its periodic process and operation audit. As the world continues to experience volatility, uncertainty and complexity, NDEP strives to manage the tides using best risk management

practices in a prompt and responsible manner within its risk appetite and not jeopardising the interest of its stakeholders.

NDEP, just like its peers in the industry, continues to navigate through more complex business environments ranging from global shift away from funding oil and gas operations to significant crude losses which have forced many operators to produce far below operating capacity.

RISK CATEGORIES "THE NDEP WAY"

NDEP and all its subsidiaries are potentially exposed to different risks, varying from upstream and downstream oil and gas related risk, political, environmental, as well as diverse business-specific risk. The NDEP Enterprise Risk Management Framework identified six (6) categories which are also called the principal risk facing the group. These are namely: financial, operational, regulatory/compliance, environmental and social, strategic and technology/cybersecurity. These risk categories have an internal acronym FOREST. While the list of current and emerging risk is endless, we mapped all identified risk into these broad six categories.

2021 TOP 10 RISKS

| Risk | Behaviour | Mitigation Strategy |
|---|------------|---|
| External Crude Loss: The risk that substantial volume of produced crude is being lost to pipeline sabotage and vandals. | Increasing | Alternative crude evacuation, refinery optimisation and production shut-in. |
| Business Growth and Expansion: This is the risk that the company's strategic direction for growth will either affect its current operation or fail to yield the perceived increase in shareholder's value. | Stable | Board's oversight, expert reviews/ monitoring, and Integration of Frameworks/ Policies to enhance value assurance. |
| Insecurity of the Operating Environment: This includes the risk of uncertainties due to the insecurities around the operational areas such as communal clashes and civil unrest, bunkering activities, kidnapping, intentional damage to lives and properties etc. | Increasing | Continuous stakeholder engagement, surveillance and intelligence gathering. |
| Health, Safety and Environment (HSE): These are the risks that affect HSE objectives and capable of threatening a safe working environment. | Stable | Taking HSE as the core and foundational pillar of all operational objectives to drive an integrated HSE culture across the board. |

| HOW WE MANAGE RISK (CONT.)

| Risk | Behaviour | Mitigation Strategy |
|---|------------|--|
| <p>Funding: The Risks that threaten the company's ability to meet its short or long-term financial obligations to operate as a going concern.</p> | Stable | Strong financial planning, and value driven operations. |
| <p>Project Management: These are both technical and nontechnical unforeseen events capable of affecting project life cycle and the ultimate objective.</p> | Stable | Efficient planning, design and project scoping driven by budget and value assurance framework |
| <p>Governance: The risks that can affect business strategy, oversight function, the general enabling environment and organisational culture.</p> | Stable | Adoption of frameworks and business codes that mirror acceptable global best practice and regulatory requirements. |
| <p>Regulatory Compliance: The risk of complying with ever increasing and evolving regulatory requirements.</p> | Increasing | Keeping abreast regulatory requirements and creating a compliance internal enabling environment through Regulatory Compliance Register, policies, and Controls |
| <p>Legal / Litigation: This includes legal actions against the company which could potentially threaten operations and corporate existence.</p> | Stable | Timely monitoring and expert oversight function on all legal matters. |
| <p>Reputation: These are direct or indirect risks that can negatively impact the image and good standing of the company.</p> | Stable | Due consideration of stakeholders' expectations, public perceptions and the impact of decisions and operational processes on the goodwill of the company. |

Note: The above table shows NDEP top 10 risks in 2021. Whilst the Company continued to experience upward movement in the behaviour of external crude losses due to theft, insecurity of the operating environment and high regulatory demands, other components of the corporate risks remained stable.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

We recorded strong production performance in 2021 with cumulative gross crude oil production up by 30% from last year's level. For gas production, a 70% increase in performance was achieved. Overall, this translates to 41% improvement on barrel of oil equivalent basis compared to previous year. Reconciliation losses was a major challenge during the year and, as a result, the company is actively pursuing alternative crude evacuation options to reduce the over-reliance on third party operated evacuation line.

One of the initiatives we implemented is the improvement in the capacity utilisation of the refinery, ensuring that the refinery trains are up and running to optimise crude production from the upstream business unit. Performance at the Ogebele Refinery increased significantly in 2021 with the total refined products aggregating to 74.5 million litres, up from 37.7 million litres in 2020. The 91% uplift is attributable to start-up of Train III.

Critical to our success story is the drive for operational excellence, coupled with instilling a lean culture of continuous improvement and waste elimination. The alternative crude evacuation initiative was vigorously pursued, achieving significant milestones in the shortest possible timeframe and setting the platform

for crude loss elimination in 2022. We decided to suspend the drilling campaign in 2021 for the adoption of a value accretive Well Delivery Process that ensures substantial front loading and planning of the wells and a highly defined execution phase.

Environmental and Social sustainability is paramount for us as a Company and was given the right attention and priority in 2021. HSE performance in 2021 was impeccable, with zero fatality, zero Lost Time Injury, zero Response Time Index, and zero recordable incidents being achieved. A total of 14.3-million-man hours without any incident were logged.

We continue to pursue a growth aspiration and development of our resource base. In laying the foundation for a step change in growth trajectory, an independent study was commissioned to examine resource potential and scope for recoveries in the fields. Whilst results are being awaited, preliminary outcomes reveal significant scopes in gas especially in the Ogebele field and other fields.

We also initiated the first independent reserves audit (engaged Netherland Sewell and Associates Inc.) to bring our reserve evaluation in line with comparable international standards.

| OPERATIONAL REVIEW (CONT.)

| Ogbele Field 31/12/2021 | Liquids MMbbl | Gas Bscf | Total MMboe |
|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 2P Reserves | 16.74 | 86.06 | 31.08 |
| 2C Resources | 6.40 | 76.60 | 19.16 |
| 2P+2C ¹ | 23.14 | 162.66 | 50.25 |
| 2U Best Estimate ² | 18.90 | 400.30 | 88.0 |

| OML 34 31/12/2021 | Liquids MMbbl | Gas Bscf | Total MMboe |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 2P Reserves | 35.10 | 355.50 | 94.40 |
| 2C Resources | 19.70 | 121.30 | 39.90 |
| 2P+2C | 54.80 | 476.80 | 134.30 |

| Combined Total | Liquids MMbbl | Gas Bscf | Total MMboe |
|----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 2P Reserves | 51.84 | 441.56 | 125.48 |
| 2C Resources | 26.10 | 197.90 | 59.06 |
| 2P+2C | 77.94 | 639.46 | 184.54 |

¹ Totals may differ slightly due to rounding

² Reclassifications performed by NSAI from reserves as defined by NNS to 2018 PRMS

³ NDEP share (18.75%) of OML 34 reserves, prepared by RPS Energy for ND Western Limited, as of October 2021, adjusted for October – December 2021 production

Our strategic approach to value creation is dimensioned along four pillars viz: resource development, operational excellence, cost discipline, and innovation, underpinned by lean culture, transparency, and integrity.

Resource development

An assessment of the available resource in the assets owned by NDEP is necessary to prepare a framework and develop the roadmap for growth in reserves. The following initiatives have been articulated and will be executed on an ongoing basis:

- Prospect maturation
- Turnkey drilling for growth
- Barrel chasing and producing the limit to unlock well potentials
- Refinery operations optimisation

Operational Excellence

Standard Operating Procedures, aggressive safety awareness and campaign leading to ISO 14001-2015 certification in 2022, and reliability-based maintenance practice are some of the ways we are enhancing a culture of operational excellence in the business. This is coupled with a conscious and intentional commitment by management to the competence and capacity development of operational staff members.

Cost Discipline

A major task ahead is to drive down our unit operating and development costs. There are several initiatives undertaken to pursue this objective; the contracts and procurement process was revamped, and a formal tender board structure instituted. The turnkey drilling campaign implemented after the review of and suspension of our historical capital expenditure will align development with output between the Company and its vendors, provide additional capital savings and improve the probability of success of the 2022 drilling programme.

Innovation

Innovation is a core value at NDEP and is in our DNA. Throughout our operations we use creative ideas to ensure our corporate goals are achieved. To lessen the impact of TNP shut-ins and to contribute to meeting local demand, the Refinery has been optimised to produce at close to nameplate capacity. This has resulted in the significant production increases for refined products reported in our Operational Highlights. Additionally, our planning and implementation of alternative crude evacuation is near completion and in record time, demonstrating our resilience and quick thinking to solve challenges.

Outlook

2022 will set the scene for a major step-change in the operations of the Company across all business units. The turnkey drilling campaign, scheduled to commence by Q3 2022, anticipates the drilling of about four wells with a potential to provide incremental production of up to 8,000 bbls/d and 30MMscf/d between Q3 2022 and Q2 2023.

The alternative crude evacuation process is expected to be fully commissioned and operational by the second half of 2022 having secured necessary regulatory and operational permits, enabling the evacuation of Ogbele Field production for export.

Significant improvement in our Refinery business has seen the three trains operational and running concurrently, it is expected that this will be the norm going forward, with Train III fully commissioned and approved for operations by NMDPRA - the regulatory agency.

Post validation exercise for resource estimation, an update of the CPR will be executed in 2022 to concretise the resource volumes. There is an ongoing strategic initiative to deploy a robust ERP system and build a platform for management reporting of business performance.

Ogbele



FINANCIAL REVIEW

Summary and Outlook

2021 was a transformational year in the history of NDEP, from global and local industry-wide and corporate perspectives. The telling effects of Covid-19, and its impact on the economy and the energy markets, had a significant impact on the operations and aspirations of the Company. Our refinery expansion execution continued to gain momentum, and we saw increased contribution to our cash flows from the refinery business.

As part of our continued evaluation of efficient capital allocation, we reviewed ongoing projects and emphasised liquidity in the immediate term without affecting our output and efficiency. The outcome was lower capital expenditure spending in 2021 (₦21.96 billion in 2020 vs ₦18.97 billion in 2021), realised from reassessing areas of our integrated businesses especially our upstream and refining operations that contributed most to operating cash flows in the immediate and long term. The outcome of this resulted in a 357% improvement in free cash flows: from ₦2.84 billion in 2020 to ₦12.99 billion in 2021.

We have a renewed focus to balance the trifecta of shareholder distributions, capital allocation and/or strengthening our balance sheet to ensure long-term value addition and growth to our shareholders. The growth in free cash flows was achieved even as we continue to appraise opportunities to improve our overall balance sheet flexibility by leveraging our equity to realise value to the business while balancing the requirement of cash returns to our shareholders. These include improved distributions: for the 2021 financial year, we are proposing an annual dividend of ₦20/share. This is an improvement of 186% on 2020's dividend of ₦7/share. Over the past 10 years, we have distributed a total of ₦17.6 billion in dividends to shareholders.

Our capital allocation decisions place emphasis on the long-term sustainability of the business, and will include developing existing reserves, optimising existing infrastructure and expanding operations beyond our primary bases of operations across our key businesses. This sequence should allow us to prioritise distributions to our shareholders and, subject to Board approval, adopt a steady and predictable cash distribution policy of between 10%-15% of cash flows from operations. We will also maintain our ability to access the public and private credit markets, taking advantage of our balance sheet and positive debt repayment history, to optimise our balance sheet for value creation.

Revenue

Our revenue in 2021 was ₦51.57 billion made up of ₦35.58 billion in crude oil sales, ₦5.33 billion in gas sales and ₦10.66 billion in refinery products sales. This is a 59% increase over 2020 revenues of ₦32.53 billion.

2021 crude oil revenue was higher than 2020 crude revenue (₦26.43 billion) by 35% and this was mainly due to the increased average realised price of crude oil of \$69/bbl (2020: \$44/bbl). Crude volumes lifted in 2021 was 1.30MMbbls and was lower than the 2020 volumes of 1.69MMbbls by 23%. This was due to the shut-in of the Trans-Niger Pipeline (TNP) due to the increased crude losses experienced on crude oil enroute the Bonny Terminal through the line. These line losses were about 1.46MMbbls in 2021, significantly higher than the 2020 total losses of about 332kbbbls. The Company has completed plans to transport its crude via an alternative crude evacuation route, which will significantly reduce the line losses and oil deferment experienced in 2021. The alternative crude evacuation is expected to commence operations in H2, 2022.

Our gas sales revenues increased by 158% over the 2020 sales value of ₦2.07 billion. This increase is mainly attributable to the increased realised prices on gas sales to SPDC, a direct result of rising global gas prices. The Company also delivered higher volumes of 9.5bcf in 2021 over the quantities sold in 2020 (4.7bcf).

Refinery revenues increased by 165%, from ₦4.03 billion in 2020 to ₦10.66 billion in 2021. This significant improvement is as a result of increased capacity utilisation of Trains II and the Train III commissioning. Total refined products volumes in 2021 were 75mmlitres, and 38mmlitres in 2020. Our refinery business also benefited from better realised prices per litre: 2021 price per litre was ₦185/L, which was 15% higher than 2020 average realised prices. The improvement is as a result of the combined effect of revised pricing strategies, and overall market conditions for refined products.

Gross Profit

The 2021 gross profit of ₦15.59 billion a 15% increase over the 2020's ₦13.57 billion. The tempered increase is mainly because of the line losses and their effect on non-cash accruals such as Depreciation, Depletion and Amortisation (DD&A). DD&A in 2021 was ₦18.66 billion and while it was ₦9.26 billion in 2020; over a 100% increase, the increase mainly attributable to increased hydrocarbon production of 4.9MMboe in 2021 as against 3.4MMboe in 2020.

Direct operating costs, which are the cost of sales less DD&A, statutory payments (royalties), Crude handling and stock adjustments on inventory closing balances, were ₦10.33 billion in 2021, a 52% increase over the ₦6.76 billion costs in 2020. This increase is mainly due to an unaccrued one-off consultant expenditure of about ₦2.63 billion, now recognised in 2021¹.

Operating Profit

2021 operating profit was ₦12.02 billion, 9% lower than 2020's ₦13.24 billion. The general and administrative expenses increased from ₦7.09 billion in 2020 to

₦8.64 billion in 2021 accounted for the difference, reflecting a general increase in activity post-COVID.

Operating Profit

2021 operating profit was ₦12.02 billion, 9% lower than 2020's ₦13.24 billion. The general and administrative expenses increased from ₦7.09 billion in 2020 to ₦8.64 billion in 2021 accounted for the difference, reflecting a general increase in activity post-COVID.

Taxes

The positive corporate income tax of ₦9.22 billion (2020: ₦0.04 billion) is comprised of a current tax charge of ₦3.04 billion and a deferred tax asset arising from temporary differences of ₦12.26 billion. These are as a result of unutilised capital allowances and will unwind in subsequent years.

Net Results

2021 Profit After Tax was ₦29.40 billion (2020: ₦16.80 billion). Basic earnings per share in 2021 was ₦135/share, while it was ₦77/share in 2020.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

The Company generated cash flows from operations of ₦32.37 billion in 2021, and net cash flows from operating activities of ₦31.95 billion. These are increases of 23% and 29% on 2020 cash generated from operations (₦26.37 billion) and net cash flows from operations (₦24.80 billion), respectively.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash flows expended on investing activities was ₦15.30 billion and is comprised of ₦8.95 billion incurred to drill oil wells 1 and 8, and the gas well 6. The Company also expended ₦5.73 billion on the refinery expansion project, and ₦1.02 billion to extend the

¹ An exclusion of this sum would bring the 2021 expenditure above the 2020 costs by 13%.

| FINANCIAL REVIEW (CONT.)

licence for OPL 227 as we evaluate its exploration potential.

The Company received ₦1.58 billion in dividend payments from our investment in ND Western Limited, compared to none received in 2020. Interest of ₦1.66 billion was received and ₦0.41 billion was recorded as proceeds from disposal on financial assets.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash outflows from financing activities was ₦11.90 billion in 2021 (2020: -₦8.71 billion). The financing outflows were mainly debt and interest payments

on existing facilities from GTBank and BOI facilities respectively. The Company also applied for and drew on a US\$10m BOI facility to pay down a portion of the GTBank facility, and support operations. Interest paid in 2021 was ₦2.44 billion, compared to ₦2.47 billion in 2020.

The Company paid a dividend of ₦1.52 billion in 2021 (2020: ₦3.69 billion)

DOING BUSINESS RESPONSIBLY

SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2021

2021 brought new uncertainties and challenges not only in the business space but to everyday lives due to the continued effects of the Covid-19 pandemic. At Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc (NDEP), we continued to respond to the pandemic by adeptly protecting our members of staff and supporting the communities where we operate. To this end, we are pleased to present the Sustainability Report for the year ended 31 December 2021. The report presents the key aspects of our Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) strategies, programs, and performance.

Overview

At NDEP we recognise that our businesses and operations must be carried out in a manner that is

clearly sustainable for the environment, economy, and our stakeholders. As the world faces significant environmental and social challenges, corporations and individuals alike are becoming more conscious of the need to reduce carbon emissions. Moving towards the global energy transition, we are committed to being part of the solution to ensure that our businesses align with long term strategies to protect the environment and humanity. It is thus a key priority for us to ensure that our business models incorporate a principled approach to sustainability and align with rules and regulations, domestic and international expectations, and standards.

In the face of changing times and global rising uncertainties, we continue to ensure that sustainability is an indicator of our success.

Our people, processes and systems have remained strong. Beyond making profit, the Group continually assessed the impact of its strategic, tactical, and operational decisions in a bid to protect the interests of all its present and future stakeholders. The Company maintains a strong discipline of sustainable development not only as a survival tool for the future but as a culture for a safe working environment today. The Company has also ensured that it diligently manages its impact on the environment and communities it operates in and has established adequate and consistent standards for dealing with service providers.

To provide you with adequate information in this regard and in line with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission Rules and Regulations 2013, the Company will report its Sustainable Development initiatives for the year ended 31 December 2021 in the following key areas: *economic viability, social impact, governance, and environment*

1) Economic Viability

1.1 Procurement Process: NDEP through its contract and procurement processes engages economically, environmentally, and socially responsible contractors and suppliers. For the year under review, there was no breach of the Company's ethics and compliance rules hence there was no sanction of any vendor and no contract was terminated due to unethical practices and/or ethical activities.

The Company ensures that it always conducts its contracting and procurement activities in accordance with its Code of Business Conduct, and ensures compliance from its suppliers and contractors, including sub-contractors with penalties for non-adherence and violation.

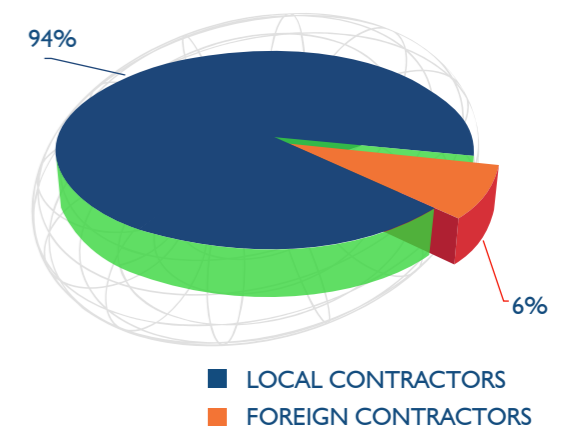
In terms of compliance, contractors are also provided with the Company's Anti Money Laundering Policy, Confidential Information Policy, Conflict of Interests and Anti-Bribery Laws to facilitate compliance with the Company's policies.

Finally, we ensure social consideration by engaging skilled and qualified community members in our contracting and procurement processes while giving priority to local capacity development to enhance growth in our immediate and wider communities.

1.2 Promotion of Local Content: NDEP as an indigenous entity recognises that purchasing decisions present an opportunity to have a positive social and economic impact. As part of its effort to support local content and boost local capacity, NDEP operates a deliberate policy of sourcing its goods and services from its local contractors and suppliers that meet its quality standards. Its suppliers are sourced locally as NDEP recognises the value of supporting local businesses. This is also in line with the aspirations of the Nigerian Content and Monitoring Board (NCDMB).

1.3 2021 Operations Support Service Engagements: In 2021, the Company continued its drive to encourage local companies by ensuring 94% (2020: 95%) of all its contracting and supply activities for the year are carried out locally. The marginal decrease was due to on-going capital projects for which there are no in-country capacities and/or local representatives of the original equipment manufacturer. However, operations and maintenance are carried out locally, which is achieved by adequate training and knowledge transfer.

CONTRACTOR/SUPPLIER PERCENTAGES



| DOING BUSINESS RESPONSIBLY (CONT.)

1.4 Finance management: NDEP ensures optimal and responsible operation of its assets, as this drives profitability. Investments are carefully analysed, and funds are deployed in a manner that promotes shareholder value. These and other measures have protected the Company in tough times and are responsible for its resilience over time.

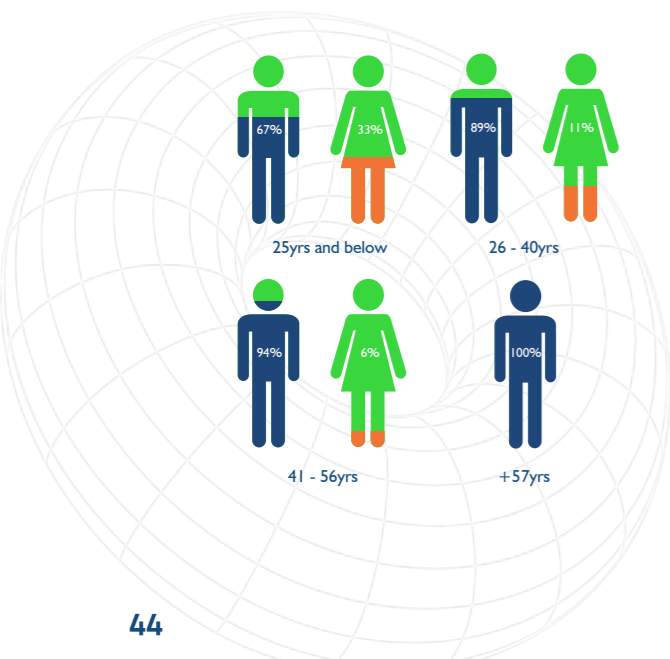
Our financial highlights and the financial review section, confirm the resilience of the Company's financial position and its ability to remain profitable in years to come.

2) Social Impact

2.1 Employee Management

2.1.1 Diversity and Inclusion: NDEP is an equal opportunity employer that is committed to incentivising its employees and maintaining a positive work environment. This facilitates a high level of commitment and motivation among staff. The Company prohibits discrimination based on age, gender, religion, ethnicity, state of origin, disability, or health status. Below is the graph showing the Company's workforce age distribution in 2021:

WORKFORCE AGE DISTRIBUTION



During the year ended 31 December 2021, NDEP had the 2021 International Women's Day event. The event was a success, and the theme was "CHOOSETOCHALLENGE". The collaboration gave female staff the opportunity to share experiences and learn from each other, which generated dynamic and innovative ideas.

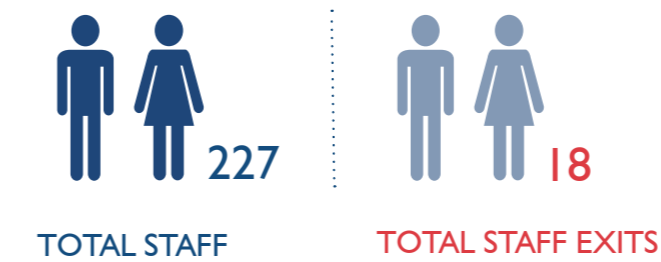
Despite the economic pressure in the year under review, the Company hired 35 new staff to join the pool of its excellent workforce. As an equal opportunity employer, NDEP ensured the recruitment and selection processes were based on merit and without prejudice.

2.1.2 Staff Motivation and Retention: NDEP places a high premium on staff growth and development. To this end, we are committed to the wellbeing of our employees through effective engagements such as health programmes, trainings, work life balance, and compensation to promote staff retention.

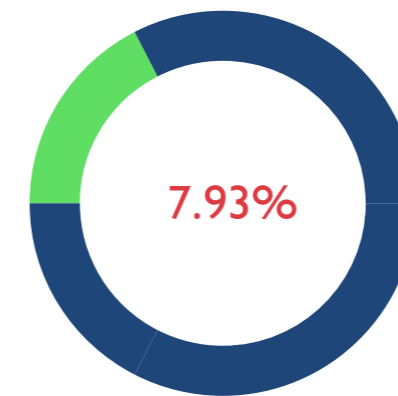
We grow by providing trainings and on the job development. The energy sector requires highly technical, competent, and knowledgeable individuals. As a result, we are dedicated to harnessing our employees' potential through continuous learning and development. To achieve this, the Company provided a robust e-Learning platform for all staff during the year under review.

We build a healthy workforce, by ensuring that all members of staff are subscribed to a comprehensive health insurance plan. The Company continued to encourage all staff together with their nuclear families to carry out medical checks; the outcome of which are strictly restricted to the employee and the Health Management Organisation to ensure data privacy. The mental health of our people is of utmost priority; hence the Company provides a robust Employee Assistance Program. This creates an opportunity for a one-on-one session with a specialist, Bimbo Family Affairs Support Centre Limited on mental health and psychological issues all year round.

The Company sustained its approach of keeping its commitment to its people which reflected in the attrition rate for the year. The Company-wide attrition rate for the year ended 31 December 2021 is 7.93% of our combined human resources (2020: 1%) as shown below:



ATTRITION RATE FOR THE YEAR 2021



2.2 Corporate Social Responsibility

2.2.1 Our Host Communities: As a sustainable business, NDEP recognises that excellent co-existence with our host communities is pivotal to its vision hence, NDEP has continually maintained a cordial relationship with our host communities (Otari, Obumeze, Ogbele, Rumuekpe, Omaraka, and Oshiugbokor). Our strong local ties and commitment to the development of the local communities have been critical to achieving our business objectives. The Host Community Development Trust (HCDDT), through the Board of Trustees continues to play a pivotal role in the sustainable development of our host community.

Despite the challenges posed by the Covid-19 pandemic, NDEP was able to execute several projects outlined for the year. The result of the impact assessment carried out shows that the Company has been able to contribute to the development of its host communities and enhance the standard of living.

Key areas of focus for the year ended 31 December 2021 were the following: human capital development, economic and social empowerment, health, and infrastructural development.

Activities of the Trust in 2021: ₦43.3m

Human Capital Development

The NDPR Host Community Development Trust successfully graduated 120 young adults, ranging in age between 20 and 30 years, from the Skills Acquisition Program. The graduates were trained in various vocations including:

- Mobile phone repairs
- Computer training and maintenance
- Electrical electronics
- Welding and fabrication
- Fish and snail farming
- Fashion design and tailoring

2.1.3 Human rights, Non-discrimination, and Equity:

As a reputable company, we value, respect, and promote human rights of all persons. The NDEP's Code of Business Conduct clearly provides for the respect of human rights and non-discrimination in the workplace. NDEP recorded no infractions in the year ended 31 December 2021. The Company prides itself in fair and equal treatment of all employees regardless of sex, age, disability, ethnicity, or religion. In addition, NDEP has fair recruitment practices that are non-discriminatory.

In the year under review, the Company had zero number of grievances filed. This is because the corporate culture gives room for a friendly community where everyone is treated with respect and value.

| DOING BUSINESS RESPONSIBLY (CONT.)

NDEP PLACES A HIGH PREMIUM ON STAFF GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT.
OUR CORPORATE CULTURE GIVES ROOM FOR A FRIENDLY COMMUNITY WHERE EVERYONE IS TREATED WITH RESPECT AND VALUE.



| **DOING BUSINESS RESPONSIBLY (CONT.)**

Catering and food processing
Maintenance of big and small generators
Carpentry and furnishing
Driving
Hairdressing

The trainings were conducted under strict supervision and upon graduation, certificates and starter packs were provided for all the graduates. NDEP provided a follow up service to ensure that the graduates utilised the starter packs effectively. The report showed that about 85% of the graduates effectively utilised the starter packs for businesses, thus ensuring self-sufficiency and sustenance.

Focal areas of engagement of the Trust continue to be education, economic and social empowerment, health, Infrastructural development, and corporate philanthropy.

Education

“Education is the passport for the future, for tomorrow belongs to those who prepare for it today”.

At NDEP we recognise that education is of essence for modern society. Equipping students with the skills to survive to be able to function in a modern workforce and contribute to society is key. Education molds people into leaders not only with knowledge about subjects, but it also shows them how to lead with emotion and true values.

The target for NDEP continues to be students in tertiary intuitions in Nigeria. In the year under review NDEP supported the education of members of its host communities as follows:

Bursary payment to 116 students in higher institutions from Obumeze community

Bursary payment to 200 students in higher institutions

from Ogbele community
Renovation and furnishing of Obumeze Community U. B. E Primary School

Health

Maternity Hospital: Heath system infrastructure improves effectiveness, safety, timeliness and patient-centeredness, access and efficiency in health delivery. NDEP recognises the need to build robust health infrastructure in its host communities. In the year under review, the Trust continued with rehabilitation and expansion of the Maternity Hospital at Ogbele community which commenced in 2020.

Upon commissioning, the facility will be handed over to the Ogbele Community for use, not only by Ogbele indigenes, but by members of other communities.

Health Grant: NDEP continues to invest in the lives of the elderly in its host communities to ensure that they afford basic medical attention to live healthy lives. Thus, in the year under review, NDEP paid health grants towards the maintenance of the health of the elderly people in our host communities.

Social and Economic Empowerment

The purpose of economic development is to improve the social and material well-being of all individuals and social institutions with a goal of achieving the highest possible level of human development. Football is one of the sports that provides social cohesion and peaceful coexistence among our host communities. In the year under review, in addition to the Skills Acquisition Programme, Otari community was supported with a donation for a youth sport competition within the community.

Infrastructure Development

Infrastructure development is a key driver for progress in any society and a critical enabler for productivity and

sustainable economic growth. NDEP continues its giant strides in the development of infrastructure in its host communities. In the year under review, the Trust initiated new infrastructure development projects and continued with existing projects as follows:

- Repair of Road in Rumuekpe Community
- Continuation of the construction of Rumuekpe Town Hall
- Continuation of the construction of Oshuigbokor Town Hall
- Provision of potable water in Otari Community
- Provision of potable water in Obumeze Community
- Extension of electricity in Obumeze Community
- Maintenance of electrical infrastructure in Ogbele Community

Charitable Donations: ₦102 million

In the year under review the following charitable donations and sponsorships were made:

- Joint sponsorship (with ND Western Ltd) of conference bags at the 2021 NAPE International Exhibition and Conference.
- Sponsorship of the Ikoyi Club Golf Section to show its support to the Lady Golfers of the Ikoyi Club.
- Instituted the full endowment of the Aret Adams Chair for Entrepreneurial Development at Ambrose Alli University, Ekpoma (AAU), in Edo State.
- Sponsorship of Energy Sustainability Conference (ESC) – Exhibition sponsorship

The Energy Institute Nigeria hosted the ESC conference to lend its voice among other energy players in Nigeria

and the African Energy space, to chart a pathway for a sustainable energy future.

Redemption of Stephen Oluwole Awokoya Foundation 2020 Pledge

The Stephen Oluwole Awokoya Foundation for Science Education is a charitable, non-profit organisation, with the objective of promoting science education in universities.

Sponsorship of the Lagos Book and Art Festival (LABAF) LABAF is an annual event, organised by the Committee for Relevant Art designed to promote literacy and human capacity development through interactive reading workshops, arts and crafts and creative workshops for children, students and youths as well as publishers and artists.

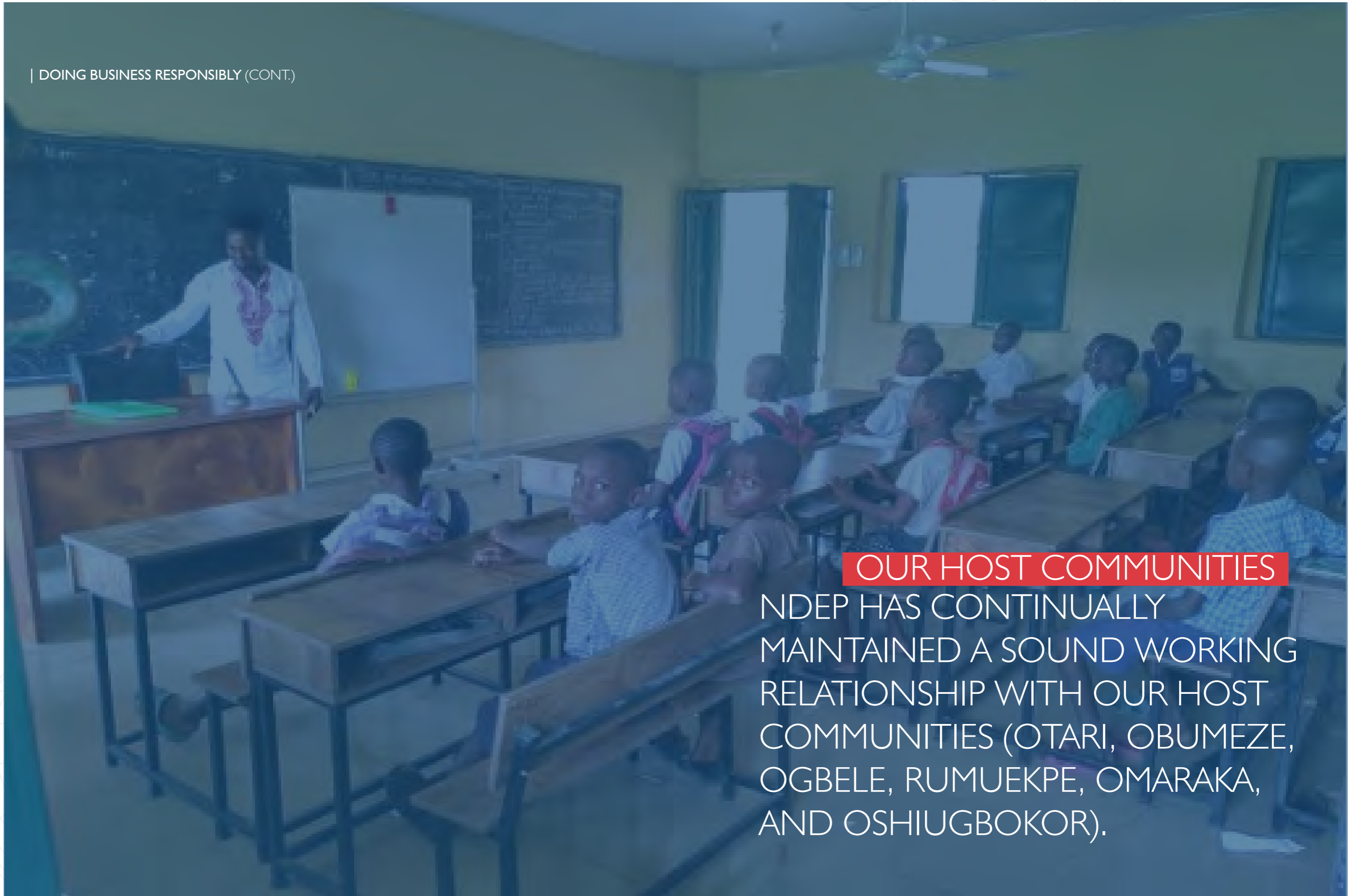
Donation to the Gas Aggregation Company Nigeria (GACN) Engagement 2021
The GACN is the Gas Sector Stakeholders Forum.

Sponsorship of the Nigerian Oil and Gas Opportunity Fair (NOGOF) 2021

Nigerian Oil and Gas Opportunity Fair (NOGOF) 2021 is a virtual conference organised and hosted by the Nigerian Content Development and Monitoring Board (NCDMB).

Sponsorship of Value Chain Magazine Annual Lecture and Awards 2021. This Value Chain publication champions a Foundation for sickle cell disease in Nigeria.

| DOING BUSINESS RESPONSIBLY (CONT.)



OUR HOST COMMUNITIES

NDEP HAS CONTINUALLY MAINTAINED A SOUND WORKING RELATIONSHIP WITH OUR HOST COMMUNITIES (OTARI, OBUMEZE, OGBELE, RUMUEKPE, OMARAKA, AND OSHIUGBOKOR).

| DOING BUSINESS RESPONSIBLY (CONT.)

PICTURES



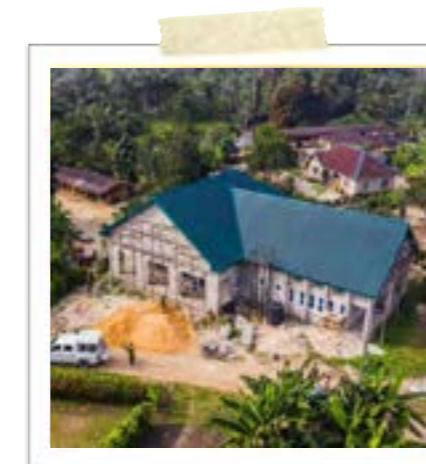
Ogbele Health Centre and Maternity



Mono Pump in Otari Community



Extension of Electricity in Obumeze Community



Oshiugboko Town Hall



Renovation and furnishing of Obumeze U.B.E Primary School



Pupils in one of the renovated classrooms receiving lessons



Furnished staff room for teachers

Health, Safety and Environment (HSE): At NDEP, we are committed to creating a healthy, safe, and sustainable environment through our policies which is embedded in our value system as set out in the NDEP HSE Management System Document. Our staff are our most important asset. As part of our commitment to promote a healthy lifestyle, we engaged the service of accredited health consultants to conduct periodic Covid-19 tests for all staff and to administer Covid-19 vaccinations to staff and their family members.

During the year under review, there was no form of discharge to the environment (zero sabotage and operational spill). This was achieved through a thorough and rigorous monitoring process put in place by the Company. Globally, there was a decline in the level of activities because of the Covid-19 pandemic. However, we successfully maintained operations at our Ogbele field by strictly following the guidelines and protocols of the health officials. Other locations (Lagos and Port Harcourt) worked from home through our secured virtual private network.

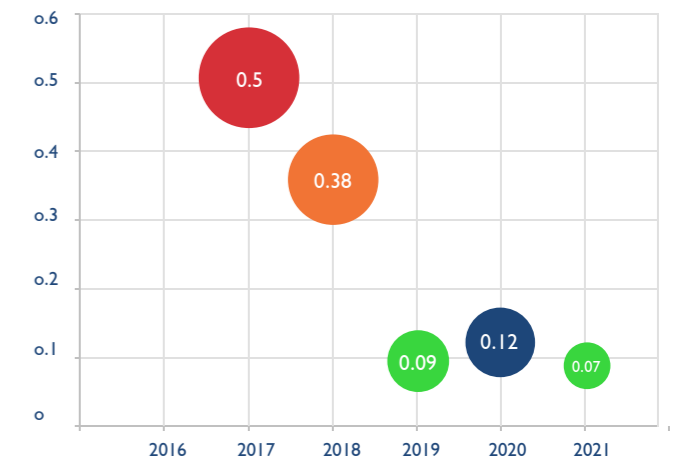
The Company recorded impeccable HSE performance for the year ended 31 December 2021 with zero fatality, a total of 14.3 million manhours without incidents and zero Lost Time Injury (LTI).

The Company has been able to maintain its commitment to reduce its Total Recordable Case Frequency (TRCF) to zero. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the TRCF factor is 0.07 (2020: 0.12) a fairly constant year-on-year trend. The Company will continue its adoption of international best operating practices by the HSE team. See our TRCF profile:

3) Governance

3.1 Sustainability Governance: NDEP centrally manages an effective governance structure, along with performance standards. The Company has designed and implemented effective controls to identify and respond to emerging risk. The overall responsibility for sustainability within the Company is with the Managing

TOTAL RECORDABLE CASE FREQUENCY (TRCF)



Director under the supervision of the Board of Directors.

The Company maintains frameworks and policies such as NDEP Plc Business Code of Conduct; Environmental and Social Policy; Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) Policy; and Resource Conservation Procedure. These frameworks and policies have been designed to serve as a guide to all staff, contractors/suppliers, visitors, host communities and other stakeholders.

3.2 Zero tolerance to fraud and corruption: Fraud and corruption are major threats to our sustainability; consequently, we maintain a very high standard of professional conduct. We have a Code of Conduct in addition to a Conflict of Interest Manual that sets out what is expected of our people and promotes the right work environment. In addition, the Company has zero tolerance for bribery and corruption and maintains an independent whistleblowing channel. For the year ended 31 December 2021, NDEP recorded no case of fraud and corruption.

4) Environmental sustainability

4.1 Energy efficiency: We created various initiatives to promote energy efficiency in all NDEP facilities. We assiduously ensure wastage is reduced

| DOING BUSINESS RESPONSIBLY (CONT.)

to the barest minimum. During the year, there was a significant decrease in fuel consumption which was due to the disruption to operations caused by the Covid-19 pandemic. We shall continue to imbibe the culture such as active energy conservation awareness, monitoring our electricity use, routine maintenance to improve machine efficiency, and use of energy saving electronic devices.

4.2 Water Management: The Company continued the improvement of the water conservation management system initiated in 2019 which aimed to sensitise staff to see water as a natural resource that can diminish. A water consumption measuring meter was installed in the field to monitor water usage.

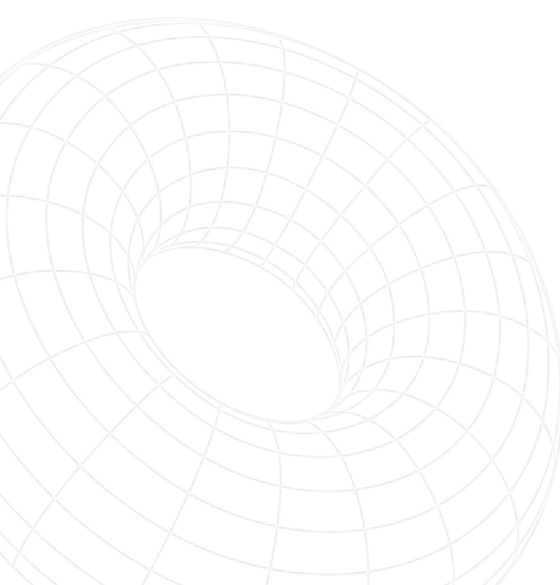
4.3 Compliance to environmental laws and regulation: This is not just a tick box exercise for the Company but an internal commitment to leave the environment better than we met it, in consideration for future generations. With this in mind, we ensure that compliance is cascaded into the KPIs of our staff.

4.4 Waste management: The Company ensures there are no forms of discharges to the environment. Operational discharge is treated and reinjected into an approved well. Waste treatment and zero spill assist the Company in the reduction of its carbon footprint on the environment.

Conclusion

As a fast-growing indigenous oil and gas company that prides itself in the excellent delivery of its mandate, the Company shall continue to deepen its culture of sustainable development as it fits into the current global business realities of its operating environment.

As a committed and responsible Company, we will continue to work diligently to ensure we protect the interests of our people, communities, environment, government, and all other relevant stakeholders without compromising global best practises and the regulations guiding our industry and operations.



Leadership and Governance



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WHISTLEBLOWING REPORT 83

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



Mr. Ladi Jadesimi
Chairman

Mr Ladi Jadesimi has a background in Law and Accountancy. He graduated with an Honours Degree in Jurisprudence from the University of Oxford, in England. He also holds a degree in Accountancy and is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He is also a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants, now renamed Certified Professional Accountants, of Ontario, Canada.

He was a founding Partner of Arthur Andersen Nigeria. He took early retirement from professional

practice to engage in private business, primarily in Financial Services, Oil and Gas and Real Estate. He serves on the Boards of several companies and is currently Chairman of The Board - First City Monument Group Holding Company.

He is the Founder and Executive Chairman of the Ladol Group of Companies which established and runs the largest Industrial Free Zone in the country.

He has served on the NDEP Board for twelve years.



Mr. Adegbite Falade
Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer

Mr 'Gbite Falade is a First Class (BSc) graduate of Electrical & Electronics Engineering from the University of Ibadan. He also holds an MBA from Warwick Business School, Coventry, in the United Kingdom.

Mr Falade has, in the past 14 years, served in various senior executive positions in the oil and gas, power and services sectors, with responsibilities for engineering, operations, project execution, commercial, client and stakeholder management, strategy and enterprise development.

He was previously the Managing Director and Group Chief Operating Officer at Oilserv Group of Companies based in Port Harcourt. Prior to that, he had served variously as General Manager, Portfolio Development and Chief Operating Officer at Oando Energy Resources as well as Executive Director, Oando Gas & Power. He was also the Petroleum Economics Discipline & Portfolio Lead for Shell EP, Africa.

He has served on the NDEP Board for one year.



Mr. Osten Olorunsola
Non-Executive Director

Mr Osten Olorunsola is a Geology graduate from the University of Ilorin, Kwara State, Nigeria, with four decades of experience-based knowledge, skills, and expertise in petroleum resource management, notably in policy formulation, implementation, crafting legislation, regulation of opportunity realisation, field development, and commercial operations. He served various companies and agencies of government in Nigeria, Italy, the Netherlands, and the United States of America.

After 10 years in petroleum geoscience roles in Agip-ENI, he spent 22 years with Shell International in leading positions in corporate planning and economics. He was the Petroleum Engineering Manager for the first major deep offshore development

in Nigeria, has experience with technology deployment in Russia, and hydrocarbon resources management for Sub-Sahara Africa (SSA).

He retired from Shell International as Vice President Commercial Gas Business for SSA thereafter serving as Adviser to two Ministers of Petroleum Resources, later as Director of Petroleum Resources, and subsequently as the technical lead for drafting the Petroleum Industry Bill from 2010 till 2019.

He is a Fellow and Country Chairman of the Energy Institute, Chairman/Chief Executive Officer of Energetikos Limited and holds several non-executive board positions.

He has served on the NDEP Board for eight years.



Mr. Thierry Georger
Non-Executive Director

Mr Thierry Georger joined the Petrolin Group (Switzerland) in 1995 and is responsible for all crude oil trading activities, including the sale of crude oil cargoes (approx. 60,000 barrels per day) from West Africa and the far East.

He is also responsible for operations on spot, and short-term contracts in varied regions, including West Africa, Russia, the Middle East, Asia, South America and Egypt. Reporting directly to the Chief Executive Officer, he is responsible for all aspects of contracts including negotiation, credit exposure, legal requirements, logistics and freight, sale and pricing mechanics. He has a Master's Degree in Commercial and Industrial Sciences from the University of Geneva, Switzerland.

He has served on the NDEP Board for nine years.

| BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT.)



Mr. Ede Osayande
Non-Executive Director

Mr Ede Osayande is a Capital Market Specialist with over 30 years of experience in Banking and Finance. He has served in key areas of finance, including governance, financial analysis, risk management, banking operations and regulatory compliance.

He also served as the former Bank Treasurer and Chief Accountant at PricewaterhouseCoopers Nigeria. He is an Economics graduate of the University of Benin and obtained an MBA from the University of Lagos. He is currently a Director of LAPO Microfinance Bank Limited and GSCL



Mr. Afolabi Oladele
Non-Executive Director

Mr Afolabi Oladele has more than 45 years' experience in the oil and gas industry as well as private equity practice. He was mostly with the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC), serving in various capacities culminating as Group Executive Director in 1995. He was seconded from NNPC at different times to OPEC, Mobil USA, and Total in France. He is a Fellow of the Nigerian Academy of Engineering with a BSc degree in Chemical Engineering and Post-graduate Certificates in Petroleum Economics and Management.



Mr. Gbenga Adetoro
Non-Executive Director

Mr Gbenga Adetoro is an investment executive with over 20 years of experience, evaluating businesses, structuring investments, and raising capital with a focus on West Africa. He is currently a Partner at African Capital Alliance (ACA), where he leads the firm's Energy sector. Prior to joining Capital Alliance in 2008, Mr. Adetoro was a Manager in the Global Energy & Natural Resources practice at Accenture, where he assisted international oil companies and power utilities to improve operational performance and realise shareholder value.



Mr. Adegbola Adesina
Chief Finance Officer

Mr Adegbola Adesina holds an Executive MBA from the INSEAD Business School, as well as a First-Class Bachelor's degree in Accounting from the University of Lagos. He is an Associate Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN) and has also earned the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) designation.

He has over 18 years of experience covering investment banking, financial and transaction advisory, audit, project and management accounting that span a diverse range of businesses including private equity, energy and infrastructure, oilfield services, banking and manufacturing. During this time, he led, participated in, and managed capital raising (debt and equity) assignments and other forms of financing/restructuring for infrastructure projects and infrastructure-based companies on both the buy-and sell-sides. In the past 7 years, he held senior finance roles across the upstream production and gas processing businesses. He has served on the NDEP Board for one year.

| BOARD OF DIRECTORS (CONT.)



Ms. Titi Omisore
Company Secretary/Group Legal Adviser

Ms Titi Omisore graduated with a BA (Political Science), and an LLB from the University of Illinois, Champaign Urbana, and the University of Buckingham respectively. Thereafter, she obtained her BL from the Nigerian Law School. She started her working career with Strachan Partners in 1993. In 1999, she attended the Kings College, University of London where she obtained a Master's degree in Tax Law.

Ms Omisore returned to Strachan Partners where she was made a Partner before joining NDEP as the Company Secretary and Legal Adviser in 2001.

She has served on the NDEP Board for twenty-one years.

OUR BOARD ENSURES
THE STATUTORY AND
GENERAL RIGHTS
OF SHAREHOLDERS
ARE PROTECTED AND
EQUAL ACCESS TO
INFORMATION IS
GIVEN, TREATING
EVERY MEMBER FAIRLY
EQUALLY

LEADERSHIP TEAM



Mr. Adebite Falade
Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer

Mr 'Gbite Falade is a First Class (BSc) graduate of Electrical & Electronics Engineering from the University of Ibadan. He also holds an MBA from Warwick Business School, Coventry, in the United Kingdom. Mr Falade has, in the past 14 years, served in various senior executive positions in the oil and gas, power and services sectors, with responsibilities for engineering, operations, project execution, commercial, client and stakeholder management, strategy and enterprise development.

He was previously the Managing Director and Group Chief Operating Officer at Oilserv Group of Companies based in Port Harcourt. Prior to that, he had served variously

as General Manager, Portfolio Development and Chief Operating Officer (COO) at Oando Energy Resources as well as Executive Director, Oando Gas & Power. He was also the Petroleum Economics Discipline & Portfolio Lead for Shell EP, Africa.

He joined NDEP in February 2021.



Mr. Adebola Falana
Chief Financial Officer

Mr Adebola Adesina holds an Executive MBA from the INSEAD Business School, as well as a First-Class Bachelor's degree in Accounting from the University of Lagos. He is an Associate Member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nigeria (ICAN) and has also earned the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) designation.

He has over 18 years of experience covering investment banking, financial and transaction advisory, audit, project and management accounting that span a diverse range of businesses including private equity, energy and infrastructure, oilfield services, banking and manufacturing. During this time, he led, participated in, and managed capital raising (debt and equity) assignments and other forms of financing/restructuring for infrastructure projects and infrastructure-based companies on both the buy-and sell-sides. In the past 7 years, he held senior finance roles across the upstream production and gas processing businesses. He joined NDEP in March 2021.



Ms. Titi Omisore
Company Secretary/Group Legal Adviser

Ms Titi Omisore graduated with a BA (Political Science), and an LLB from the University of Illinois, Champaign Urbana, and the University of Buckingham respectively. Thereafter, she obtained her BL from the Nigerian Law School. She started her working career with Strachan Partners in 1993. In 1999, she attended the Kings College, University of London where she obtained a Master's degree in Tax Law.

Ms Omisore returned to Strachan Partners where she was made a Partner before joining NDEP as the Company Secretary and Legal Adviser in 2001. She joined NDEP in January 2001.



Dr. Ebenezer Ageh
Chief Technical Officer

Dr Ageh has over 25 years of experience with a proven record of accomplishments in deep water production operations in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico (Mars Basin), Offshore West Africa (Bonga Main

Development, Bonga North Project & EA) and Onshore Assets in Nigeria. During this time, he managed various production engineering projects for Shell across the globe and championed LEAN initiatives in Shell Operations in Sub Saharan Africa. He joined NDEP in August 2021.



Mr. Temitayo Ogunbanjo
General Manager, Refinery

Mr Temitayo Ogunbanjo has over 20 years of experience in the downstream sector with core competencies in General Management, Strategy & Execution, Operations & Supply Chain. He has served in various capacities such as Managing Director, Integrated Oil & Gas Limited, Chief Marketing Officer, Oando Supply & Trading and Head, Energy Investments, Ocean & Oil Holdings.

He holds an MBA from the Cardiff Business School, as well as a Bachelor's degree in Economics from the Obafemi Awolowo University. He attended the Senior Executive

Program at Harvard Business School. He is a professional member of the Institute of Directors (IOD) Nigeria, Nigeria Economic Summit Group (NESG) and the Energy Institute UK. He joined NDEP in September 2021.



Mr. Femi Olaniyan
General Manager, Engineering and Projects

Mr Femi Olaniyan has over 20 years of diverse experience in the oil and gas industry and began his career in the industry when he joined NDPR Ltd as a Field/Petroleum Engineer in 2001.

Mr Olaniyan worked with a team of Petroleum Engineers in planning the Ogbale Field Development activities for the development of the first marginal oil field in Nigeria. He later led the surface engineering works for the development of the Ogbale Field and his responsibilities included coordinating activities such as land acquisitions and various construction works, leading to the installation and commissioning of oil and gas facilities.

| LEADERSHIP TEAM (CONT.)

In the past decade, he has led and driven the execution of major facility developments, including the 100MMSfcd Gas Processing Plant and the 11,000bpd Refinery Expansion.

Mr. Olaniyan obtained a Bachelor of Engineering (BEng) degree in Chemical Engineering from the Federal University of Technology, Minna, Niger State in 1998. He joined NDEP in April 2001.



Mr. Olarenwaju Daramola
General Manager, Commercial

Mr Olarewaju Daramola has 30 years of extensive international oil and gas work experience in Nigeria, Australia, and the Netherlands, in senior roles within operated and non-operated joint ventures.

He has vast expertise, proven leadership, and hands-on managerial experience across Commercial (Operated Assets,

Opportunity Maturation, Contracts/Agreements, Acquisition and Divestment Deals), Government Relations, Information Management and Technology.

Prior to his appointment at NDEP, he served as the Gas Planning and Optimisation Manager for Shell Nigeria. While at Shell, Mr Daramola was responsible for the country gas strategy development and implementation, business planning, and gas advocacy. He also served as the Non-Operated Venture Manager, where he oversaw the governance of non-operated ventures, marginal fields management, divestment transactions, and commercial agreements.

He holds a First-Class Bachelor's degree in Computer Engineering from Obafemi Awolowo University. He also holds a Master's degree in Computer Science from the University of Lagos and an MBA from Rushmore University (Online).

He joined NDEP in September 2021.



Mr. Sola Olugbemiga
General Manager, Petroleum Engineering and Subsurface

Mr Sola Olugbemiga has over 20 years' experience in Petroleum Engineering, Subsurface interpretation, Reserves Management, and Geological and Geophysical Studies. Mr Olugbemiga has overseen teams that earmarked projects to assure value for Odidi production node, where Shell Nigeria's first Associated Gas Gathering system was built, and while at NDPR Ltd has been responsible for increased hydrocarbon reserves and production at NDPR's Flagship asset, Ogbela Field.

He commenced his career at Shell Nigeria in 1988 and served as a Seismic Interpreter in the Exploration and Production Study Team. While at Shell, Mr Olugbemiga also worked as a Community Liaison Officer, and later a Production Geologist and a Realise the Limit (RtL) Program Facilitator. He holds a BSc degree in Geology

from the University of Ibadan. He joined NDEP in August 2014.



Mr. Tunde Odeyemi
General Manager, Sub-Saharan Opportunities

Mr Tunde Odeyemi has over 16 years of experience in the Energy sector, with a focus on Renewable Energy, Exploration & Production, Well Engineering and Well Completions. Mr Odeyemi started his career as a management consultant with Accenture, responsible for advancing the Renewable Energy Division of NNPC as part of Project Pace, before moving to Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria (SPDC) in the Well Engineering Department in both Warri and Port Harcourt, with an emphasis on well completions.

Mr. Odeyemi joined NDPR in 2014 as an Engineering and Well Completion Team Lead and, as part of NDPR's Sub Saharan Expansion,

he moved to South Sudan in April 2015 to head Nile Delta Petroleum Company Limited, a joint venture with the South Sudan national oil and gas company, Nile Petroleum Corporation (Nilepet), concentrating on crude oil optimisation and gas utilisation and monetisation.

He holds a First-Class BEng Chemical Engineering (with Process Control) from the University of Bradford, UK. He also holds an MEng (with Distinction) and MSc degrees in Chemical Engineering from the University of Bradford, UK and Georgia Institute of Technology, USA, respectively.

He joined NDEP in August 2014.



Ms. Oshioarena Adams
Information and Communication Technology Manager

Ms. Oshioarena Adams has over 22 years' experience managing Information and Communication Technology (ICT) across the banking,

telecommunication and oil & gas industries.

Over the years, Ms. Adams has held various positions where she used technology to enhance the business processes of organisations.

She has a BSc In Computing from Richmond College, The American International University, London and an MSc in Information Systems from Brunel University, London.

She joined NDEP in June 2005.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

1. INTRODUCTION

The Company recognises the significance of its commitment to the highest standards of corporate governance as it fosters transparency, accountability, integrity, performance, and leadership to enhance its best practice. The Company is committed to compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance for Public Companies in Nigeria and ensures full disclosure and transparency to all stakeholders. This is evident in its adherence to international best practice highlighted in the areas of focus below.

2. COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

This report summarises NDEP's compliance with corporate governance rules. Your Company embarked on several corporate governance and compliance initiatives during the 2021 financial year. Your Company intends to continue to improve its adherence to high ethical standards in its business practices and compliance with corporate governance practices and policies to ensure transparency and accountability.

3. 2020 BOARD EVALUATION

3.1 Background

The 2018 Nigerian Code of Corporate Governance (NCCG) requires the Board of Directors of corporate bodies to carry out formal and rigorous annual evaluation of the Board, its Committees, the Chairman, and individual Directors' performance as well as an annual corporate governance evaluation to ascertain the extent of application of the codes of corporate governance. NCCG further provides that evaluation should be facilitated at least once in three years by an

independent external consultant.

3.2 Board Evaluation and Governance Appraisal Exercise

In line with the NCCG requirement, the Board of Directors during the year under review approved the recommendation of the Board Governance, Remuneration & Nomination (BGRN) Committee for the engagement of KPMG Advisory Services (KPMG) to carry out the Board Evaluation and Governance Appraisal of the Company for the period from 1st January to 31st December 2020.

The objectives of the Board Evaluation and Governance Appraisal exercise were to:

- i) obtain a general understanding of the current key corporate governance structures and practices.
- ii) benchmark the current governance structures and practices as it complies with the NCCG; and
- iii) Identify "gaps" in the existing corporate governance structures and practices which need to be addressed by the Board.

In facilitating the Board Evaluation in line with the objectives, KPMG obtained the governance documents of the Company to understand what currently exists; reviewed the existing governance processes and documentation; conducted interviews with all the Directors and benchmarked their findings against the NCCG requirements; deployed questionnaires to all the Directors; documented the governance gaps identified and made recommendations to the Board of Directors of the Company.

3.3 Findings and Recommendations

At the meeting of the Board of Directors held on the 13th of December 2021, KPMG presented its report on its findings and recommendations on the 2020 Board Evaluation and Governance Appraisal to the Board. The report indicated that the Board of Directors of the Company had been effective in discharging its responsibilities. Board members have dominant leadership skills and experience in the areas of oil and gas, finance, risk management, international market, strategic development, and implementation. Other skills include accounting, risk management, information technology, marketing, and corporate governance.

KPMG's report further indicated that the Company's existing governance practices are largely in compliance with the NCCG. However, some governance gaps were identified, and the Board have initiated actions to remedy them. These are outlined in the next section

4. Implementation of the Closure of the Identified Governance Gaps

The BGRN Committee took on the responsibility to close the identified governance gaps. In carrying out this assignment, the BGRN Committee had three working sessions in March and April 2022 to review the Company's existing Policies, Board and Board Committees' Charters as recommended by the KPMG Report. The BGRN Committee further identified some policies for the Company as required by the NCCG and has taken steps to ensure that these Policies are in place and approved by the Board as soon as possible.

To ensure its commitment to strengthening the Board's effectiveness and its corporate governance compliance, the Company will continue to uphold the good corporate governance practice as enshrined in the Company's policies, charters, and the principles of the NCCG.

4.1 BOARD COMPOSITION

In accordance with the principles of the NCCG, the Board comprises of Non-executive and Executive Directors. The Directors possess a vast array of expertise ranging from the oil and gas sector to financial matters. They are high standing individuals who are sufficiently independent to take decisions in the best interests of the Company without being swayed by personal considerations. They have been able to contribute immensely to the growth, development, and decision-making process of your Company. The Directors' extensive experience is evident in their track record of managing successful and transparent businesses.

Also significant is the level of experience garnered at the Management level which involves a deep understanding of the business, its operating environment, and resolution of the issues it encounters. This allows effective guidance on the setting of policies and strategic business goals and objectives.

In accordance with the provisions of the NCCG, the Board has similarly taken steps to ensure gender and cultural diversity as well as its independence.

4.2 Business Code of Conduct & Conflict of Interest

The Board has an approved charter which sets out the Directors' responsibilities. Additionally, all stakeholders which comprises directors, senior management, agents, vendors, contractors, and employees were mandated to sign the business code of conduct and disclose any likely conflict of interest at the beginning of the year and as the need arises.

The Company's Code of Conduct requires the Directors, management team, agents, vendors, contractors, and employees to exhibit honesty, loyalty, integrity, and professionalism in their dealings by observing the following principles:

- i) Avoidance of situations which may give rise to

| CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONT.)

- conflict of interests and disclosure where it already exists
- ii) Avoidance of circumstances where any benefits may be gained at the expense of the shareholders, or which otherwise competes or may be perceived as in anyway conflicting with the best interests of the Company or its business
- iii) Provision of a written confirmation that they understand the Company's policies and are willing to adhere to them
- iv) Compliance with all applicable laws, policies, and regulations
- v) Proper use of the Company's assets for legitimate business purposes and not in any way to enrich themselves at the expense of the Company
- vi) Maintain the confidentiality of both the Company's business and the information of its shareholders

In addition to the steps taken to avoid conflict of interests, each Director is required to declare his/her interest in dealings with the Company and other companies where he/she is a board member in accordance with the provisions of the NCCG.

4.3 Diversity Targets

On diversity targets, this is yet to be fully achieved. However, the Board is working diligently to ensure an environment that enables cultural, gender, age, and ethnic diversity. Furthermore, the Company is actively working to make the Board of Directors more gender balanced, and to increase the number of women performing senior roles as well as to create programs that prepare women to assume senior roles within the organisation.

4.4 Appointment Process for Directors

The Board approves the criteria for appointing Directors, as recommended by the Governance,

Remuneration, and Nomination Committee. The criteria take the following into consideration: integrity, competence and possession of requisite skills, knowledge of the business, and experience. A formal due diligence exercise is carried out on any proposed Director by the Governance, Remuneration, and Nomination Committee via an external consultant before recommendation is made to the Board for consideration.

4.5 Training Process

The Board of Directors have a significant role to play in achieving the Company's key business objectives. Consequently, continuous training and further development are of great importance to ensure that the members remain knowledgeable in developments concerning the Company's core business and the business environment in general. The Board ensures that members strictly comply with the Company's Training Policy as may be amended from time to time.

In addition, the Company through the Secretariat, carries out induction/training for newly appointed Directors. Prior to the commencement of the induction, NDEP's Company information is provided to the said Directors. The induction is typically held within three months of Directors' appointment and over a three-day period. The induction familiarises the Directors with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business operations of the Company through various programmes including a visit to the Ogebele Flow station and any other areas of operation of the Company as the Board in conjunction with Management may approve.

With a view to familiarising the Directors with the Company, information and documents (which include but are not limited to overall view and structure, vision, mission and objectives, current and reoccurring challenges and policies) about the Company is provided to new members of the Board.

Investing in Growth

The cumulative years of service of the external auditors is three years.

The Directors presenting themselves for re-election at this meeting are Mr Ede Osayande, and Mr Thierry Georger who are retiring by rotation.

5. Members of the Board as of 31st December 2021

- 1. Mr. Ladi Jadesimi - Chairman
- 2. Mr. Adegbite Falade - Managing Director/Chief Executive Officer
- 3. Mr. Adegbola Adesina - Chief Financial Officer
- 4. Mr. Ede Osayande - Non-Executive Director
- 5. Mr. Osten Olorunsola - Non-Executive Director
- 6. Mr. Thierry Georger - Non-Executive Director
- 7. Mr. Afolabi Oladele - Non-Executive Director
- 8. Mr. Gbenga Adetoro - Non-Executive Director

The cumulative years of service of each Director is provided below:

| No. | Name of Director | Cumulative Years of Service |
|-----|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Mr. Ladi Jadesimi | 12 Years |
| 2 | Mr. Adegbite Falade | 1 Year |
| 3 | Mr. Adegbola Adesina | 1 Year |
| 4 | Mr. Ede Osayande | 8 Years |
| 5 | Mr. Osten Olorunsola | 8 Years |
| 6 | Mr. Thierry Georger | 9 Years |
| 7 | Mr. Afolabi Oladele | 6 Years |
| 8 | Mr. Gbenga Adetoro | 3 Years |

The cumulative years of service of the external auditors is three years.

The Directors presenting themselves for re-election at this meeting are Mr Ede Osayande, and Mr Thierry Georger who are retiring by rotation.

The Non-Executive Directors were paid directors' fees and sitting allowances for the year ended 31st December 2021.

| Item | Chairman | Other Directors |
|-------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Directors' Fees | USD 55,000 | USD 32,400 |
| Sitting Allowance | USD 2,100 | USD 1,100 |

| CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONT.)

6.1 Committee Membership for the Year ended 31 December 2021

not a member of any of the Board Committees. The membership of the respective Board Committees is shown in the table below:

It should be noted that in accordance with the NCCG Code of Corporate Governance, the Chairman is

| Name | Board Committees | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | Statutory Audit | Corporate Strategy | Finance & Audit | Governance, Remuneration & Nomination | Corporate Responsibility & Risk Management |
| Mr. Adegbite Falade | | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ |
| Mr. Adegbola Adesina | | | | | |
| Mr. Ede Osayande | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ | |
| Mr. Thierry Georger | | | ✓ | | ✓ |
| Mr. Osten Olorunsola | | ✓ | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Mr. Afolabi Oladele | ✓ | ✓ | | ✓ | |
| Mr. Gbenga Adetoro | | | ✓ | | ✓ |

6.2 Attendance at Meetings for the Year Ended 31st December 2021

review and below is a table showing their respective attendance:

It should be noted that the Directors were extremely diligent in attending Board Meetings in the year under

| Name | Board | Statutory Audit | Corporate Strategy | Finance & Audit | Governance, Remuneration & Nomination | Corporate Responsibility & Risk Management |
|----------------------------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Executive Directors | | | | | | |
| Mr. Adegbite Falade | 7/7 | | 6/6 | 5/5 | | 4/4 |
| Mr. Adegbola Adesina | 7/7 | | | | | |

| Name | Board | Statutory Audit | Corporate Strategy | Finance & Audit | Governance, Remuneration & Nomination | Corporate Responsibility & Risk Management |
|----------------------|-------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Non-Executive | | | | | | |
| Mr. Ladi Jadesinmi | 7/7 | | | | | |
| Mr. Ede Osayande | 7/7 | 3/4 | | 5/5 | 8/8 | |
| Mr. Thierry Georger | 7/7 | | | 5/5 | | 4/4 |
| Mr. Osten Olorunsola | 7/7 | | 6/6 | | 8/8 | 4/4 |
| Mr. Afolabi Oladele | 7/7 | 4/4 | 6/6 | | 8/8 | |
| Mr. Gbenga Adetoro | 7/7 | 2/4 | | 5/5 | | 3/4 |

6.3 Attendance of Shareholder Representatives at the Statutory Audit Committee Meetings for the Year ended 31st December 2021

The attendance of the Shareholder Representatives at Statutory Audit Committee meetings is shown in the table below:

The Shareholder Representatives on the Statutory Audit Committee were extremely diligent in their attendance at meetings in the year under reference.

| Name | Mr. Femi Akinsanya | Mr. Eddie Efekoha | Chief Gbola Akinola |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Attendance | 4/4 | 4/4 | 4/4 |

6.4 Notes

- 1) Seven meetings of the Board of Directors were held in 2021
- 2) Eight meetings of the Board Governance, Remuneration, and Nomination Committee were held in 2021
- 3) Five meetings of the Board Audit & Finance Committee were held in 2021

- 4) Four meetings of the Board Corporate Responsibility & Risk Management Committee were held in 2021
- 5) Six meetings of the Board Corporate Strategy Committee were held in 2021
- 6) Four meetings of the Statutory Audit Committee were held in 2021

| CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONT.)

7. In Q2 2021, the Board nominated Mr. Gbenga Adetoro to resign from the Statutory Audit Committee in compliance with the reviewed provisions of CAMA 2020 which provided for only five members

| | | |
|---------------------|---|----------|
| Mr. Ede Osayande | - | Chairman |
| Mr. Adegbite Falade | - | Member |
| Mr. Thierry Georger | - | Member |
| Mr. Gbenga Adetoro | - | Member |

7. GOVERNANCE, REMUNERATION, AND NOMINATION COMMITTEE

This Committee is responsible for assisting the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities relating to ensuring compliance with the appropriate corporate governance measures provided by the NCCG; assessment and response to appropriate risks in connection with the governance structure and processes; assisting the Board in defining and assessing the qualifications for Board of Directors' membership and outsourcing the recruitment of such individuals. The Committee reviews and makes recommendations to the Board on remuneration strategies for the Group including the Board, senior management, and staff.

7.1 Members of the Governance, Remuneration and Nomination Committee as of 31st December 2021

| | | |
|----------------------|---|----------|
| Mr. Afolabi Oladele | - | Chairman |
| Mr. Ede Osayande | - | Member |
| Mr. Osten Olorunsola | - | Member |

8. FINANCE & AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Committee acts on behalf of the Board on matters relating to financial management. It reviews the budget, financial report and audited accounts and is responsible for providing useful advice and recommendations to the Board for the benefit of the Company's management team as and when required.

8.1 Members of the Finance & Audit Committee as of 31st December 2021

9. CORPORATE STRATEGY COMMITTEE

This Committee was specifically set up by the Board and its major role is to research and advise the Board on the long-term development strategies, significant asset investment decisions and significant technical decisions of the Company.

9.1 Members of the Corporate Strategy Committee as of 31st December 2021

| | | |
|----------------------|---|----------|
| Mr. Osten Olorunsola | - | Chairman |
| Mr. Afolabi Oladele | - | Member |
| Mr. Adegbite Falade | - | Member |

10. CORPORATE RESPONSIBILITY & RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Corporate Responsibility & Risk Management Committee has a risk management oversight function and concerns itself with the proactive identification, assessment and management of risks and compliance. It is also tasked with providing periodic review of the risk management framework and policies that guide the operations of the Company.

10.1 Members of the Corporate Responsibility & Risk Management Committee as of 31st December 2021

| | | |
|---------------------|---|----------|
| Mr Osten Olorunsola | - | Chairman |
| Mr Adegbite Falade | - | Member |
| Mr Thierry Georger | - | Member |
| Mr Gbenga Adetoro | - | Member |

11. STATUTORY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Statutory Audit Committee was established

pursuant to the provision of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020 and Part C of the NCCG. It comprises knowledgeable and committed members (shareholder representatives and Board representatives) who have shown integrity and a thorough understanding of standard practice.

11.1 Members of the Statutory Audit Committee as of 31st December 2021

| | | |
|---------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Mr. Femi Akinsanya | - | Shareholder Representative (Chairman) |
| Mr. Eddie Efekoha | - | Shareholder Representative |
| Chief Gbola Akinola | - | Shareholder Representative |
| Mr. Afolabi Oladele | - | Board Representative |
| Mr. Ede Osayande | - | Board Representative |

12. COMMUNICATION TO SHAREHOLDERS AND PROTECTION OF MINORITY RIGHTS

The Company recognises the significance of ensuring and maintaining accountability and transparency to its shareholders. All general meetings are convened by the Board and conducted in accordance with the provisions of the CAMA. The Board also ensures that adequate and timely information is provided via the Company's website and circulated by the Company's Registrars.

During Annual General Meetings, the Company encourages shareholders to engage members of Board and Executive Management on the Company's business activities, financial performance, and other related matters. However, the last two Annual General Meetings have been held virtually via a secured webinar due to the pandemic. Nonetheless, shareholders actively participated as some shareholders were privileged to attend physically while others nominated their preferred proxies to represent them, sent in questions and logged

on to the meeting via the webinar link and on the Company's YouTube channel. The AGMs are always carried out in line with the guidelines provided by the regulatory bodies.

13. HUMAN RESOURCE POLICY AND INTERNAL MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE

The Company has formal systems devised for the management of people with respect to employee compensation, benefits, work ethics and defining work structure.

Our policies demonstrate our passion towards improving diversity towards work ethics, health and safety, training, and development to meet up with international standards and soar among competitors as well as our commitment in relation to regulation and corporate governance of our employees.

The Company's human resource strategy is focused on assuring an enterprise that attracts and retains the right quality of people towards achieving the operational and corporate governance requirement needed for sustained business success.

At NDEP, our people are our greatest asset, and we ensure their proper maintenance by putting structures in place to keep them on.

14. CLAWBACK CASES/FINES & PENALTIES

There were no cases of clawback. The Group was fined approximately \$39,403 in respect of technical gas flare in the year 2021. Your Company shall continue to comply with all applicable laws and regulations to avoid fines and penalties.

15. RELATED PARTY RELATIONS AND TRANSACTION

The disclosure on the nature of related party relationship as well as information about the transactions, outstanding balances, and commitments necessary for an

| CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONT.)

understanding of the potential effect of the relationship on the financial statements is provided in the notes under related party disclosures section of the financial report. level of quality and standards in all its business dealings within the organisation and adherence to required processes.

16. QUALITY CONTROL

The Company continually ensures that it maintains high

Dated 24 June 2022

By Order of the Board



Titilola Omisore
Company Secretary
FRC/2013/NBA/00000003574

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021

THE DIRECTORS SUBMIT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE COMPANY THEIR REPORT TOGETHER WITH THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021



PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is in the business of investing in integrated oil and gas development activities.

STATE OF AFFAIRS

In the opinion of the Directors, the state of affairs of the Company is satisfactory and there has been no material change after the reporting year.

| REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONT.)

DIVIDEND

The Directors recommend a dividend of ₦20 per share (2020: ₦7 per share) which amounts to ₦4,344,844,360 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: ₦1,520,695,526). This will be ratified at the Annual General Meeting.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Information relating to Property, Plant and Equipment is given in Note 11 to the financial statements. In the opinion of the Directors, the market value of the Company's property, plant and equipment is not less than the value shown in the financial statements.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

The Company made charitable contributions amounting to ₦102million during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: ₦126 million). The Company made no donations to any political party.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

Directors' interests in the share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2021 were as follows:-

| Name of Director | Number of Shares | |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Mr. Adegbite Falade | 70,000 | - |
| Mr. Adebola Adesina | 6,000 | 6,000 |
| Mr. Ladi Jadesimi | Nil | Nil |
| Mr. Ede Osayande | 1,083,163 | 1,147,998 |
| Mr. Afolabi Oladele | 23,587 | 15,807 |

DIRECTORS

The names of the Directors at the date of this report and of those who held office during the year are as follows:

- Mr. Ladi Jadesimi – Chairman
- Dr. Layi Fatona – Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director (Retired 30 April 2021)
- Mr. Adegbite Falade – Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director (Appointed 30 April 2021)
- Mr. Adebola Adesina – Chief Financial Officer/Finance Director (Appointed 2 June 2021)
- Mr. Afolabi Oladele – Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Thierry Georger – Non-Executive Director (French)
- Mr. Osten Olorunsola – Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Ede Osayande – Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Gbenga Adetoro – Non-Executive Director

| Name of Director | Number of Shares | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------|
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Mr. Osten Olorunsola | 48,878 | 48,878 |
| Mr. Gbenga Adetoro | Nil | Nil |
| Mr. Thierry Georger | Nil | Nil |

Also, the following Directors have beneficial interests in the shares held by the corporate bodies listed against their names:

| Name of Director | Name share are held | Number of Shares | |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Mr. Ladi Jadesimi | Badagry Creek Fze | 10,328,914 | 10,028,914 |

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

None of the Directors has notified the Company for the purpose of section 303 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 of any disclosable interest in contracts with which the Group is involved as at 31 December 2021.

SHAREHOLDING ANALYSIS

NDEP Plc - Range analysis as at 31 December 2021

| Range | No of Holders | Holders % | Units | Units % |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|---------|
| 1 - 1,000 | 850 | 50.69 | 135,506 | 0.06 |
| 1,001 - 5,000 | 176 | 10.49 | 449,127 | 0.21 |
| 5,001 - 10,000 | 105 | 6.26 | 794,494 | 0.37 |
| 10,001 - 50,000 | 228 | 13.60 | 6,755,908 | 3.11 |
| 50,001 - 100,000 | 117 | 6.98 | 8,635,171 | 3.97 |
| 100,001 - 500,000 | 144 | 8.59 | 31,987,538 | 14.72 |
| 500,001 - 1,000,000 | 18 | 1.07 | 12,335,166 | 5.68 |
| 1,000,001 - 5,000,000 | 33 | 1.97 | 68,324,648 | 31.45 |

| REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONT.)

| Range | No of Holders | Holders % | Units | Units % |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| 5,000,001 - 10,000,000 | 2 | 0.12 | 11,932,728 | 5.49 |
| 10,000,001 - 50,000,000 | 4 | 0.24 | 75,891,932 | 34.93 |
| TOTAL | 1,677 | 100 | 217,242,218 | 100 |

EMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED PERSONS

The Company has a policy of fair consideration of job application by disabled persons having regard to their abilities and aptitude. The Company's policy prohibits discrimination of disabled persons in the recruitment, training, and career development of its employees. Presently, no disabled person is in the employment of the Company.

HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE AT WORK OF EMPLOYEES

One of the Company's primary business objectives is that its operations shall not cause accidents, damage, or losses. The Company is committed to protecting people, the environment, and physical assets. The Company established adequate health and safety measures within its premises and its areas of operations and in the operation of all its vehicles. The Company aims to provide as far as possible medical care, for all members of its staff and immediate members of their nuclear families.

EMPLOYEES' TRAINING AND INVOLVEMENT

The Directors maintain regular communication and consultation with the employees and staff representatives on matters affecting employees and the Company.

The Group organises various in-house, local, and international training courses when the training capacity is not available locally.

PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT

The Group is committed to protecting the environment within and around its operational areas. In this regard, it has established a framework for complying with all statutory environmental requirements, applying best industry practice, and operating in a manner that assumes no harm to the environment.

APPOINTMENT OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS

Messrs. Deloitte & Touche have expressed their willingness to continue in office as the auditors of the Company in accordance with section 401 (2) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020. They have consistently demonstrated their independence and objectivity in carrying out their audit function and we remain deeply appreciative of their service.

By Order of the Board



Titilola Omisore
Company Secretary
FRC/2013/NBA/00000003574

WHISTLEBLOWING REPORT

Whistleblowing Report

NDEP and its subsidiaries are committed to the highest standards of honesty, integrity, and accountability in running of their businesses. In accordance with best practice, NDEP's Board of Directors approved a Whistleblowing Policy in 2019 to establish good corporate governance, which is also a key element in fraud risk management

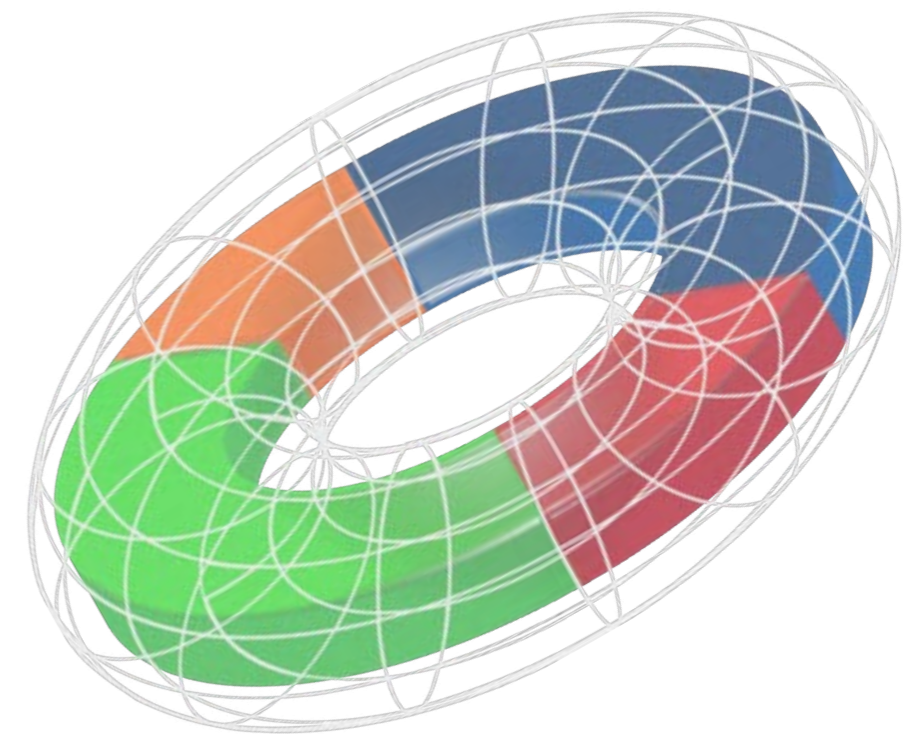
An important aspect of accountability and transparency is a mechanism to enable employees and other stakeholders of the Company, to voice concerns in a responsible and effective manner. In 2021, NDEP's Board of Directors further approved the engagement of KPMG Advisory Services (KPMG) to provide an

external reporting channel through which employees and external stakeholders of the Company can voice concerns. To ensure transparency and confidentiality, where found to be credible, KPMG will participate in the investigation of such reports.

NDEP encourages its stakeholders to direct their complaints to the KPMG's hotlines with details provided in the Company's website - <https://ngdelta.com/governance/>.

During the year 2021 there were no whistleblowing complaints received from either employees or external stakeholders of the Company.

Financial Statements



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STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

For the preparation and approval of the financial statements

The Directors of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group") accept responsibility for the preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and Company as at 31 December 2021, and the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended, in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and in the manner required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act of Nigeria and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, 2011.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for:

Properly selecting and applying accounting policies

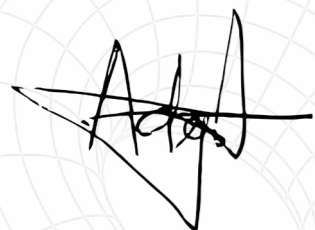
Presenting information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information; and

Providing additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs are insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Group and Company's financial position and financial performance.

Going Concern

The Directors have made an assessment of the Group's and Company's ability to continue as a going concern and have no reason to believe the Group and Company will not remain as a going concern in the year ahead.

The consolidated and separate financial statements of the Group and Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 were approved by the Board of Directors on May 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:



Mr. Adebola Adesina
Chief Financial Officer
FRC/2021/001/00000024579
24 June 2022



Mr. Adebite Falade
Chief Executive Officer
FRC/2021/003/00000025055
24 June 2022



Mr. Ladi Jadesimi
Chairman
FRC/2015/ODN/00000006637
24 June 2022

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES (CONT.)

Certification of financial statements

In accordance with section 405 of the Companies and Allied Act of Nigeria, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer certify that the consolidated and separate financial statements have been reviewed and based on our knowledge, the:

(i) audited financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact, which would make the statements misleading, in the light of the circumstances under which such statement was made; and

(ii) audited financial statements and all other financial information included in the statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of the Group and Company as of and for, the periods covered by the audited financial statements.

We state that management and directors:

(i) are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and has designed such internal controls to ensure that material information relating to the Group is made known to the officer by other officers of the Group, particularly during the period in which the audited financial statement report is being prepared;

(ii) has evaluated the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls within 90 days prior to the date of its audited financial statements; and

(iii) certifies that the Group's internal controls are effective as of that date.

Establishes adequate internal controls to safeguard its assets and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities; and We have disclosed:

(i) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the Group's ability to record, process, summarise and report financial data, and has identified for the Group's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls;

(ii) whether or not, there is any fraud that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Group's internal control; and

(iii) as indicated in the report, whether or not, there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

The consolidated and separate financial statements of the Group and Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 were approved by the Board of Directors on May 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:



Mr. Adebola Adesina
Chief Financial Officer
FRC/2021/001/00000024579
24 June 2022



Mr. Adebite Falade
Chief Executive Officer
FRC/2021/003/00000025055
24 June 2022

Report of the Audit Committee

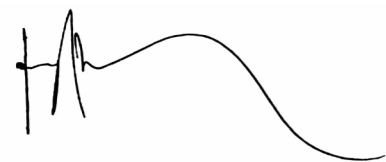
To the members of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc

In accordance with the provisions of sections 404(4) and (7) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, we have reviewed;

- i) the scope and planning of the audit requirements and
- ii) the accounting and reporting policies of the Group and Company for the year ended 31 December 2021

In our opinion, the scope and planning of the audit for the year ended 31 December 2021 together with the consolidated and separate audited financial statements were satisfactory. The external auditors had discharged their duties conscientiously and satisfactorily. We were satisfied with Management's responses to the auditors' findings.

and ascertained that they are in accordance with legal requirements and agreed ethical practice.



Mr. Olufemi Akinsanya, ACA
Chairman
Audit Committee
FRC/2013/CISN/00000002760
24 June 2022

Members of the Audit Committee

1. Mr. Olufemi Akinsanya Chairman/Shareholder Representative
2. Mr. Eddie Efekoha Shareholder Representative
3. Mr. Afolabi Oladele Board Representative
4. Chief Gbola Akinola Shareholder Representative
5. Mr. Ede Osayande Board Representative

Deloitte.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc

Report on the Consolidated and Separate Financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc and its subsidiaries ("the Group" and Company) set out on pages 93 to 165 which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the consolidated and separate statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity, the consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and the notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated and separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated and separate financial position of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc as at 31 December 2021, and its consolidated and separate financial performance and statement of cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, the requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 and the Financial Reporting Council of Nigeria Act, 2011.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our

responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the requirements of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' (IESBA) International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in Nigeria.

We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and other ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of Financial Statements in Nigeria.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current year. This matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.



The list of Partners and Partner equivalents is available in our office Associate of Deloitte Africa, a Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited

Deloitte.

| Key Audit Matter | How the matter was addressed in the audit |
|--|--|
| Deferred Tax Assets | |
| <p>Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.</p> <p>As disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements, one of the Subsidiaries, Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited (NDPR) has, deductible temporary differences that are considered to be realisable against taxable profits, which is expected to arise in future periods. The amount of the deferred tax assets recognised in NDPR at 31 December 2021 is N28.9 billion (US\$70.1 million) out of a total balance of N30.4 billion (\$73.5 million) for the group.</p> <p>Judgement is required by the Directors to estimate the deferred tax asset amount, which comprises calculation of the timing differences in the tax treatment of specific provisions and unrealized foreign exchange differences, timing differences in the treatment of property plant and equipment and in the unabsorbed capital allowances carried forward to be offset against future profits.</p> <p>In the same vein, judgement is required by the Directors to assess the recoverability of the estimated deferred tax asset that are considered to be realisable against the subsidiary's taxable profits, which is expected to arise in future periods.</p> <p>Accordingly, for the purposes of our audit, we identified the assessment of recoverability of estimated deferred tax asset as a key audit matter.</p> | <p>We evaluated the appropriateness of the Directors' assessment of the recoverability of the recognized deferred tax asset and the adequacy of the disclosures made.</p> <p>Our audit procedures included challenging the Directors on the reasonableness of the estimated tax provision including the deferred tax asset that are considered to be realisable against the Company's taxable profits, which is expected to arise in future periods and assumptions used to determine the future operating profit to offset the deferred tax asset. We performed the following audit procedures:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) We involved our Tax Specialist on the engagement to review and challenge the reasonableness of the tax provisions including the deferred tax asset that are considered by the Directors to be realisable against the subsidiary's taxable profits, which is expected to arise in future periods. 2) We obtained the Directors' assessment of future operating performance including the 5 years' operating result. Discussed the assessment with the Directors to determine whether the Directors have identified events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may prevent the entity to achieve the forecasted future operating result. 3) We reviewed the Directors' assessment of future operating performance and assessed the reasonableness of the 5 years' operating result. 4) We challenged the key assumptions used in the operating result forecast by comparing these with industry trends and the subsidiary's historical performance. 5) We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements relating to deferred tax asset. |

Deloitte.

| INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONT.)

The Directors have, at the time of approving the financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Subsidiary will achieve the future operating performance to offset the deferred tax asset.

Based on the work performed, we found the Directors key judgements and assumptions to be reasonable. We are satisfied that the related disclosures in Note 15 to the financial statements are appropriate.

Other Information

The Directors are responsible for the other information in the consolidated and separate financial statements. The other information comprises the Directors' Report, Audit Committee's Report, Statement of Directors' Responsibilities as required by the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 and other National Disclosures, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report. The other information does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, the requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020, Financial Reporting Council Act, 2011 and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group and/or the Company or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Deloitte.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.

Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.

Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements

represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine the matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current year and is therefore the key audit matter.

We describe this matter in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other reporting responsibilities

In accordance with the fifth schedule of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020, we expressly state that:

Deloitte.

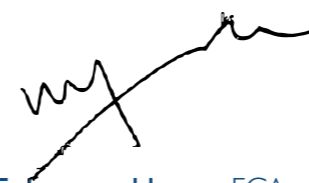
| INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONT.)

i) We have obtained all the information and explanation which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.

ii) The Group and Company have kept proper books of account, so far as appears from our examination of

those books.

iii) The consolidated and separate statements of financial position and profit or loss and other comprehensive income are in agreement with the books of account.



Folorunso Hunga, FCA - FRC/2013/ICAN/0000001709
 For: Deloitte & Touche
 Chartered Accountants
 Lagos, Nigeria
 24 June 2022



CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₹'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Revenue | 3 | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | - | - |
| Cost of sales | 4 | (35,978,790) | (18,961,068) | - | - |
| Gross profit | | 15,588,871 | 13,567,648 | - | - |
| Other income | 5 | 5,074,037 | 6,762,048 | 1,608,726 | 1,787,489 |
| General and administrative expenses | 6 | (8,640,172) | (7,088,777) | (712,922) | (561,494) |
| Operating profit | | 12,022,736 | 13,240,919 | 895,804 | 1,225,995 |
| Finance income | 7 | 1,663,427 | 675,479 | 1,555,109 | 539,292 |
| Finance costs | 7 | (3,281,761) | (3,338,380) | - | - |
| Net Finance (cost)/income | | (1,618,334) | (2,662,901) | 1,555,109 | 539,292 |
| Share of profit of an associate | 14 | 9,775,862 | 6,175,599 | - | - |
| Profit before taxation | | 20,180,264 | 16,753,617 | 2,450,913 | 1,765,287 |
| Tax credit / (expense) | 24 | 9,222,753 | 42,446 | (308,760) | (108,066) |
| Profit after taxation | | 29,403,017 | 16,796,063 | 2,142,153 | 1,657,221 |
| Profit/(Loss) attributable to: | | | | | |
| Equity holders of the parent | | 29,464,030 | 16,807,639 | 2,142,153 | 1,657,221 |
| Non-controlling interest | | (61,013) | (11,576) | - | - |
| | | 29,403,017 | 16,796,063 | 2,142,153 | 1,657,221 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₹'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Other comprehensive income: | | | | | |
| <i>Other comprehensive income item that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years (net of tax):</i> | | | | | |
| Foreign currency translation difference | | 12,739,690 | 24,966,917 | 2,248,700 | 5,452,921 |
| <i>Other comprehensive income item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years (net of tax):</i> | | | | | |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted for using the equity method | 14 | 9,104,823 | 18,241,543 | - | - |
| Net gain / (loss) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | 13 | 1,175,906 | (511,684) | 1,175,906 | (511,684) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | | 23,020,419 | 42,696,776 | 3,424,606 | 4,941,237 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | 52,423,436 | 59,492,839 | 5,566,759 | 6,598,458 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the parent | | 52,280,009 | 59,138,640 | 5,566,759 | 6,598,458 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 143,427 | 354,199 | - | - |
| Basic earnings per share | 10 | ₹135.35 | ₹77.31 | ₹9.86 | ₹7.63 |

The notes on pages 100 to 167 form an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 | 195,808,634 | 162,335,461 | 4,176,704 | 2,517,742 |
| Intangible assets | 12 | 779,671 | 29,782 | - | 15,110 |
| Deferred tax assets | 15 | 25,416,645 | 12,097,476 | - | - |
| Financial assets | 13 | 2,180,659 | 1,416,729 | 2,180,659 | 1,004,753 |
| Investment in associate | 14 | 116,663,243 | 99,313,414 | 7,810,062 | 7,810,062 |
| Investment in subsidiaries | 25 | - | - | 15,452,665 | 15,452,665 |
| Total non-current assets | | 340,848,852 | 275,192,862 | 29,620,090 | 26,800,332 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Inventories | 16 | 4,953,978 | 3,420,291 | - | - |
| Trade and other receivables | 17 | 18,617,118 | 18,966,276 | 25,873,309 | 23,573,403 |
| Prepayments | 18 | 205,011 | 291,808 | 28,430 | 41,547 |
| Cash and Bank | 19 | 12,808,210 | 5,107,783 | 2,484,561 | 3,070,791 |
| Total current assets | | 36,584,317 | 27,786,158 | 28,386,300 | 26,685,741 |
| Total Assets | | 377,433,169 | 302,979,020 | 58,006,390 | 53,486,073 |
| Equity and liabilities Shareholders' equity | | | | | |
| Share capital | 20 | 2,172,422 | 2,172,422 | 2,172,422 | 2,172,422 |
| Share premium | 20 | 22,819,670 | 22,819,670 | 22,819,670 | 22,819,670 |
| Translation reserve | 28 | 103,743,694 | 82,103,621 | 7,701,621 | 5,452,921 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | 29 | 595,290 | (580,616) | 595,290 | (580,616) |
| Retained earnings | | 160,420,021 | 132,476,687 | 21,351,822 | 20,730,365 |
| Non-controlling interests | 35 | 1,483,095 | 1,339,668 | - | - |
| Total shareholders' equity | | 291,234,192 | 240,331,452 | 54,640,825 | 50,594,762 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 21 | 13,544,304 | 19,073,603 | - | - |
| Decommissioning liabilities | 22 | 45,148,655 | 21,951,365 | - | - |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 58,692,959 | 41,024,968 | - | - |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 23 | 17,134,990 | 14,115,853 | 3,047,439 | 2,776,186 |
| Taxation | 24 | 2,705,082 | 345,789 | 318,126 | 115,125 |
| Borrowings | 21 | 7,665,946 | 7,160,958 | - | - |
| Total current liabilities | | 27,506,018 | 21,622,600 | 3,365,565 | 2,891,311 |
| Total liabilities | | 86,198,977 | 62,647,568 | 3,365,565 | 2,891,311 |
| Total equity & liabilities | | 377,433,169 | 302,979,020 | 58,006,390 | 53,486,073 |

The notes on pages 100 to 167 form an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by: on 24 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr. Adebola Adesina
Chief Financial Officer
FRC/2021/001/00000024579
24 June 2022



Mr. Adebite Falade
Chief Executive Officer
FRC/2021/003/00000025055
24 June 2022



Mr. Ladi Jadesimi
Chairman
FRC/2015/IODN/00000006637
24 June 2022

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Group | Issued capital | Share premium | Translation reserve | Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | Deposit for shares | Retained earnings | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
|---|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| ₦'000 | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 39,260,936 | (68,932) | - | 119,362,166 | 985,469 | 184,531,731 |
| Profit / loss for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 16,807,639 | (11,576) | 16,796,063 |
| Foreign currency translation difference | - | - | 24,601,142 | - | - | - | 365,775 | 24,966,917 |
| Net loss on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | (511,684) | - | - | - | (511,684) |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted for using the equity method | - | - | 18,241,543 | - | - | - | - | 18,241,543 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | 42,842,685 | (511,684) | - | 16,807,639 | 354,199 | 59,492,839 |
| Dividends to equity holders of the company (note 30) | - | - | - | - | - | (3,693,118) | - | (3,693,118) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company, recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | - | (3,693,118) | - | (3,693,118) |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 82,103,621 | (580,616) | - | 132,476,687 | 1,339,668 | 240,331,452 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 82,103,621 | (580,616) | - | 132,476,687 | 1,339,668 | 240,331,452 |
| Profit / loss for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 29,464,030 | (61,013) | 29,403,017 |
| Foreign currency translation difference | - | - | 12,535,250 | - | - | - | 204,440 | 12,739,690 |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted for using the equity method | - | - | 9,104,823 | - | - | - | - | 9,104,823 |
| Net gain / (loss) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | 1,175,906 | - | - | - | 1,175,906 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | 21,640,073 | 1,175,906 | - | 29,464,030 | 143,427 | 52,423,436 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Group | Issued capital | Share premium | Translation reserve | Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | Deposit for shares | Retained earnings | Non- | Total equity |
|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| ₦'000 | | | | | | | | |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | - | (1,520,696) | - | (1,520,696) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 103,743,694 | 595,290 | - | 160,420,021 | 1,483,095 | 291,234,192 |

The notes on pages 100 to 167 form an integral part of these financial statements

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Company | Issued capital | Share premium | Translation reserve | Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | Deposit for shares | Retained earnings | Total equity |
|--|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| ₦'000 | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | - | (68,932) | - | 22,766,262 | 47,689,422 |
| Profit / loss for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 1,657,221 | 1,657,221 |
| Foreign currency translation difference | - | - | 5,452,921 | - | - | - | 5,452,921 |
| Net loss on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | (511,684) | - | - | (511,684) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | 5,452,921 | (511,684) | - | 1,657,221 | 6,598,458 |
| Dividends to equity holders of the company (note 30) | - | - | - | - | - | (3,693,118) | (3,693,118) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | - | (3,693,118) | (3,693,118) |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 5,452,921 | (580,616) | - | 20,730,365 | 50,594,762 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 5,452,921 | (580,616) | - | 20,730,365 | 50,594,762 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 2,142,153 | 2,142,153 |
| Foreign currency translation difference | - | - | 2,248,700 | - | - | - | 2,248,700 |
| Net gain / (loss) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | 1,175,906 | - | - | 1,175,906 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | 2,248,700 | 1,175,906 | - | 2,142,153 | 5,566,759 |
| Dividends to equity holders of the company (note 30) | - | - | - | - | - | (1,520,696) | (1,520,696) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | - | (1,520,696) | (1,520,696) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 7,701,621 | 595,290 | - | 21,351,822 | 54,640,825 |

The notes on pages 100 to 167 form an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₹'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Profit before taxation | | 20,180,264 | 16,753,617 | 2,450,913 | 1,765,287 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | |
| Interest expense | 7 | 3,281,761 | 3,338,380 | - | - |
| Interest income | 7 | (1,663,427) | (675,479) | (1,555,109) | (539,292) |
| Dividend received | 5 | (48,625) | (87,913) | (48,625) | (87,913) |
| Exchange gain | 5 | (3,176,208) | (6,608,018) | (27,206) | (1,699,576) |
| Share of profit from associate | 14 | (9,775,862) | (6,175,599) | - | - |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 9 | 19,048,616 | 9,523,611 | 1,784 | 5,571 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 9 | 276,817 | 34,332 | 15,959 | 19,596 |
| Allowance for expected credit loss/ Impairment allowance | 6.3 | 28,200 | 57,109 | - | - |
| Provision no longer required | 5 | (1,839,412) | - | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 5 | (7,723) | - | - | - |
| Stock adjustment | 4 | (1,010,910) | (2,216,060) | - | - |
| Asset write-off | 11 | 47,081 | 422,593 | - | - |
| Operating cash flows before movement in working capital | | 25,340,572 | 14,366,573 | 837,716 | (536,327) |
| Movement in working capital: | | | | | |
| Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables | | 3,497,166 | 5,422,736 | (2,272,700) | (685,397) |
| Decrease/(Increase) in prepayments | | 86,797 | (113,180) | 13,117 | (9,353) |
| Decrease)/Increase in inventory | | (522,777) | 847,963 | - | - |
| (Increase) / Decrease in restricted cash | | (2,688,276) | (2,015,680) | (177,710) | (2,015,680) |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₹'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Increase in trade and other payables | | 6,655,473 | 7,865,284 | 2,335,248 | 5,183,103 |
| Cash generated by operating activities | | 32,368,955 | 26,373,696 | 735,671 | 1,936,346 |
| Tax paid | 24 | (415,661) | (1,572,755) | (112,818) | - |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | | 31,953,294 | 24,800,941 | 622,853 | 1,936,346 |
| Investing activities | | | | | |
| Interest received | 7 | 1,663,427 | 675,479 | 1,555,109 | 539,292 |
| Dividend received | 5 | 1,579,481 | 87,913 | 48,625 | 87,913 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 11 | (18,966,875) | (21,963,736) | (1,469,831) | (40,105) |
| Proceeds from disposal of assets | | 7,723 | - | - | - |
| Additional investment in subsidiary | 25 | - | - | - | (62,999) |
| Disposal of/(Investment in) Financial asset | | 411,976 | (787,769) | - | (714,975) |
| Net cash (used in) / from investing activities | | (15,304,268) | (21,988,113) | 133,903 | (190,874) |
| Financing activities | | | | | |
| Dividend paid | | (1,520,696) | (3,693,118) | (1,520,696) | (3,693,118) |
| Interest paid | | (2,435,457) | (2,469,464) | - | - |
| Repayment of borrowing | 21 | (12,065,916) | (5,399,778) | - | - |
| Additional borrowing | 21 | 4,129,900 | 2,849,840 | - | - |
| Net cash flows used in financing activities | | (11,892,169) | (8,712,520) | (1,520,696) | (3,693,118) |
| Decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | 4,756,857 | (5,899,692) | (763,940) | (1,947,646) |
| Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year | 19 | 3,092,103 | 7,708,991 | 1,055,111 | 3,002,757 |
| Exchange rate effects on cash and cash equivalents | | 255,294 | 1,282,804 | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents - End of year | 19 | 8,104,254 | 3,092,103 | 291,171 | 1,055,111 |

The notes on pages 100 to 167 form an integral part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1) REPORTING ENTITY

Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc (“the Company”) was incorporated on 25 March 1992. The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprise the Group and the Company and the Group’s interest in associates.

The Group is engaged in the exploration for, and development and production of oil and natural gas. The Head Office of the Company is located at:

15 Babatunde Jose Road
Victoria Island
Lagos, Nigeria.

1.2 Composition of Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements are drawn up in United States Dollar and Nigerian Naira in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Accounting presentation.

The financial statements comprise:

- Consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income
- Consolidated statement of financial position
- Consolidated statement of changes in equity
- Consolidated statement of cash flows

Notes to the financial statements

The Directors also provided the following additional statements:

- Consolidated five-year financial summary
- Consolidated value-added statement

1.3 Financial Period

These consolidated financial statements cover the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 with comparative figures for the financial year from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.

1.4 Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc, and all of its subsidiaries (“the Group”) have been prepared in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and IFRS Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) interpretations applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial instruments which are measured at amortised cost. The functional currency is Dollar and presentation currency is in both Dollar and Naira.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the Directors’ best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES | ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED IFRS STANDARDS

a) New standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards adopted by the Group

The Group has considered the following standards and amendments for the first time in its reporting period commencing 1 January 2021:

Impact of the initial application of Interest Rate Benchmark Reform amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7.

In prior year, the Company adopted the Phase 1 amendments Interest Rate Benchmark Reform- Amendments to IFRS 9/IAS39 and IFRS 7. These amendments modify specific hedge accounting requirements to allow hedge accounting to continue for affected hedges during the period of uncertainty before the hedged items or hedging instruments are amended because of the interest rate benchmark reform.

In the current year, the Company adopted the Phase 2 amendments Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16. Adopting these amendments enables the Company to reflect the effects of transitioning from interbank offered rates (IBOR) to alternative benchmark rates (also referred to as ‘risk free rates or RFPs) without giving rise to accounting impacts that would not provide useful information to users of financial statements.

The amendments are not relevant to the Group as it

has no hedged items or hedging instrument.

Impact of the initial application of Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions Amendment to IFRS 16

In prior year, the Company adopted Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions (Amendments to IFRS 16) that provided practical relief to lessees in accounting for rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of COVID-19, by introducing a practical expedient to IFRS 16. The practical expedient was available to rent concessions for which reduction in lease payments affected payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021.

In March 2021, the Board issued Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments to IFRS 16) that extends the practical expedient to apply to reduction in lease payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022.

The practical expedient permits a lessee to elect not to assess whether a COVID-19-related rent concession is a lease modification. A lessee that makes this election shall account for any change in lease payments resulting from the Covid-19-related rent concession applying IFRS 16 as if the change were not a lease modification.

The practical expedient applies only to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of COVID-19 and only if all the following conditions are met:

The change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change.

Any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022 (a rent concession meets this condition if it results in reduced lease payments on or before 30 June 2022 and increased lease payments that extend beyond 30 June 2022); and

There is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

The Group has adopted the amendments but it does not have any significant impact on its financial statements.

b) New standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards

Standards issued but not yet effective.

The standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Group's financial statements are disclosed below. The Group intends to adopt these standards, if applicable, when they become effective.

IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

In May 2017, the IASB issued IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts (IFRS 17), a comprehensive new accounting standard for insurance contracts covering recognition and measurement, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, IFRS 17 will replace IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (IFRS 4) that was issued in 2005. IFRS 17 applies to all types of insurance contracts (i.e., life, non-life, direct insurance and re-insurance), regardless of the type of entities that issue them, as well as to certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. A few scope exceptions will apply. The overall objective of IFRS 17 is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. In contrast to the requirements in IFRS 4, which are largely based on grandfathering previous local accounting policies, IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects. The core of IFRS 17 is the general model, supplemented by:

A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the variable fee approach)

A simplified approach (the premium allocation approach) mainly for short-duration contracts.

IFRS 17 establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts and supersedes IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.

IFRS 17 outlines a general model, which is modified for insurance contracts with direct participation features, described as the variable fee approach. The general model is simplified if certain criteria are met by measuring the liability for remaining coverage using the premium allocation approach.

The general model uses current assumptions to estimate the amount, timing and uncertainty of future cash flows and it explicitly measures the cost of that uncertainty. It takes into account market interest rates and the impact of policyholders' options and guarantees.

In June 2020, the IASB issued Amendments to IFRS 17 to address concerns and implementation challenges that were identified after IFRS 17 was published. The amendments defer the date of initial application of IFRS 17 (incorporating the amendments) to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. At the same time, the IASB issued Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9 (Amendments to IFRS 4) that extends the fixed expiry date of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9 in IFRS 4 to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

IFRS 17 must be applied retrospectively unless impracticable, in which case the modified retrospective approach or the fair value approach is applied. For the purpose of the transition requirements, the date of initial application is the start of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the Standard, and the transition date is the beginning of the period immediately preceding the date of initial application. This standard is not applicable to the Group.

IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures— Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 deal with situations where there is a sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. Specifically, the amendments state that gains or losses resulting from the loss of control of a subsidiary that

does not contain a business in a transaction with an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method, are recognised in the parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture.

Similarly, gains and losses resulting from the remeasurement of investments retained in any former subsidiary (that has become an associate or a joint venture that is accounted for using the equity method) to fair value are recognised in the former parent's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the new associate or joint venture.

The effective date of the amendments has yet to be set by the IASB; however, earlier application of the amendments is permitted. The Group intends to adopt the amendment once effective but it will have no significant impact on the Group's consolidation.

Amendments to IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

The amendments to IAS 1 affect only the presentation of liabilities as current or non-current in the statement of financial position and not the amount or timing of recognition of any asset, liability, income or expenses, or the information disclosed about those items. The amendments clarify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current is based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. It specifies that classification is unaffected by expectations about whether an entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of a liability, explains that rights are in existence if covenants are complied with at the end of the reporting period, and introduce a definition of 'settlement' to make clear that settlement refers to the transfer to the counterparty of cash, equity instruments, other assets or services. The amendments are applied retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, with early application permitted. The Group intends to adopt the amendments once effective.

Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combination – Reference to the Conceptual Framework

The amendments update IFRS 3 so that it refers to the 2018 Conceptual Framework instead of the 1989 Framework. They also add to IFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of IAS 37, an acquirer applies IAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of IFRIC 21 Levies, the acquirer applies IFRIC 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date.

Finally, the amendments add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

The amendments are effective for business combinations for which the date of acquisition is on or after the beginning of the first annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Early application is permitted if an entity also applies all other updated references (published together with the updated Conceptual Framework) at the same time or earlier. The Group intends to adopt the amendment once effective but it will have no significant impact on the Group's consolidation.

Amendments to IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use

The amendments prohibit deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use, i.e., proceeds while bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Consequently, an entity recognises such sales proceeds and related costs in profit or loss. The entity measures the cost of those items in accordance with IAS 2 Inventories. The amendments also clarify the meaning of 'testing whether an asset is functioning properly'. IAS 16 now specifies this as assessing whether the technical and physical performance of the asset is such that it is capable of being used in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

administrative purposes. If not presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income, the financial statements shall disclose the amounts of proceeds and cost included in profit or loss that relate to items produced that are not an output of the entity's ordinary activities, and which line item(s) in the statement of comprehensive income include(s) such proceeds and cost.

The amendments are applied retrospectively, but only to items of property, plant and equipment that are brought to the location and condition necessary for them to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments.

The entity shall recognise the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of that earliest period presented. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, with early application permitted. The Group will consider adopting the amendments once effective

Amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets— Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

The amendments specify that the 'cost of fulfilling' a contract comprises the 'costs that relate directly to the contract'. Costs that relate directly to a contract consist of both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (examples would be direct labour or materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (an example would be the allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract).

The amendments apply to contracts for which the entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendments. Comparatives are

not restated. Instead, the entity shall recognise the cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or other component of equity, as appropriate, at the date of initial application. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, with early application permitted. The Group will consider adoption of the amendment once effective.

Annual Improvements (2018-2020) Cycle

These improvements include

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The amendment provides additional relief to a subsidiary which becomes a first-time adopter later than its parent in respect of accounting for cumulative translation differences. As a result of the amendment, a subsidiary that uses the exemption in IFRS 1:D16(a) can now also elect to measure cumulative translation differences for all foreign operations at the carrying amount that would be included in the parent's consolidated financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRS Standards, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. A similar election is available to an associate or joint venture that uses the exemption in IFRS 1: D16(a). The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, with early application permitted. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

The amendment clarifies that in applying the '10 per cent' test to assess whether to derecognise a financial liability, an entity includes only fees paid or received between the entity (the borrower) and the lender, on the other's behalf. The amendment is applied prospectively to modifications and exchanges that occur on or after the date the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, with early

application permitted. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group.

IFRS 16 Leases

The amendment removes the illustration of the reimbursement of leasehold improvements. As the amendment to IFRS 16 only regards an illustrative example, no effective date is stated. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group.

IAS 41 Agriculture

The amendment removes the requirement in IAS 41 for entities to exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value. This aligns the fair value measurement in IAS 41 with the requirements of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement to use internally consistent cash flows and discount rates and enables preparers to determine whether to use pretax or post-tax cash flows and discount rates for the most appropriate fair value measurement. The amendment is applied prospectively, i.e., for fair value measurements on or after the date an entity initially applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, with early application permitted. This standard is not applicable to the Group.

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements—Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments change the requirements in IAS 1 with regard to disclosure of accounting policies. The amendments replace all instances of the term 'significant accounting policies' with 'material accounting policy information'. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general-purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The supporting paragraphs in IAS 1 are also amended to clarify that accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is

immaterial and need not be disclosed. Accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material.

The Board has also developed guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the 'four-step materiality process' described in IFRS Practice Statement 2.

Identify information that has the potential to be material.

Assess whether the information identified in Step 1 is material.

Organise the information within the draft financial statements in a manner that supports clear and concise communication.

Review and assess the information provided in the draft financial statements as a whole and consider whether the information is material both individually and in combination with other information

The amendments to IAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, with earlier application permitted and are applied prospectively. The amendments to IFRS Practice Statement 2 do not contain an effective date or transition requirements. The Group intends to adopt the amendments once effective.

Amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors—Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments replace the definition of a change in accounting estimates with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". The definition of a change in accounting estimates was

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

deleted. However, the Board retained the concept of changes in accounting estimates in the Standard with the following clarifications:

A change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error

The effects of a change in an input or a measurement technique used to develop an accounting estimate are changes in accounting estimates if they do not result from the correction of prior period errors.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the beginning of that period, with earlier application permitted. The Group intends to adopt the amendment once effective, but it will have no significant impact on the Group's consolidation.

Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes—Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments introduce a further exception from the initial recognition exemption. Under the amendments, an entity does not apply the initial recognition exemption for transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Depending on the applicable tax law, equal taxable and deductible temporary differences may arise on initial recognition of an asset and liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit.

For example, this may arise upon recognition of a lease liability and the corresponding right-of-use asset applying IFRS 16 at the commencement date of a lease. Following the amendments to IAS 12, an entity is required to recognise the related deferred tax asset and liability, with the recognition of any deferred tax asset being subject to the recoverability criteria in IAS 12.

The amendments apply to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period an entity recognises:

A deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with:

- Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities
- Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities and the corresponding amounts recognised as part of the cost of the related asset

The cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at that date

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023, with earlier application permitted. The Group intends to adopt the amendment once effective, but it will have no significant impact on the Group's consolidation.

c) Basis of consolidation

i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has power or control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to use its power over the entity to affect the amount of the entity's return. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. In the separate financial statement, investment in subsidiaries is measured at cost less accumulated impairments. Investment in subsidiary is impaired when its recoverable amount is lower than the carrying value. The Group considers all facts and circumstances', including the size of the Group's

voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of other vote holders in the determination of control.

Step acquisition

If the acquirer increases an existing equity interest so as to achieve control of the acquiree, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at acquisition-date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Contingent consideration

Among the items recognised will be the acquisition-date fair value of contingent consideration. Changes to contingent consideration resulting from events after the acquisition date are recognised in profit or loss

Non-Controlling Interest (NCI)

The acquirer can elect to measure the components of NCI in the acquiree

- that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in liquidation either at fair value, or
- at the NCI's proportionate share of the net assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any controlling interest in the acquiree, and the acquisition date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the profit or loss statement.

Inter-company transactions, amounts, balances and income and expenses on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies and amounts of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the

Group.

ii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

iii) Investment in Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the change in the associate's net assets after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in the profit or loss statement, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equal or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it

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has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and the carrying value and recognises the amount adjacent to 'share of profit/(loss) of associates in the statement of profit or loss.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. In the separate financial statements of the Company, Investment in associates is measured at cost less impairment. Investment in associate is impaired when its recoverable amount is lower than the carrying value.

iv) Foreign currency translation

These consolidated financial statements are presented in both Dollar and Naira. The Group's functional currency is Dollars. Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency').

v) Transactions and balances in Group entities

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency of the respective entity using the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions or the date of valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Foreign

exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the statement of profit or loss.

All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the profit or loss statement within 'other (losses)/gains – net'. Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available for sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in profit or loss, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income. Translation differences on non- monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets, such as equities classified as fair value through OCI, are included in other comprehensive income.

vi) Consolidation of Group entities

"The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position items presented, are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date;

income and expenses for each profit or loss statement are translated at average rate.

all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

d) Interests in joint arrangements

IFRS defines joint control as the contractually agreed sharing of control over an economic activity, and this exists only when the strategic financial and operating

decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control (the "venturers").

A joint operation (JO) involves joint control and often joint ownership by the Group and other venturers of assets contributed to, or acquired for the purpose of, the joint venture, without the formation of a corporation, partnership or other entity.

A joint operator accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the IFRS applicable to the particular asset, liability, revenue and expense. The acquisition of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business should be accounted for using the principles of IFRS 3.

When joint control ceases to exist, The Group determines which entity controls the investment and accounts for the investment in accordance with IFRS 10. Where control ceases entirely, the investment is accounted for in line with IAS 39 or IAS 28.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

e) Oil and natural gas exploration, evaluation and development expenditure

Oil and natural gas exploration, evaluation and development expenditure are accounted for using the "successful efforts method of accounting". Costs incurred prior to obtaining legal rights to explore are expensed immediately to the profit or loss statement.

i) Pre-licence costs

Pre-licence costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

ii) Licence and property acquisition costs

Exploration licence and leasehold property acquisition costs are capitalised within intangible assets and are reviewed at each reporting date to confirm that there is no indication that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. This review includes confirming that exploration drilling is still under way or firmly planned, or that it has been determined, or work is under way to determine, that the discovery is economically viable based on a range of technical and commercial considerations and sufficient progress is being made on establishing development plans and timing.

If no future activity is planned, the carrying value of the licence and property acquisition costs is written off through profit or loss. Upon recognition of proved reserves and internal approval for development, the relevant expenditure is transferred to oil and gas properties.

iii) Exploration and evaluation costs

Exploration and evaluation activity involves the search for mineral resources, the determination of technical feasibility and the assessment of commercial viability of an identified resource.

Licence costs paid in connection with a right to explore in an existing exploration area are capitalised and amortised over the term of the permit.

Once the legal right to explore has been acquired, costs directly associated with an exploration well are capitalised as exploration and evaluation intangible assets until the drilling of the well is complete and the results have been evaluated. These costs include directly attributable employee remuneration, materials and fuel used, rig costs and payments made to contractors. Geological and geophysical costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

If no potentially commercial hydrocarbons are discovered, the exploration asset is written off as a dry hole. If extractable hydrocarbons are found and, subject

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to further appraisal activity (e.g., the drilling of additional wells), are likely to be capable of being commercially developed, the costs continue to be carried as an intangible asset while sufficient/continued progress is made in assessing the commerciality of the hydrocarbons. Costs directly associated with appraisal activity undertaken to determine the size, characteristics and commercial potential of a reservoir following the initial discovery of hydrocarbons, including the costs of appraisal wells where hydrocarbons were not found, are initially capitalised as an intangible asset.

All such capitalised costs are subject to technical, commercial and Management review as well as review for indicators of impairment at least once a year. This is to confirm the continued intent to develop or otherwise extract value from the discovery. When this is no longer the case, the costs are written off to profit or loss.

When proved reserves of oil and natural gas are identified and development is sanctioned by Management, the relevant capitalised expenditure is first assessed for impairment and (if required) any impairment loss is recognised, then the remaining balance is transferred to oil and gas properties. No amortisation is charged during the exploration and evaluation phase.

For exchanges or parts of exchanges that involve only exploration and evaluation assets, the exchange is accounted for at the carrying value of the asset given up and no gain or loss is recognized.

iv) Development costs

Expenditure on the construction, installation or completion of infrastructure facilities such as platforms, pipelines and the drilling of development wells, including unsuccessful development or delineation wells, is capitalised within oil and gas properties.

f) Property, plant and equipment (including Oil and gas properties).

i) Initial recognition

Oil and gas properties and other property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated

depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, excluding land.

The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into operation, the initial estimate of the decommissioning obligation, and for qualifying assets (where applicable), borrowing costs. The purchase price or construction cost is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset. The capitalised value of a finance lease is also included within property, plant and equipment.

When a development project moves into the production stage, the capitalisation of certain construction/development costs ceases and costs are either regarded as part of the cost of inventory or expensed, except for costs which qualify for capitalisation relating to oil and gas property asset additions, improvements or new developments.

ii) Depreciation/amortisation

Oil and gas properties are depreciated/amortised on a unit-of-production basis over the total proved developed and undeveloped reserves of the field concerned, except in the case of assets whose useful life is shorter than the lifetime of the field, in which case the straight-line method is applied. Rights and concessions are depleted on the unit-of-production basis over the total proved developed and undeveloped reserves of the relevant area. The unit-of-production rate calculation for the depreciation/amortisation of field development costs takes into account expenditures incurred to date, together with sanctioned future development expenditure.

Other property, plant and equipment (excluding land) are generally depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Property, plant and equipment held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of lease term and estimated useful life.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon

disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in "other income" in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

The asset's residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation/amortisation are reviewed at each reporting period and adjusted prospectively if necessary.

Useful lives

The useful lives of the assets are estimated as follows:

| Asset | Useful life |
|------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings | 25 years |
| Plant and equipment | 4 - 50 years |
| Office equipment | 4 years |
| Furniture and Fittings | 4 years |
| Motor vehicles | 4 years |
| Gas Plant | 40 years |

Project equipment and civil works are depreciated using the unit of production method.

iii) Disposal

The proceeds on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment or an intangible asset is recognised initially at its fair value by the Group. However, if payment for the item is deferred, the consideration received is recognised initially at the cash price equivalent. The difference between the nominal amount of the consideration and the cash price equivalent is recognised as interest revenue. Any part of the consideration that is receivable in the form of cash is treated as a definition of a financial asset and is accounted for at amortised cost.

iv) Major maintenance, inspection and repairs

Expenditure on major maintenance refits, inspections or repairs comprises the cost of replacement assets or parts of assets, inspection costs and overhaul costs. Where an asset or part of an asset, that was separately

depreciated and is now written off, is replaced and it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group, the expenditure is capitalised. Where part of the asset replaced was not separately considered as a component and therefore not depreciated separately, the replacement value is used to estimate the carrying amount of the replaced asset(s) which is immediately written off. Inspection costs associated with major maintenance programmes are capitalised and amortised over the period to the next inspection. All other day-to-day repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

g) Intangible assets

Intangible assets include computer software. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation (calculated on a straight-line basis over their useful lives) and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Computer software is amortised over 4 years.

Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised. Instead, the related expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period.

Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets.

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Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

h) Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill and indefinite life intangibles)

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset (or cash-generating unit (CGU)) may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, The Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs to sell and value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Groups of assets, in which case, the asset is tested as part of a larger CGU to it belongs.

Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset/CGU is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In calculating value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/CGU. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecasts which are prepared separately for each of The Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecasts generally cover the period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flow after the fifth year.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment of inventories, are recognised in profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset, except for property previously revalued where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case, the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

For assets/CGUs excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, The Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's / CGU's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset / CGU does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset/ CGU in prior years. Such a reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase and is recognised through other comprehensive income.

Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually (as at 31 December) and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each CGU (or Group of CGUs)

to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually (as at 31 December) either individually or at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

i) Financial assets

i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and The Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which The Group has applied the practical expedient, The Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus – in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss – transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which The Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15. Refer to the accounting policies in section (e) Revenue from contracts with customers.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order

to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that The Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI with recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments) This category is the most relevant to The Group. The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows And

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

derecognised, modified or impaired.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost includes trade and other receivables, and corporate bonds.

Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, The Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

This category includes unquoted equity securities which The Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through OCI. Dividends on unquoted equity

securities are also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from The Group's statement of financial position) when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired Or

The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the

risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, The Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, The Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at

the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that The Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that The Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For trade receivables and contract assets, The Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, The Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment using the loss rate model.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 45 days past due. However, in certain cases, The Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that The Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements

held by the Group.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

j) Financial liabilities, excluding derivative financial instruments, and equity instruments

i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables.

ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as described below.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as fair value through profit or loss.

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Amortised Cost

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the associated obligation is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

k) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

l) Cash and short-term deposits

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and at hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less but exclude any restricted cash which is not available for use by the Group and therefore is not considered highly liquid – for example cash set aside to cover rehabilitation obligations.

m) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- a) In the principal market for the asset or liability OR
- b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1** — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2** — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value

measurement is directly or indirectly observable. **Level 3** — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable"

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis,

The Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

n) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of producing and refining crude oil is accounted for on a weighted average basis. Inventories include crude (including the volume held up in pipes), refined products and spares/consumables. Net realisable value of crude oil and refined products is based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Cost includes all costs incurred in the normal course of business in bringing each product to its present location and condition. The cost of crude oil and refined products is the purchase cost, cost of refining, including the appropriate proportion of depreciation, depletion and amortisation and overheads based on normal capacity.

o) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at date of inception: whether fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement. The Group leases buildings which considerably may include extension or termination options as described below.

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period in exchange for consideration. The Group assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset; the Group has the right to obtain substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

Leases are initially recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Where it is reasonably certain that an extension option will be triggered in a contract, lease payments to be made in respect of the option will be included in the measurement of the lease liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the Group's incremental borrowing rate is used. This is the rate that the Group would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset, in a similar economic environment, with similar terms, security and conditions

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term on a straight-line basis. Payments associated with short term leases of properties and all leases of low-value assets are expensed in profit or loss as incurred in line with the exemption allowed under paragraph 6 of IFRS 16. Short term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Extension and termination options are included in property building agreement. These are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. Most of the extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

The Group elected to apply the practical expedient not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group also made use of the practical expedient to not recognise a right-of-use asset or a lease liability for leases for which the lease term ends within 12 months of the date of initial application

p) Provisions

i) General

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in profit or loss net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss.

ii) Decommissioning liability

The Group recognises a decommissioning liability when it has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made.

The obligation generally arises when the asset is installed or the ground/environment is disturbed at the field location. When the liability is initially recognised, the present value of the estimated costs is capitalised by increasing the carrying amount of the related oil and gas assets to the extent that it was incurred by the development/construction of the field. Any decommissioning obligations that arise through the production of inventory are expensed as incurred.

Changes in the estimated timing of decommissioning or decommissioning cost estimates are dealt with prospectively by recording an adjustment to the provision, and a corresponding adjustment to property, plant and equipment, in line with IFRIC 1.

Any reduction in the decommissioning liability and, therefore, any deduction from the asset to which it relates, shall not exceed the carrying amount of that asset. If it does, any excess over the carrying value is taken immediately to profit or loss.

If the change in estimate results in an increase in the decommissioning liability and, therefore, an addition to the carrying value of the asset, The Group considers whether this is an indication of impairment of the asset as a whole, and if so, tests for impairment in accordance with IAS 36. If, for mature fields, the revised oil and gas assets net of decommissioning provisions exceeds the recoverable value, that portion of the increase is charged directly to expense.

Over time, the discounted liability is increased for the change in present value based on the discount rate that reflects current market assessments and the risks specific to the liability. The periodic unwinding of the discount is recognised in profit or loss as a finance cost.

The Group recognises neither the deferred tax asset regarding the temporary difference on the decommissioning liability nor the corresponding deferred tax liability regarding the temporary difference on a decommissioning asset.

q) Income taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date in the countries where The Group and its subsidiary operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, using the temporary difference approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

iii) Royalties, resource rent tax and revenue-based taxes

In addition to corporate income taxes, The Group's financial statements also include and recognize as

taxes on income, other types of taxes on net income which are calculated based on oil and gas production. Royalties, resource rent taxes and revenue-based taxes are accounted for under IAS 12 when they have the characteristics of an income tax. This is considered to be the case when they are imposed under government authority and the amount payable is based on taxable income – rather than based on quantity produced or as a percentage of revenue – after adjustment for temporary differences. For such arrangements, current and deferred income tax is provided on the same basis as described above for other forms of income tax.

Obligations arising from royalty arrangements and other types of taxes, that do not satisfy these criteria, are recognised as current provisions and included in cost of sales. The revenue taxes payable by Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc do not meet the criteria for IAS 12 and are thus recognised as part of cost of sales.

iv) Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

Where the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable.

Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

r) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

The Group has applied IFRS 15 practical expedient to a portfolio of contracts (or performance obligations) with similar characteristics since the Group reasonably expects that the accounting result will not be materially different from the result of applying the standard to the individual contracts. The Group has been able to take a reasonable approach to determine the portfolios that would be representative of its types of customers and business lines. This has been used to categorise the different revenue stream detailed below.

The disclosures of significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to revenue from contracts with customers are provided in another section.

Sale of crude oil

Revenue from the sale of oil and petroleum products is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred, which is considered to occur when title passes to the customer. This generally occurs when the product is physically transferred into a vessel, pipe or other delivery mechanism.

The Group considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated (if any). In determining the transaction price for the sale of crude oil, the entity considers the existence of significant financing components and consideration payable to the customer (if any)."

Significant financing component

Using the practical expedient in IFRS 15, the entity does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component since it expects, at contract inception, that the period between the transfer of the promised good or service to the

customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less.

Contract balances

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Sale of Gas

The Group provides gas processing, marketing and transportation services. The Group recognises revenue from gas sale at the point in time when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. This generally occurs when the gas has been delivered at the buyer's delivery point for gas. The normal credit term is between 30-45 days upon delivery.

Sale of Refined Products

Revenue from the sale of refined products is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred, which is considered to occur when title passes to the customer. This generally occurs when the product is lifted by the customer/distributor. The Group considers whether there are other promises in the contract that are separate performance obligations to which a portion of the transaction price needs to be allocated (if any). In determining the transaction price for the sale of diesel, the entity considers the existence of significant financing components and consideration payable to the customer (if any). There are no credit terms for the sale of refined products as the Group receives upfront payment (downpayment) for the refined products before they are lifted by the customer/distributor.

Variable considerations

Consideration would be variable if an entity's entitlement to the consideration is contingent on the occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event.

Customer usage: Certain contracts have range of

possible transaction prices arising from different customer usages. The Group uses the expected value method to estimate the volume of goods the customer will utilise because this method best predicts the amount of variable consideration to which the Group will be entitled. Using the practical expedient in IFRS 15, the Group has elected to recognise revenue based on the amount invoiced to the customer since the Group has a right to consideration from its customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Group's performance completed to date.

Consideration payable to a customer

Consideration payable to a customer includes penalties that the Group expects to pay to its customer if it does not deliver the Adjusted Annual Contract Quantity or delivers off-specification gas. The consideration payable to a customer is accounted for as a reduction of the transaction unless the payment to the customer is in exchange for a distinct good or service that the customer transfers to the Group.

The Group recognise the reduction of revenue when (or as) the following events occur:

.....
the entity recognises revenue for the transfer of the related goods or services to the customer; and

the entity pays or promises to pay the consideration (even if the payment is conditional on a future event). That promise might be implied by the entity's customary business practices.

The following criteria are also applicable to other specific revenue transactions:

Interest income

For all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and interest-bearing financial assets classified as available for sale, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR), which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial

instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

Interest revenue is included in finance income in profit or loss.

s) Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of crude oil, gas inventory, refined products inventory (including depreciation, amortization and impairment charges), costs related to transportation, impairment, the allowance for doubtful accounts and inventory write downs.

t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. To the extent that variable rate borrowings are used to finance a qualifying asset and are hedged in an effective cash flow hedge of interest rate risk, the effective portion of the derivative is recognised in other comprehensive income and reclassified to profit or loss when the qualifying asset impacts profit or loss. To the extent that fixed rate borrowings are used to finance a qualifying asset and are hedged in an effective fair value hedge of interest rate risk, the capitalised borrowing costs reflect the hedged interest rate. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

u) Retirement benefit liabilities

The Group currently has only defined contribution plans. Its defined benefits plan was discontinued in 2016. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

v) Short-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.”

w) Dividend distribution

Dividend payment or payable is recognised when the Group becomes liable to make payment of dividend, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend at the annual general meeting. Proposed dividends on ordinary shares are not recognised as liability.

x) Current versus non-current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification. An asset is current when it is:

Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle

Held primarily for the purpose of trading

Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current. A liability

is current when:

It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle

It is held primarily for the purpose of trading

It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period

There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Group classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

y) Investment property

Investment properties refers to land and building held to earn rentals. Land is carried at cost and it is not subject to depreciation.

Building is initially recognized and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. Investment property held by the Company is depreciated over an estimated useful life of 25 years.

When a development project moves into the production stage, the capitalisation of certain construction/development costs ceases and costs are either regarded as part of the cost of inventory or expensed, except for costs which qualify for capitalisation relating to additions, improvements or new developments.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Group's financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the

disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on Management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates if different assumptions were used and different conditions existed.

In particular, the Group has identified the following areas where significant judgments, estimates and assumptions are required, and where if actual results were to differ, may materially affect the financial position or financial results reported in future periods. Further information on each of these and how they impact the various accounting policies are described in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

i. Hydrocarbon reserve and resource estimates

Oil and gas production properties are depreciated on units of production (UOP) basis at a rate calculated by reference to total proved developed and undeveloped reserves determined in accordance with Society of Petroleum Engineers rules and incorporating the estimated future cost of developing those reserves. The Group estimates its commercial reserves based on information compiled by appropriately qualified persons relating to the geological and technical data on the size, depth, shape and grade of the hydrocarbon body and suitable production techniques and recovery rates. Commercial reserves are determined using estimates of oil in place, recovery factors and future oil prices, the latter having an impact on the total amount of recoverable reserves and the proportion of the gross reserves which are attributable to the host government under the terms of the Production-Sharing Agreements. Future development costs are estimated using assumptions as to the number of wells required to produce the commercial reserves, the cost of such wells and associated production facilities, and other capital costs.

As the economic assumptions used may change and as

additional geological information is produced during the operation of a field, estimates of recoverable reserves may change. Such changes may impact The Group's reported financial position and results which include:

The carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, oil and gas properties, property, and plant and equipment may be affected due to changes in estimated future cash flows.

Depreciation and amortisation charges in profit or loss may change where such charges are determined using the units of production method, or where the useful life of the related assets change.

Provisions for decommissioning may change - where changes to the reserve estimates affect expectations about when such activities will occur and the associated cost of these activities.

The recognition and carrying value of deferred income tax assets may change due to changes in the judgements regarding the existence of such assets and in estimates of the likely recovery of such assets.

ii. Exploration and evaluation expenditures

The application of the Group's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits are likely either from future exploitation or sale or where activities have not reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves. The determination of reserves and resources is itself an estimation process that requires varying degrees of uncertainty depending on sub-classification and these estimates directly impact the point of deferral of exploration and evaluation expenditure. The deferral policy requires Management to make certain estimates and assumptions as to future events and circumstances, in particular whether an economically viable extraction operation can be established. Any such estimates and assumptions may change as new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalised, information becomes

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

available suggesting that the recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, the relevant capitalised amount is written off in profit or loss in the period when the new information becomes available.

iii. Units of production depreciation of oil and gas assets

Oil and gas properties are depreciated using the units of production (UOP) method over total proved developed and undeveloped hydrocarbon reserves. This results in a depreciation/amortisation charge proportional to the depletion of the anticipated remaining production from the field.

Each items' life, which is assessed annually, has regard to both its physical life limitations and to present assessments of economically recoverable reserves of the field at which the asset is located. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions, including the amount of recoverable reserves and estimates of future capital expenditure. The calculation of the UOP rate of depreciation could be impacted to the extent that actual production in the future is different from current forecast production based on total proved reserves, or future capital expenditure estimates changes. Changes to prove reserves could arise due to changes in the factors or assumptions used in estimating reserves, including:

The effect on proved reserves of differences between actual commodity prices and commodity price assumptions.

Or Unforeseen operational issues

Changes are accounted for prospectively.

iv. Recoverability of oil and gas assets

The Group assesses each asset or cash generating unit (CGU) (excluding goodwill, which is assessed annually regardless of indicators) every reporting period to determine whether any indication of impairment exists.

Where an indicator of impairment exists, a formal

estimate of the recoverable amount is made, which is considered to be the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. These assessments require the use of estimates and assumptions such as long-term oil prices (considering current and historical prices, price trends and related factors), discount rates, operating costs, future capital requirements, decommissioning costs, exploration potential, reserves (see Hydrocarbon reserves and resource estimates above) and operating performance (which includes production and sales volumes). These estimates and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty. Therefore, there is a possibility that changes in circumstances will impact these projections, which may impact the recoverable amount of assets and/or CGUs.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value for oil and gas assets is generally determined as the present value of estimated future cash flows arising from the continued use of the assets, which includes estimates such as the cost of future expansion plans and eventual disposal, using assumptions that an independent market participant may take into account. Cash flows are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Management has assessed its CGUs as being its operations, which is the lowest level for which cash inflows are largely independent of those of other assets.

v. Decommissioning costs

Decommissioning costs will be incurred by the Group at the end of the operating life of some of the Group's facilities and properties. The Group assesses its decommissioning provision at each reporting date. The ultimate decommissioning costs are uncertain and cost estimates can vary in response to many factors, including changes to relevant legal requirements, the emergence of new restoration techniques or experience at other production sites. The expected timing, extent and amount of expenditure can also change, for example in response to changes in reserves or changes in laws and

regulations or their interpretation. Therefore, significant estimates and assumptions are made in determining the provision for decommissioning. As a result, there could be significant adjustments to the provisions established which would affect future financial results. The provision at reporting date represents Management's best estimate of the present value of the future decommissioning costs required.

vi. Recovery of deferred income tax assets

Judgment is required to determine which types of arrangements are considered to be a tax on income in contrast to an operating cost. Judgment is also required in determining whether deferred income tax assets are recognised in the statement of financial position. Deferred income tax assets, including those arising from un-utilised tax losses, require Management to assess the likelihood that the Group will generate sufficient taxable earnings in future periods, in order to utilise recognised deferred income tax assets. Assumptions about the generation of future taxable profits depend on Management's estimates of future cash flows. These estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations (which are impacted by production and sales volumes, oil and natural gas prices, reserves, operating costs, decommissioning costs, capital expenditure, dividends and other capital management transactions) and judgment about the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, the ability of the Group to realise the net deferred income tax assets recorded at the reporting date could be impacted.

In addition, future changes in tax laws in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates could limit the ability of the Group to obtain tax deductions in future periods.

vii. Fair value hierarchy

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models

are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. The judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

viii. Revenue recognition

The Group applied the following judgements that significantly affects the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers:

Determining the timing of satisfaction of sales of Crude Oil

The Group concluded that revenue for sales of crude oil is to be recognised at a point in time, when the customer obtains control of the product. The Group assesses when control is transferred using the indicators below:

The Group has a present right to payment for the crude oil;

The customer has legal title to the crude oil;

The Group has transferred physical possession of the asset and delivery note received;

The customer has the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the crude oil; and

The customer has accepted the asset.

Determining the timing of satisfaction of Gas sale

The Company concluded that revenue for gas sale is to be recognised at a point in time; when the gas has been delivered at the buyer's delivery point for gas and the Company has the contractual right to bill.

Determining the timing of satisfaction of sales of condensate

The Company concluded that revenue for sales of

condensate is to be recognised at a point in time; when the customer obtains control of the product. The Company assesses when control is transferred using the indicators below:

The Company has a present right to payment for the condensate;

The customer has legal title to the condensate;

The Company has transferred physical possession of the asset and delivery note received;

The customer has the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the condensate; and

The customer has accepted the asset.

Determining the timing of satisfaction of refined products

The Company concluded that revenue for sales of refined products is to be recognised at a point in time; when the customer obtains control of the product. The Company assesses when control is transferred using the indicators below:

The Company has a present right to payment for the refined products;

The customer has legal title to the refined products;

The Company has transferred physical possession of the asset and delivery note received;

The customer has the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the refined products; and

The customer has accepted the asset.

ix. Provision for expected credit losses of trade receivables and contract assets

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables and contract assets. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various

customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, product type, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit and other forms of credit insurance).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the customer sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward- looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

x. Contingencies

By their nature, contingencies will only be resolved when one or more uncertain future events occur or fail to occur. The assessment of the existence, and potential quantum, of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

3. Revenue
Disaggregated revenue information

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Segments | | | | |
| Crude Oil | 35,579,364 | 26,434,719 | - | - |
| Gas | 5,332,939 | 2,068,119 | - | - |
| Diesel | 3,938,305 | 2,959,509 | - | - |
| Heavy Fuel Oil (HFO) | 1,061,369 | 282,540 | - | - |
| Naphtha | 585,092 | 341,656 | - | - |
| Dual Purpose Kerosene (DPK) | 3,141,063 | 442,173 | - | - |
| Marine Diesel Oil (MDO) | 1,929,529 | - | - | - |
| Total revenue | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | - | - |
| Geographical markets | | | | |
| Within Nigeria | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | - | - |
| Outside Nigeria | - | - | - | - |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | - | - |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | |
| Goods transferred at a point in time | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | - | - |
| Goods transferred over time | - | - | - | - |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | - | - |

Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations are summarised below:

point for gas and is generally due within 30 to 90 days from the date of issue of invoice.

Sale of Crude Oil

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the product is physically transferred into a vessel, pipe or other delivery mechanism and is generally due within 30 to 45 days from the date of issue of invoice.

Sale of Refined Products

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the product is lifted by the customer/distributor and payment is generally due within 0 to 30 days.

Sale of Natural Gas

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the gas has been delivered at the buyer's delivery

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Contract Balances | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 4,955,871 | 5,311,538 | - | - |

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days.

Performance obligation for crude oil, refined products and gas are fulfilled once delivery of the products occurs and payments are generally due on crude oil and gas between 30 to 90 days. Payments on refined products are due between 0 to 30 days.

Consultancy fees include provision of advisory, technical

and drilling services. Stock adjustment relates to the net movement in the value of inventory in the tank in the year.

Exploration costs refer to the one-off costs of the appraisal well drilled in the shallow offshore OPL 227 block. Management considers it prudent to write off these costs as it is not currently probable that these costs will be recovered from the asset.

4. Cost of Sales

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Consultancy fee | 5,116,548 | 1,465,303 | - | - |
| Crude oil handling charges | 3,398,240 | 3,626,213 | - | - |
| Depreciation and amortisation (Note 9) | 18,656,553 | 9,261,732 | - | - |
| Exploration costs - OPL 227 | 45,883 | 422,593 | - | - |
| Flowstation expenses | 608,117 | 340,281 | - | - |
| Materials, supplies and pollution control | 248,949 | 224,278 | - | - |
| Repairs and maintenance | 230,750 | 483,884 | - | - |
| Royalties to FGN | 4,606,008 | 1,528,646 | - | - |
| Statutory expenses | 42,741 | 31,898 | - | - |
| Staff costs (Note 8) | 4,035,911 | 3,792,300 | - | - |
| Stock adjustment | (1,010,910) | (2,216,060) | - | - |
| Total | 35,978,790 | 18,961,068 | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

5. Other Income

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Dividend received from Financial Assets (note 13) | 48,625 | 87,913 | 48,625 | 87,913 |
| Dividend received from Associate (note 14) | - | - | 1,530,856 | - |
| Fee income | 2,069 | 66,117 | 2,039 | - |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 7,723 | -- | - | - |
| Provision no longer required | 1,839,412 | - | - | - |
| Unrealised exchange gain | 3,176,208 | 6,608,018 | 27,206 | 1,699,576 |
| Total | 5,074,037 | 6,762,048 | 1,608,726 | 1,787,489 |

Fee income relates to income from trading activities outside the normal course of business

6. General and administrative expenses

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Auditor's remuneration (Note 6.2) | 62,780 | 50,000 | 21,745 | 15,750 |
| Bank charges | 104,252 | 131,452 | 44,338 | 69,442 |
| Community development expenses | 300,785 | 211,633 | 99,262 | 10,650 |
| Depreciation and amortisation (Note 9) | 668,880 | 296,211 | 17,743 | 25,167 |
| Directors' fees | 187,808 | 74,977 | 187,808 | 74,977 |
| Expected credit loss of financial assets (Note 6.3) | 28,200 | 57,109 | - | - |
| Fuel and utilities | 98,904 | 73,346 | 2,207 | 3,442 |
| Information technology expenses | 495,803 | 462,812 | 15,080 | 110,858 |
| Insurance | 771,837 | 678,611 | 73,549 | 65,543 |
| Permits, registrations and subscriptions | 217,047 | 539,093 | 11,537 | 10,626 |
| Professional fees | 1,075,784 | 926,244 | 190,924 | 112,867 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 966,657 | 643,452 | 249 | 27 |
| Staff costs (Note 8) | 2,690,607 | 2,528,200 | 111 | - |
| Training | 34,755 | 43,258 | 554 | 3,919 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Travelling | 185,039 | 50,821 | 8,526 | (3,470) |
| Other expenses (Note 6.1) | 751,034 | 321,558 | 39,289 | 61,696 |
| Total | 8,640,172 | 7,088,777 | 712,922 | 561,494 |

6.1. Other expenses consist of donations, printing and stationery, and other related administrative costs incurred during the year.

Professional fees consist of cleaning service, advisory services, security service, legal fees and registrar management fees.

6.2. Deloitte & Touche offered only audit services in the year 2021 and 2020.

6.3. Credit loss expense

The table below shows the ECL charges on financial instruments for the year recorded in the profit or loss:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------|--------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Debt instruments measured at amortised costs -trade receivables (note 17) | 28,200 | 57,109 | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

7. Finance cost and income

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Interest expense: | | | | |
| Bank borrowings | 3,002,528 | 2,885,426 | - | - |
| IPIN Interest | 38,786 | - | - | - |
| Provisions: unwinding of discount (Note 22) | 240,447 | 452,954 | - | - |
| Finance costs | 3,281,761 | 3,338,380 | - | - |
| Finance income: | | | | |
| Interest income | 1,643,987 | 1,286,324 | 1,555,109 | 539,292 |
| Write off | - | (655,626) | - | - |
| Net interest income | 1,643,987 | 630,698 | 1,555,109 | 539,292 |
| Coupon on Bonds | 19,440 | 44,781 | - | - |
| Finance income | 1,663,427 | 675,479 | 1,555,109 | 539,292 |
| Net (Finance costs)/finance income | (1,618,334) | (2,662,901) | 1,555,109 | 539,292 |

The finance income write-off relates to the current interest income that are deemed irrecoverable

8. Staff Costs

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Included in cost of sales: | | | | |
| Salaries and other staff costs | 4,035,911 | 3,792,300 | - | - |
| Included in general admin expenses: | | | | |
| Salaries and other staff costs | 2,690,607 | 2,528,200 | 111 | - |
| Total | 6,726,518 | 6,320,500 | 111 | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

9. Depreciation and Amortisation

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Included in cost of sales | | | | | |
| Depreciation of oil and gas properties | 18,656,553 | 9,261,732 | - | - | |
| Included in general admin expenses: | | | | | |
| Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment | 392,063 | 261,879 | 1,784 | 5,571 | |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 276,817 | 34,332 | 15,959 | 19,596 | |
| Total in general admin expenses | 668,880 | 296,211 | 17,743 | 25,167 | |
| Total | 19,325,433 | 9,557,943 | 17,743 | 25,167 | |

10. Earnings per share

Basic - GROUP

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year excluding ordinary shares purchased by the company and held as treasury shares.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------|------------|
| Profit attributable to equity holders of the Group | 29,403,017 | 16,796,063 |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Number | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | 217,242,218 | 217,242,218 |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------|--------|
| Basic and diluted earnings per share (N) | N135.35 | N77.31 |

cont.

Basic – COMPANY

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company | 2,142,153 | 1,657,221 |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Number | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | 217,242,218 | 217,242,218 |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Basic and diluted earnings per share (N) | N9.86 | N7.63 |

11. Property, plant and equipment

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Oil and gas properties (I Ia) | 193,394,254 | 160,120,211 | - | - |
| Other property, plant and equipment (I Ib & I Ic) | 2,414,380 | 2,215,250 | 4,176,704 | 2,517,742 |
| Total | 195,808,634 | 162,335,461 | 4,176,704 | 2,517,742 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

11a. GROUP

OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Project Equipment | Civil works | Gas pipeline | Gas plant facilities | Assets under development | Total |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| Cost: | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 102,134,878 | 2,990,211 | 6,830,168 | 22,760,891 | 47,351,588 | 182,067,736 |
| Translation difference | 20,746,946 | 717,539 | 1,671,921 | 5,447,184 | 13,369,442 | 41,953,031 |
| Reclassifications | - | - | 373,067 | - | (625,689) | (252,622) |
| Additions | 4,132,977 | 81,917 | 318,288 | 400,406 | 16,864,747 | 21,798,335 |
| Write-offs | - | - | - | - | (422,593) | (422,593) |
| Changes in decommissioning assets | 22,391 | - | - | - | - | 22,391 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 127,037,191 | 3,789,667 | 9,193,444 | 28,608,481 | 76,537,495 | 245,166,278 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 127,037,191 | 3,789,667 | 9,193,444 | 28,608,481 | 76,537,495 | 245,166,278 |
| Translation difference | 11,211,366 | 334,287 | 811,049 | 2,524,893 | 6,754,162 | 21,635,757 |
| Reclassifications | 65,071,943 | - | - | 222,189 | (65,294,132) | - |
| Transfer (note 12) | - | - | - | - | (1,032,475) | (1,032,475) |
| Additions | 5,108,273 | 90,032 | 44,603 | 352,280 | 12,837,794 | 18,432,982 |
| Write-offs | - | - | - | - | (47,081) | (47,081) |
| Changes in decommissioning assets | 21,012,518 | - | - | - | - | 21,012,518 |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 229,441,291 | 4,213,986 | 10,049,096 | 31,707,843 | 29,755,763 | 305,167,979 |
| Depreciation: | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 52,814,933 | 2,214,834 | 1,616,806 | 4,070,780 | - | 60,717,353 |
| Translation difference | 13,114,440 | 538,003 | 400,490 | 1,014,049 | - | 15,066,982 |
| Depreciation for the year | 8,184,023 | 160,585 | 235,898 | 681,226 | - | 9,261,732 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 74,113,396 | 2,913,422 | 2,253,194 | 5,766,055 | - | 85,046,067 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 74,113,396 | 2,913,422 | 2,253,194 | 5,766,055 | - | 85,046,067 |
| Translation difference | 7,067,229 | 264,213 | 207,517 | 532,146 | - | 8,071,105 |
| Depreciation for the year | 17,367,963 | 234,336 | 286,063 | 768,191 | - | 18,656,553 |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 98,548,588 | 3,411,971 | 2,746,774 | 7,066,392 | - | 111,773,725 |
| Net book value: | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2021 | 130,892,703 | 802,015 | 7,302,322 | 24,641,451 | 29,755,763 | 193,394,254 |
| At 31 December 2020 | 52,923,795 | 876,245 | 6,940,250 | 22,842,426 | 76,537,495 | 160,120,211 |

The notes on pages 100 to 167 form an integral part of these financial statements

cont.

There are no impairments in Property, Plant, and Equipment during the year. See Note 21 for assets pledged as collateral for borrowings. There are no capital commitments in respect of PPE expenditures.

The current year reclassification relates to movement of some assets from asset under development to project equipment. Transfer relates to movement of some assets from Oil and Gas properties (see note 11a) to Intangible assets (see note 12).

11b. GROUP

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Plant and machinery | Furniture and Fittings | Office equipment | Motor vehicles | Building | Land | Total |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Cost: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 274,047 | 79,401 | 1,578,985 | 1,259,060 | 976,028 | 569,000 | 4,736,521 |
| Translation difference | 97,155 | 26,930 | 425,157 | 317,089 | - | - | 866,331 |
| Additions | 24,079 | - | 113,116 | 28,206 | - | - | 165,401 |
| Reclassifications | 252,622 | - | - | - | - | - | 252,622 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 647,903 | 106,331 | 2,117,258 | 1,604,355 | 976,028 | 569,000 | 6,020,875 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 647,903 | 106,331 | 2,117,258 | 1,604,355 | 976,028 | 569,000 | 6,020,875 |
| Translation difference | 56,826 | 9,578 | 187,023 | 141,327 | - | - | 394,754 |
| Additions | 5,782 | 11,977 | 238,295 | 277,116 | 723 | - | 533,893 |
| Disposals | (48,733) | - | (8,260) | (115,637) | - | - | (172,630) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 661,778 | 127,886 | 2,534,316 | 1,907,161 | 976,751 | 569,000 | 6,776,892 |
| Depreciation: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 268,112 | 70,469 | 1,356,246 | 1,011,615 | 95,701 | - | 2,802,143 |
| Translation difference | 79,021 | 29,245 | 369,673 | 263,647 | 17 | - | 741,603 |
| Depreciation for the year | 5,777 | 5,000 | 114,741 | 121,635 | 14,726 | - | 261,879 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 352,910 | 104,714 | 1,840,660 | 1,396,897 | 110,444 | - | 3,805,625 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 352,910 | 104,714 | 1,840,660 | 1,396,897 | 110,444 | - | 3,805,625 |
| Translation difference | 32,537 | 9,334 | 168,068 | 127,513 | 2 | - | 337,454 |
| Depreciation for the year | 45,466 | 3,086 | 184,196 | 144,544 | 14,771 | - | 392,063 |
| Disposal | (48,733) | - | (8,260) | (115,637) | - | - | (172,630) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 382,180 | 117,134 | 2,184,664 | 1,553,317 | 125,217 | - | 4,362,512 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Plant and machinery | Furniture and Fittings | Office equipment | Motor vehicles | Building | Land | Total |
|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| Net book value: | | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2021 | 279,598 | 10,752 | 349,652 | 353,844 | 851,534 | 569,000 | 2,414,380 |
| At 31 December 2020 | 294,993 | 1,617 | 276,598 | 207,458 | 865,584 | 569,000 | 2,215,250 |

There are no impairments in Property, Plant, and Equipment during the year. See Note 21 for assets pledged as collateral for borrowings. There are no capital commitments in respect of PPE expenditures.

11c. COMPANY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Plant and machinery | Furniture and Fittings | Office equipment | Motor vehicles | Assets under development | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Cost: | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 21,172 | 33,130 | 44,099 | 14,102 | 1,887,413 | 1,999,916 |
| Translation difference | 18,852 | 15,909 | 49,655 | 17,848 | 1,011,129 | 1,113,393 |
| Additions | - | - | - | - | 40,105 | 40,105 |
| Reclassifications | - | - | - | - | (422,593) | (422,593) |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 40,024 | 49,039 | 93,754 | 31,950 | 2,516,054 | 2,730,821 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 40,024 | 49,039 | 93,754 | 31,950 | 2,516,054 | 2,730,821 |
| Translation difference | 3,133 | 4,328 | 8,274 | 2,820 | 190,817 | 209,372 |
| Additions | - | - | - | - | 1,469,831 | 1,469,831 |
| Disposal | (24,366) | - | - | - | - | (24,366) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 18,791 | 53,367 | 102,028 | 34,770 | 4,176,702 | 4,385,658 |
| Depreciation: | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 20,383 | 24,879 | 42,877 | 14,102 | - | 102,241 |
| Translation difference | 19,641 | 18,363 | 49,415 | 17,848 | - | 105,267 |
| Depreciation for the year | - | 4,648 | 923 | - | - | 5,571 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 40,024 | 47,890 | 93,215 | 31,950 | - | 213,079 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 40,024 | 47,890 | 93,215 | 31,950 | - | 213,079 |

cont.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

| ₦'000 | Plant and machinery | Furniture and Fittings | Office equipment | Motor vehicles | Assets under development | Total |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Translation difference | 3,133 | 4,263 | 8,242 | 2,819 | - | 18,457 |
| Depreciation for the year | - | 1,214 | 570 | - | - | 1,784 |
| Disposal | (24,366) | - | - | - | - | (24,366) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 18,791 | 53,367 | 102,027 | 34,769 | - | 208,954 |
| Net book value: | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2021 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 4,176,702 | 4,176,704 |
| At 31 December 2020 | - | 1,149 | 539 | - | 2,516,054 | 2,517,742 |

12. Intangible Assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Group | | | Company | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| | License | Software | Total | Software | Total |
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | - | 271,171 | 271,171 | 137,126 | 137,126 |
| Translation difference | - | 160,912 | 160,912 | 128,968 | 128,968 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | - | 432,083 | 432,083 | 266,094 | 266,094 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | - | 432,083 | 432,083 | 266,094 | 266,094 |
| Translation difference | - | 38,130 | 38,130 | 23,482 | 23,482 |
| Transfer (note 11) | 1,032,475 | - | 1,032,475 | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 1,032,475 | 470,213 | 1,502,688 | 289,576 | 289,576 |
| Amortisation: | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | - | 219,610 | 219,610 | 110,081 | 110,081 |
| Translation difference | - | 148,359 | 148,359 | 121,307 | 121,307 |
| Amortisation charge for the year | - | 34,332 | 34,332 | 19,596 | 19,596 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | - | 402,301 | 402,301 | 250,984 | 250,984 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | | Company | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | License | Software | Total | Software | Total |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | - | 402,301 | 402,301 | 250,984 | 250,984 |
| Translation difference | - | 43,899 | 43,899 | 22,633 | 22,633 |
| Amortisation charge for the year | 258,119 | 18,698 | 276,817 | 15,959 | 15,959 |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 258,119 | 464,898 | 723,017 | 289,576 | 289,576 |
| Net book value: | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2021 | 774,356 | 5,315 | 779,671 | - | - |
| At 31 December 2020 | - | 29,782 | 29,782 | 15,110 | 15,110 |

Intangible assets consist of computer software and license used by the entity for recording transactions and reporting. The entity's software has a finite life and is amortised on a straight-line basis over the life of the software licenses.

13. Financial Assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Fair value through OCI | | | | |
| Listed securities: | | | | |
| Consolidated Hallmark Insurance Plc | 2,176,010 | 881,422 | 2,176,010 | 881,422 |
| Unlisted securities: | | | | |
| PetroData Management Services Ltd | 4,087 | 122,769 | 4,087 | 122,769 |
| Dharmattan Gas and Power Ltd | 562 | 562 | 562 | 562 |
| At amortised cost | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds | - | 411,976 | - | - |
| Total | 2,180,659 | 1,416,729 | 2,180,659 | 1,004,753 |

The Group has designated its equity investments as FVOCI on the basis that these are not held for trading. In 2021, the Group received no dividends (31 Dec 2020: N1.2 million) from PetroData Management Services Ltd; N112,359 (31 Dec 2020: N112,359) from Dharmattan Gas and Power Ltd; N48.5 million (31 Dec 2020: N86.6 million) from Consolidated Hallmark Insurance Plc which were recorded in the income statement as other income. The Group did not dispose of or derecognise any FVOCI equity instruments in 2021. Further disclosures on fair value are made in note 32.

cont.

As at 31 December 2021, there were no impairments to the corporate bonds (31 Dec 2020: N30m). There are no impairment charges to Profit or Loss in the year.

14. Investment in associate - ND Western Limited

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| At 1 January | 99,313,414 | 74,896,272 | 7,810,062 | 7,810,062 |
| Share of profit | 9,775,862 | 6,175,599 | - | - |
| Share of other comprehensive income (net of tax), may not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | 9,104,823 | 18,241,543 | - | - |
| Dividend received | (1,530,856) | - | - | - |
| Carrying amount | 116,663,243 | 99,313,414 | 7,810,062 | 7,810,062 |

The summarised financial statements of ND Western Limited are presented below;

Summarised statement of financial position

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Current assets | 95,793,312 | 56,300,620 |
| Non-current asset | 329,517,063 | 371,952,395 |
| Current liabilities | (89,821,211) | (93,723,176) |
| Non-current liabilities | (55,499,620) | (96,179,554) |
| Net assets | 279,989,544 | 238,350,285 |
| NDEP's share of net assets | 116,663,243 | 99,313,414 |

cont.

Summarised profit or loss statement

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|------------------|-------------------|
| Revenue | 120,626,050 | 95,390,066 |
| Other income | 1,323,337 | 5,428,067 |
| Operating and Admin expenses | (63,358,249) | (74,046,250) |
| Net finance costs | (14,182,190) | (6,861,402) |
| Profit before taxation | 44,408,948 | 19,910,481 |
| Income tax | (20,947,068) | (5,089,162) |
| Profit after taxation | 23,461,880 | 14,821,319 |
| Other comprehensive income | 21,851,401 | 43,779,352 |
| Total comprehensive income | 45,313,281 | 58,600,671 |
| Proportion of Group's ownership | 41.667% | 41.667% |
| Group's share of profit for the year | 9,775,862 | 6,175,599 |
| Group's share of other comprehensive income | 9,104,823 | 18,241,543 |

The principal place of business of ND Western is Nigeria and it is accounted for using the equity method. Dividend of ₦1.3Bn was received from the associate in the year. 41.667% is the holding of the Group in ND Western.

As at 31 December 2021, ND Western reported a capital commitment balance of ₦27.3Bn (2020: ₦38.3Bn).

15. Deferred taxation

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

Deferred tax assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | 2021 | Group 2020 | Company 2021 | Company 2020 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Accelerated depreciation and amortisation | 30,400,000 | 14,136,142 | - | - |
| Tax losses | - | 435,689 | - | - |
| Total | 30,400,000 | 14,571,831 | - | - |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | 2021 | Group 2020 | Company 2021 | Company 2020 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Deferred tax liabilities | | | | |
| Accelerated depreciation and amortisation | 4,778,975 | 2,089,344 | - | - |
| Decommissioning liabilities | 204,380 | 385,011 | - | - |
| Total | 4,983,355 | 2,474,355 | - | - |
| Deferred taxation | | | | |
| At start of year | (12,097,476) | (9,395,284) | - | - |
| Income statement credit | (12,259,608) | (412,158) | - | - |
| Translation difference | (1,059,561) | (2,290,034) | - | - |
| Net deferred tax assets at end of year | (25,416,645) | (12,097,476) | - | - |
| Reflected in the statement of financial position as: | | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 4,983,355 | 2,474,355 | - | - |
| Deferred tax assets | (30,400,000) | (14,571,831) | - | - |
| Net deferred tax assets | (25,416,645) | (12,097,476) | - | - |

Deferred taxes are recoverable in more than one year.

16. Inventories

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | 2021 | Group 2020 | Company 2021 | Company 2020 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Crude Oil | 2,193,311 | 1,263,307 | - | - |
| Diesel | 209,398 | 67,041 | - | - |
| Heavy Fuel Oil (HFO) | 218,702 | 175,096 | - | - |
| Naphtha | 133,059 | 144,172 | - | - |
| Dual Purpose Kerosene (DPK) | 117,112 | 27,713 | - | - |
| Marine Diesel Oil (MDO) | 31,241 | 32,986 | - | - |
| Materials | 2,051,155 | 1,709,976 | - | - |
| Total | 4,953,978 | 3,420,291 | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

There were no write-downs of inventory during the year and all inventory balances are current in nature. Inventory balances will be turned over within 12 months after the financial year.

17. Trade and other receivables

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Trade receivables | 4,955,871 | 5,311,538 | - | - |
| Other receivables | 84,615 | 1,740,131 | 84,615 | 99,406 |
| Related party receivables (Note 31) | 13,673,641 | 11,978,132 | 25,788,694 | 23,473,997 |
| | 18,714,127 | 19,029,801 | 25,873,309 | 23,573,403 |
| Allowance for expected credit losses | (97,009) | (63,525) | - | - |
| | 18,617,118 | 18,966,276 | 25,873,309 | 23,573,403 |

Set out below is the movement in the allowance for expected credit losses of trade and other receivables:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------|----------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| As at 1 January | 63,525 | 2,686 | - | 228,976 |
| Provision for expected credit losses | 28,200 | 57,109 | - | - |
| Write back of expected credit losses | - | - | - | (228,976) |
| Translation difference | 5,284 | 3,730 | - | - |
| As at 31 December | 97,009 | 63,525 | - | - |

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30-90 day terms. Other receivables relate principally to receivables from Community Trust.

Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and related party receivables is N97.0m (Group) and Nil

for Company (31 Dec 2020: N63.5m - Group & Nil for Company). The write back of expected credit losses arose from reassessment. See note 32 for credit risk disclosures.

18. Prepayments

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Prepaid rent | 28,906 | 1,192 | - | - |
| Prepaid expenses | 91,038 | 72,031 | 989 | 14,459 |
| Prepaid insurance | 85,067 | 218,570 | 27,441 | 27,073 |
| Other prepayments | - | 15 | - | 15 |
| Total | 205,011 | 291,808 | 28,430 | 41,547 |

Other prepayments include prepaid internet access.

19. Cash and Bank

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Cash and bank balances | 7,940,764 | 2,734,015 | 147,727 | 1,055,111 |
| Short term deposits | 163,490 | 358,088 | 143,444 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents for statement of cashflow purposes | 8,104,254 | 3,092,103 | 291,171 | 1,055,111 |
| Restricted cash | 4,703,956 | 2,015,680 | 2,193,390 | 2,015,680 |
| Total Cash and Bank | 12,808,210 | 5,107,783 | 2,484,561 | 3,070,791 |

Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with less than three months to maturity, including cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities less than three months. Restricted cash relates to cash used as collateral for the BOI loan.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

20. Share capital and premium

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Group | Number of shares | Ordinary shares | Share premium | Total |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|
| ₦'000 | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |
| – Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |
| - Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Company | Number of shares | Ordinary shares | Share premium | Total |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------|
| ₦'000 | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |
| – Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |
| - Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 | 22,819,670 | 24,992,092 |

Share premium arose as a result of the issue of shares above par value.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Number of shares | Amount |
|--------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Authorised Share capital | 275,000,000 | 2,750,000 |
| Issued and fully paid-up | 217,242,218 | 2,172,422 |

21. Borrowings

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | 2021 | Group 2020 | 2021 | Company 2020 |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|--------------|
| GTB | 10,251,811 | 17,604,605 | - | - |
| BOI loan | 10,851,692 | 8,523,209 | - | - |
| Petre IPINs | 106,747 | 106,747 | - | - |
| Total | 21,210,250 | 26,234,561 | - | - |
| Current | 7,665,946 | 7,160,958 | - | - |
| Non-current | 13,544,304 | 19,073,603 | - | - |
| Total | 21,210,250 | 26,234,561 | - | - |

Participating Investment Notes (Petre IPINs)

On 9th May 2003, by a Share Purchase Agreement (“SPA”), Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc (NDEP) acquired all the shares of Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited of which the net consideration was paid to the then existing shareholders by issuing ordinary shares in NDEP of a total value of US\$ 2,113,738 at an agreed price of US\$ 0.30 per share and the issue of NDPR Participating Investment Notes of \$ 1.00 each to a value of US\$ 2,113,738 at an agreed price of \$1.00 per note. They are entitled to cashflow distributions.

interest thereon. Interest is payable at 11% per annum.

Bank of Industry Ltd (BOI)

BOI loan represents a \$25million facility from the Bank of Industry, obtained in October 2018. It is repayable monthly, over 6 years, with a one-year moratorium on principal. It is secured by a Bank Guarantee from Access Bank. Interest is payable at 9% per annum. A 6-months moratorium was granted on principal payments; however, the interest payable was reduced to 7% for a year.

Guaranty Trust Bank Plc (GTB)

An additional GTB loan facility of \$8million was secured and drawdown in October 2020. The longstanding previous GTB loan facility was secured in November 2018. \$15million and \$45million of the facility were drawdown in 2018 and 2019 respectively. The loan is repayable every quarter, starting from February 2019 to November 2023. It is secured by all assets debenture on fixed and floating assets of NDPR in Ogbale Field; floating charge on the crude oil produced from the acreage operated by NDPR in OML 54, assignment and domiciliation of crude oil sales proceeds to GTB; charge over collection accounts and corporate guarantee of NDEP Plc for the full facility amount and

BOI loan also represents an additional \$10million facility from the Bank of Industry, obtained in February 2021. It is repayable monthly, over 5 years. It is secured by a Bank Guarantee from First City Monument Bank (FCMB). Interest is payable at 8% per annum. A concession of a reduced interest rate to 6% per annum was given for an initial period of 6 months which was further extended for another 6 months as well as a 6 months moratorium for principal payments.

cont.

The exposure of the Company's borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| 6-12 months | 7,665,946 | 7,160,958 | - | - |
| 1-5 years | 13,544,304 | 19,073,603 | - | - |
| Over 5 years | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 21,210,250 | 26,234,561 | - | - |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------|------------|------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Carrying amount: | | | | |
| Borrowings | 21,210,250 | 26,234,561 | - | - |
| Fair value: | | | | |
| Borrowings | 20,147,625 | 25,747,390 | - | - |

The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the current borrowing rate of 11% for GTB, 6% and 9% for BOI. They are classified as level 2 fair values in the fair value hierarchy.

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| At 1 January | 26,234,561 | 23,048,140 | - | - |
| Additional borrowing | 4,129,900 | 2,849,840 | - | - |
| Repayments | (12,065,916) | (5,399,778) | - | - |
| Foreign exchange movement | 2,305,848 | 5,320,397 | - | - |
| Accrued interest | 90,032 | 126,083 | - | - |
| Remeasurements | 515,825 | 289,879 | - | - |
| At 31 December | 21,210,250 | 26,234,561 | - | - |

Remeasurements are non-cashflow and relate to the effects of carrying borrowings at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

22. Decommissioning liabilities

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | Company |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 17,301,015 | - |
| Charged/(credited) to profit or loss: | | |
| Changes in estimated flows | 22,391 | - |
| Translation difference | 4,175,006 | - |
| Unwinding of discount due to passage of time | 452,954 | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 21,951,365 | - |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 21,951,365 | - |
| Charged/(credited) to profit or loss: | | |
| Changes in estimated flows | 21,012,518 | - |
| Translation difference | 1,944,325 | - |
| Unwinding of discount due to passage of time | 240,447 | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 45,148,655 | - |

The Group makes full provision for the future cost of decommissioning oil & gas production facilities, refining facilities and pipelines on a discounted basis. The decommissioning provision represents the present value of decommissioning costs relating to these assets, which are expected to be incurred up to 2057. These provisions have been created based on the Group's internal estimates. Assumptions based on the current economic environment have been made which Management believes are a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the future liability. These estimates are reviewed regularly to take into account any material changes to the assumptions. However, actual decommissioning costs will ultimately depend upon future market prices for the necessary decommissioning works required which will reflect market conditions at the relevant time. Furthermore, the timing of decommissioning is likely to depend on when the assets cease to produce at economically viable rates. This, in turn, will depend upon future oil and gas prices, which are inherently uncertain. The discount rate used in the calculation of the provision as at 31 December 2021 is 1.90% (31 December 2020: 1.65%). The inflation rate used in the calculation of the provision as at 31 December 2021 is 4.69% (31 December 2020: 1.36%)

23. Trade and other payables

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Royalty payable | 6,745,364 | 3,911,614 | - | - |
| Sundry creditors | 2,543,306 | 1,862,345 | 401,340 | 400,467 |
| Trade payables | 7,379,475 | 7,992,830 | 2,179,254 | 2,026,655 |
| Unclaimed dividend | 466,845 | 349,064 | 466,845 | 349,064 |
| | 17,134,990 | 14,115,853 | 3,047,439 | 2,776,186 |

- Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms. Sundry creditors include accrued IPIN note dues, and staff payables.

- The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates to their fair value.

24. Taxation

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Petroleum profit tax | 1,557,385 | - | - | - |
| Income tax expense | 792,115 | 202,390 | 250,528 | 101,298 |
| Minimum tax | 27,257 | - | - | - |
| Education tax | 380,364 | 167,470 | 58,232 | 6,768 |
| Under/(over) provision of prior year taxes | 279,734 | (148) | - | - |
| Total current tax | 3,036,855 | 369,712 | 308,760 | 108,066 |
| Deferred taxation | | | | |
| Origination of temporary differences | (12,259,608) | (412,158) | - | - |
| Total deferred tax | (12,259,608) | (412,158) | - | - |
| Income tax (credit)/expense | (9,222,753) | (42,446) | 308,760 | 108,066 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

The movement in the current and petroleum income tax liability is as follows

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| At 1 January | 345,789 | 1,314,270 | 115,125 | - |
| Tax paid | (415,661) | (1,572,755) | (112,818) | - |
| Prior period under/(over) provision | 279,734 | (148) | - | - |
| Income tax charge for the year | 2,757,121 | 369,860 | 308,760 | 108,066 |
| Foreign exchange difference | (261,901) | 234,562 | 7,059 | 7,059 |
| At 31 December | 2,705,082 | 345,789 | 318,126 | 115,125 |

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Profit before income tax | 20,180,264 | 16,753,617 | 2,450,913 | 1,765,287 |
| Income tax using the weighted average domestic corporation tax rate | 13,117,172 | 11,895,068 | 735,274 | 529,586 |
| Net origination of temporary differences | (12,259,608) | (412,158) | - | - |
| Minimum tax | 27,257 | - | - | - |
| Education tax levy | 380,364 | 167,470 | 58,232 | 6,768 |
| Non-taxable income | (5,195,001) | (5,778,356) | (484,746) | (428,288) |
| Disallowed expenses | 14,805,692 | 9,265,100 | - | - |
| Recognition of previously unrecognised tax incentives | (13,270,619) | (7,306,619) | - | - |
| Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses | (473,700) | (3,488,128) | - | - |
| Share of profit from associate taxed at source | (6,354,310) | (4,384,675) | - | - |
| (Over)/under provided in prior years | - | (148) | - | - |
| Total income tax (credit)/expense in income statement | (9,222,753) | (42,446) | 308,760 | 108,066 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

25. Subsidiaries

The Niger Delta Exploration and Production Company ('the parent') controls the following subsidiaries:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Effective Ownership Interest | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | |
| Niger Delta Petroleum Resources (NDPR) | 100% | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| NDEP Investments Limited | 100% | 1,243,205 | 1,243,205 |
| ND Refineries Limited | 94.0345% | 14,149,460 | 14,149,460 |
| ND Gas Limited (ND Gas) | 100% | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| | | 15,452,665 | 15,452,665 |

Summarized statement of profit or loss

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited | | ND Gas Limited | | ND Refineries Limited | | NDEP Investments Limited | |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Revenue | 43,143,053 | 28,917,148 | 6,926,124 | 3,070,585 | 10,655,358 | 4,025,878 | 95,238 | 95,238 |
| Cost of sales | (32,213,116) | (17,334,176) | (2,662,945) | (1,671,578) | (10,791,507) | (3,645,925) | (65,043) | (24,230) |
| | 10,929,937 | 11,582,972 | 4,263,179 | 1,399,007 | (136,149) | 379,953 | 30,195 | 71,008 |
| Other income | 5,003,984 | 4,186,521 | - | - | 218,143 | 952,818 | - | - |
| General and Admin expenses | (6,605,219) | (5,814,518) | (722,107) | (586,907) | (324,176) | (155,930) | - | - |
| Net Finance (income)/costs | (2,298,206) | (1,976,375) | (59,845) | (77,684) | (815,392) | (1,148,134) | - | - |
| Profit / (Loss) before taxation | 7,030,496 | 7,978,600 | 3,481,227 | 734,416 | (1,057,574) | 28,707 | 30,195 | 71,008 |
| Tax expense/ (credit) | 10,350,266 | (27,059) | (2,864,131) | 459,275 | 2,052,541 | (222,759) | (7,163) | (58,945) |
| Profit/(loss) after taxation | 17,380,762 | 7,951,541 | 617,096 | 1,193,691 | 994,967 | (194,052) | 23,032 | 12,063 |
| Other comprehensive income | 4,159,433 | 14,444,435 | 4,409,254 | (548,944) | 1,409,303 | 6,131,505 | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income | 21,540,195 | 22,395,976 | 5,026,350 | 644,747 | 2,404,270 | 5,937,453 | 23,032 | 12,063 |

cont.

Summarised statement of financial position:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited | | ND Gas Limited | | ND Refineries Limited | | NDEP Investments Limited | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Property plant & equipment | 66,988,954 | 64,206,768 | 41,099,208 | 33,245,927 | 82,123,202 | 60,930,410 | - | - |
| Intangible assets | 778,481 | 12,663 | - | - | 1,190 | 2,009 | - | - |
| Deferred tax assets | 28,969,493 | 15,162,973 | - | - | 1,298,433 | - | 89,737 | 92,778 |
| Investment property | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,420,566 | 1,434,614 |
| Financial assets | - | 411,976 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Investment in subsidiary | 1,640,071 | 1,640,071 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Inventories | 2,800,785 | 1,866,281 | 1,255,276 | 1,104,601 | 897,917 | 449,409 | - | - |
| Trade and other receivables | 3,438,514 | 6,207,669 | 19,724,910 | 14,155,365 | - | - | 210,761 | 171,077 |
| Prepayments | 176,581 | 225,549 | - | - | 68,042 | 24,712 | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 9,393,286 | 1,774,765 | 341,157 | 45,574 | 589,206 | 216,653 | - | - |
| Total assets | 114,186,165 | 91,508,715 | 62,420,551 | 48,551,467 | 84,977,990 | 61,623,193 | 1,721,064 | 1,698,469 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 13,951,226 | 17,711,352 | - | - | 7,259,024 | 8,523,209 | - | - |
| Deferred tax liabilities | - | - | 4,941,018 | 2,382,879 | - | 775,396 | - | - |
| Decommissioning liabilities | 18,169,403 | 13,454,465 | 9,272,757 | 3,435,072 | 17,706,495 | 5,061,828 | - | - |
| Trade and other payables | 10,796,462 | 12,385,158 | 278,358 | 192,467 | 33,817,696 | 23,499,701 | 4,301 | 1,429 |
| Taxation | 1,752,224 | (18,912) | 603,164 | 242,145 | 27,446 | - | 4,122 | 7,431 |
| Total Liabilities | 44,178,719 | 43,532,063 | 15,095,297 | 6,252,563 | 58,810,661 | 37,860,134 | 8,423 | 8,860 |
| Equity | | | | | | | | |
| Deposit for shares | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,223,205 | 1,223,205 |
| Share capital | 50,000 | 50,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 |
| Share premium | - | - | - | - | 16,765,000 | 16,765,000 | - | - |
| Translation reserve | 20,272,538 | 16,113,105 | 12,574,976 | 8,165,722 | 7,540,808 | 6,131,505 | - | - |
| Retained earnings | 49,194,312 | 31,813,547 | 34,740,278 | 34,123,182 | 1,851,521 | 856,554 | 469,436 | 446,404 |
| Total equity | 69,992,695 | 47,976,652 | 47,325,254 | 42,298,904 | 26,167,329 | 23,763,059 | 1,712,641 | 1,689,609 |
| Total liabilities and equity | 114,186,165 | 91,508,715 | 62,420,551 | 48,551,467 | 84,977,990 | 61,623,193 | 1,721,064 | 1,698,469 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

Summarised statement of cash flows

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited | | ND Gas Limited | | ND Refineries Limited | | NDEP Investments Limited | |
|--|---|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Net cash flows from/ (used in) operating activities | 26,669,398 | 12,869,688 | 789,114 | 798,525 | 7,277,560 | 8,099,179 | 723 | (63,000) |
| Net cash (used in)/ from investing activities | (11,514,740) | (12,020,080) | (495,722) | (859,372) | (4,160,830) | (6,378,348) | (723) | - |
| Net cash flows (used in)/generated from financing activities | (7,561,556) | (3,673,118) | - | - | (2,744,177) | (1,569,495) | - | 63,000 |
| Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash | 7,593,102 | (2,823,510) | 293,392 | (60,847) | 372,553 | 151,336 | - | - |

26. Commitments

As at 31 December 2021, there are no capital commitments that have not been provided for or disclosed in the financial statements (2020 - Nil).

27. Contingencies

The Group has contingent liabilities in respect of legal suits against Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited (NDPR) as the operator of the Ogbele oil field. The possible liabilities from these cases amount to ₦1,197 billion (2020: ₦3,290million). These have not been incorporated in these financial statements. The directors on the advice of the Group's solicitors are of the opinion that the Group will not suffer any loss from these claims.

28. Translation reserve

Included in translation reserve are share of other comprehensive income of an associate and foreign currency translation reserve.

29. Fair value reserve

This represents the fair value changes in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

30. Dividend paid and proposed

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Cash dividends on ordinary shares declared and paid | 1,520,696 | 3,693,118 | 1,520,696 | 3,693,118 |
| Final dividend for 2020: ₦7 per share (2019 : ₦17 per share) | | | | |
| Proposed dividends on ordinary shares | | | | |
| Final dividend for 2021 : ₦20 per share (2020: ₦7 per share) | 4,344,844 | 1,520,696 | 4,344,844 | 1,520,696 |

31. Related party disclosures

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc and the subsidiaries listed in the following table:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Country of Incorporation | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|--------------------------|---------|---------|
| Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited | Nigeria | 100 | 100 |
| ND Gas Limited | Nigeria | 100 | 100 |
| NDEP Investments Limited | Nigeria | 100 | 100 |
| ND Refineries Limited | Nigeria | 94.0345 | 94.0345 |

Other related parties include ND western Limited, an associate company in which the Group has a 41.667% ownership interest.

The ultimate parent of the Group is Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

a) Sales of goods and services

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------|------------|
| ₦'000 | | |
| Goods | | |
| – ND Western Limited (Associate) | Nil | Nil |
| Rendering of services: | | |
| – Ultimate parent (legal and administration services) | Nil | Nil |
| Total | Nil | Nil |

b) Purchase of goods and services

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| ₦'000 | | |
| Rendering of services: | | |
| – Entity controlled by key Management personnel (Geotrex Systems Limited) | 182,378 | 370,764 |
| Total | 182,378 | 370,764 |

Goods and services are bought from associates and an entity controlled by key Management personnel on normal commercial terms and conditions.

c) Key Management compensation

Key management includes Directors (executive and non-executive), members of the Executive Committee, the Company Secretary and the Head of Internal Audit. The compensation paid or payable to key Management for employee services is shown below:

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| ₦'000 | | |
| Salaries and other short-term employee benefits | 833,410 | 232,123 |
| Post-employment benefits | 2,531,019 | 1,074,668 |
| Total | 3,364,429 | 1,306,791 |

cont.

d) Year-end balances arising from sales/purchases of goods/services

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|------------|------------|
| ₦'000 | | |
| Receivables from related parties | | |
| ND Western Limited | 13,673,641 | 11,978,132 |

The receivables are unsecured in nature and bear interest at commercial interest rates. No provisions are held against receivables from related parties (2020: nil).

There were no loans to related parties during the year.

32. Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the group's financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Group's senior management, under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Group identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's functional units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and credit risk, and investment of excess liquidity.

a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as currency exchange rates and interest rates - will affect the Group's income or the value of its financial instruments. The aim of managing market risk is to manage exposures within acceptable parameters, while

optimising return.

i) Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to cash and cash equivalents that are denominated in currencies other than the Dollar. However, its exposure to other currencies is immaterial.

The Group enjoys a natural hedge in its Dollar functional currency.

ii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments in financial assets (Consolidated Hallmark Investment) held by the Group. However, the Group is also exposed to commodity price risk in form of crude oil inventory. Oil prices are determined by market forces which are beyond the control of the Group. Management is currently examining different strategies for managing this risk as market realities unfold.

cont.

The sensitivity of the Group's earnings and equity to a change in the price per barrel of oil equivalent at year end is shown below:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₹'000 | Changes in year-end price | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Barrels of oil equivalents | 10% | 7,226,482 | 5,116,888 |
| | -10% | (7,226,482) | (5,116,888) |
| Equity prices | 10% | 217,601 | 88,142 |
| | -10% | (217,601) | (88,142) |

iii) Cash flow and interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cashflows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group is not exposed to this risk as it does not have a floating interest rate instrument.

b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables), and deposits with banks and financial institutions.

Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The requirement for impairment is analysed at each reporting date on an individual basis for all customers. The Group evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as Medium as customers consists of large and reputable oil and gas companies. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position is its

carrying amount.

Deposits with banks and other financial institutions

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Group's Finance department in accordance with the Group's policy. Surplus funds are spread amongst reputable commercial banks and funds must be within treasury limits assigned to each of the counterparty. Counterparty treasury limits are reviewed by the Group's Finance Director periodically and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of the Finance Director. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through potential counterparty's failure. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position is its carrying amount.

Trade receivables

For trade receivables, the Group applied the simplified approach in computing ECL. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses (ECL). The provision rates are

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region, customer type and rating, and coverage by letters of credit or other forms of credit insurance). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written-off

if past due for more than one year and are not subject to enforcement activity. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets disclosed in Note 17. The Group does not hold collateral as security.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables as at 31 December 2021 using a provision matrix:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021

| ₹'000 | Gross | Credit impaired | Expected Credit Loss | ECL rate |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------|
| Current | 4,608,611 | Yes | 6,921 | 0% |
| <30 days | 54,964 | Yes | 859 | 2% |
| 30-60 days | 1,100,817 | No | 24,419 | 0% |
| 61-90 days | 292,296 | Yes | - | 0% |
| >90 days | - | No | - | 0% |
| Total | 4,955,871 | | 32,181 | |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2020

| ₹'000 | Gross | Credit impaired | Expected Credit Loss | ECL rate |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------|
| Current | 5,226,032 | Yes | 1,682 | 0% |
| <30 days | 39,371 | Yes | 943 | 2% |
| 30-60 days | - | Yes | - | 0% |
| 61-90 days | 46,135 | No | 2,343 | 0% |
| >90 days | - | No | - | 0% |
| Total | 5,311,538 | | 4,968 | |

cont.

Movement in the allowance for impairment in respect of trade receivables during the year was as follows:

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------------|--------------|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | |
| N'000 | | |
| Balance as at 1 January | 4,968 | 2,686 |
| Provision for expected credit losses | 27,213 | 2,282 |
| Unused amount reversed | - | - |
| Balance as at 31 December | 32,181 | 4,968 |

Group - Intercompany receivables

An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount and the corresponding ECL allowances is, as follows:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021

| N'000 | Stage 1 | Stage 2 | Stage 3 | Total |
|---|------------|---------|---------|------------|
| Gross carrying amount as at 1 January 2021 | 11,978,132 | - | - | 11,978,132 |
| New asset purchased | 1,695,509 | - | - | 1,695,509 |
| Asset derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs) | - | - | - | - |
| At 31 December 2021 | 13,673,641 | - | - | 13,673,641 |

Company - Intercompany receivables

Internal grading system

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

N'000

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Standard grade | 339,821 | 339,821 |
| | 339,821 | 339,821 |

cont.

Related party receivables

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021

N'000

Gross carrying amount as at 1 January

New assets originated or purchased
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write offs)

Gross carrying amount as at 31 December

| | Stage I Individual | Total |
|------|--------------------|--------------|
| 2021 | | |
| | 23,473,997 | 23,473,997 |
| | 25,788,694 | 25,788,694 |
| | (23,473,997) | (23,473,997) |
| | 25,788,694 | 25,788,694 |

Impairment allowance for related party receivables on shareholders

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021

N'000

ECL allowance as at 1 January 2021 under IFRS 9

Provision for expected credit losses
Translation difference

| | Stage I Individual | Total |
|------|--------------------|--------|
| 2021 | | |
| | 58,557 | 58,557 |
| | 1,612 | 1,612 |
| | 4,660 | 4,660 |

Corporate bonds

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021

N'000

Gross carrying amount as at 1 January 2021

Accrued coupon
New assets originated or purchased
Assets derecognised or repaid (excluding write-offs)

Gross carrying amount as at 31 December

| | Stage I Individual | Total |
|------|--------------------|-------|
| 2021 | | |
| | - | - |
| | - | - |
| | - | - |
| | - | - |

cont.

The Group monitors its risk of a shortage of funds using a liquidity planning tool. and those financial assets used for managing liquidity risk.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank overdrafts, bank loans, debentures, and preference shares. The Group assessed the concentration of risk with respect to refinancing its debt and concluded it to be low. The Group has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding and debt maturing within 12 months can be rolled over with existing lenders. The following are the contractual maturities of financial instruments:

c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in funding its business activities and meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Finance department monitors and manages liquidity but ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has established an appropriate management for the company short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The table below disclose the maturity profile of the company's financial liabilities

Group

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Less than a year | Between 1 and 2 years | Between 2 and 5 years |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2021 | | | | | |
| Trade payable | 7,379,475 | 7,379,475 | 7,379,475 | - | - |
| Borrowings | 21,210,250 | 20,147,625 | 7,563,665 | 10,794,853 | 1,789,107 |
| 2020 | | | | | |
| Trade payable | 7,992,830 | 7,992,830 | 7,992,830 | - | - |
| Borrowings | 26,234,561 | 25,747,390 | 6,651,815 | 12,613,631 | 6,481,944 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

Company

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Less than a year | Between 1 and 2 years | Between 2 and 5 years |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 2021 | | | | | |
| Trade payable | 2,179,254 | 2,179,254 | 2,179,254 | - | - |
| Borrowings | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2020 | | | | | |
| Trade payable | 2,026,655 | 2,026,655 | 2,026,655 | - | - |
| Borrowings | - | - | - | - | - |

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities have been included at the amount at which the instruments can be exchanged, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate fair values;

Fair value of unlisted equities is based on the average of two valuation techniques namely the dividend discount model, and the Enterprise Value multiples.

Fair value of corporate bonds is based on price quotations at the reporting date.

Cash and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Long-term borrowings are evaluated by the Group based on parameters such as interest rates, specific country factors, and risk characteristics of the projects financed. The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the borrowing rate of 11%, 6%/ 9% (2020: 11%, 6%/9%) for GTB and BOI.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

The following table discloses the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Date of Valuation | Total | Level 1 (quoted market price) | Level 2 (observable market inputs) | Level 3 (unobservable market inputs) |
|---|-------------------|------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Assets for which fair values are disclosed; | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds | 31-Dec 21 | - | - | - | - |
| Assets measured at fair value | | | | | |
| Unlisted equity securities | 31-Dec 21 | 2,180,659 | - | - | 2,180,659 |
| Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed; | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 31-Dec 21 | 20,147,625 | - | 20,147,625 | - |
| Assets for which fair values are disclosed; | | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds | 31-Dec 20 | 408,000 | - | 408,000 | - |
| Assets measured at fair value | | | | | |
| Unlisted equity securities | 31-Dec 20 | 1,004,753 | - | - | 1,004,753 |
| Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed; | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 31-Dec 20 | 25,747,390 | - | 25,747,390 | - |

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during 2020

cont.

The following table discloses the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Company's assets and liabilities.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| ₦'000 | Date of Valuation | Total | Level 1 (quoted market price) | Level 2 (observable market inputs) | Level 3 (unobservable market inputs) |
|---|-------------------|---------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Assets measured at fair value; | | | | | |
| Unlisted equity securities | 31-Dec 21 | 4,649 | - | - | 4,649 |
| Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed; | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 31-Dec 21 | - | - | - | - |
| Assets measured at fair value; | | | | | |
| Unlisted equity securities | 31-Dec 20 | 123,331 | - | - | 123,331 |
| Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed; | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 31-Dec 20 | - | - | - | - |

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during 2021

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis are shown below for Group and Company:

| 31 December 2021 | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable inputs | Rate | Sensitivity of the input to fair value |
|--|-------------------------------|---|------|--|
| AFS financial assets in unquoted equity shares | Dividend discount model (DDM) | Long-term growth rate for cash flows for subsequent years | -14% | 6% increase / (decrease) in the growth rate would result in an increase/ (decrease) in fair value by ₦1.2m |

cont.

| 31 December 2021 | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable inputs | Rate | Sensitivity of the input to fair value |
|------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|---------|--|
| | | Cost of equity capital | 12%/22% | 2% increase/ (decrease) in the cost of equity capital would result in a decrease/(increase) in fair value by ₦0.3m |
| | | Discount for lack of marketability | 10% | This is not applicable in this financial year |

| 31 December 2020 | Valuation technique | Significant unobservable inputs | Rate | Sensitivity of the input to fair value |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---------|---|
| AFS financial assets in unquoted equity shares | Dividend discount model (DDM) | Long-term growth rate for cash flows for subsequent years | 33% | 6% increase / (decrease) in the growth rate would result in an increase/ (decrease) in fair value by ₦163m |
| | | Cost of equity capital | 22%/31% | 2% increase/ (decrease) in the cost of equity capital would result in a decrease/(increase) in fair value by ₦78m |
| | | Discount for lack of marketability | 10% | This is not applicable in this financial year |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

Capital Management Disclosures

The Group and the Company's objectives when managing capital, which is a broader concept than the 'equity' on the face of the statement of financial position, are:

To comply with the capital requirements set by the regulators of the oil and gas industry, where the company operates;

To safeguard the ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and

To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

Capital adequacy is strictly observed when managing economic capital.

The gearing ratio is computed below:

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| ₦'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2020 |
| Total interest bearing debt | 21,210,250 | 26,234,561 | - | - | - |
| Total Equity | 291,234,192 | 240,331,452 | 54,640,825 | 50,594,762 | 50,594,762 |
| Capital Gearing (Debt to Equity) | 7% | 11% | 0% | 0% | 0% |

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|
| ₦'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2020 |
| Total Assets | 377,433,169 | 302,979,020 | 58,006,390 | 53,486,073 | 53,486,073 |
| Total Equity | 291,234,192 | 240,331,452 | 54,640,825 | 50,594,762 | 50,594,762 |
| Capital Gearing (Total Equity to Total | 77% | 79% | 94% | 95% | 95% |

33. Staff Information

a) The average number of full time persons employed by the Company during the year was as follows:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|----------------|-------|------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Management | 3 | 2 | - | - |
| Operations | 138 | 108 | - | - |
| Finance | 15 | 15 | - | - |
| Administration | 73 | 79 | - | - |
| Total | 229 | 204 | - | - |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|------------------------|-------|------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Less than 5,000,000 | 3 | - | - | - |
| 5,000,001 – 10,000,000 | 34 | 66 | - | - |
| Above 10,000,000 | 192 | 138 | - | - |
| Total | 229 | 202 | - | - |

34. Directors remuneration

The remuneration paid to the Directors of the Company was:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Emoluments (including salaries, bonuses, fees and sitting allowance) | 521,602 | 249,474 | 188,714 | 70,051 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT.)

cont.

Fees and other emoluments disclosed above include amounts paid to:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | |
| The Chairman | 42,711 | 11,425 | 42,711 | 11,425 | |
| The highest paid Director | 182,378 | 623,599 | 182,378 | 623,599 | |

35. Non-controlling interest

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Name of subsidiary | Principal place of business and place of incorporation | | Proportion of ownership interests and voting rights held by non-controlling interest | | Total Comprehensive allocated to non-controlling interests for the year | | Non-controlling interest | |
|--------------------|--|------|--|---------|---|---------|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| ND Refineries Ltd | Nigeria | | %5.9655 | %5.9655 | 143,427 | 354,199 | 1,483,095 | 1,339,668 |

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Revenue | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | - | - |
| Cost of bought in materials and services | | | | |
| - Local | (13,961,003) | (8,642,756) | (695,068) | (536,327) |
| | 37,606,658 | 23,885,960 | (695,068) | (536,327) |
| Non-trading items | 16,513,326 | 13,613,126 | 3,163,835 | 2,326,781 |
| Value added | 54,119,984 | 37,499,086 | 2,468,767 | 1,790,454 |
| | % | % | % | % |
| Applied as follows: | | | | |
| To employees: | | | | |
| - Staff costs | 6,726,518 | 12 | 6,320,500 | 17 |
| | | | 111 | - |
| To Government: | | | | |
| Royalty costs | 4,606,008 | 9 | 1,528,646 | 4 |
| Gas flaring charges | - | - | - | - |
| Taxes | 3,036,855 | 6 | 369,712 | 1 |
| | | | 308,760 | 13 |
| | | | 108,066 | 6 |
| To providers of funds: | | | | |
| Interest | 3,281,761 | 6 | 3,338,380 | 9 |
| | | | - | - |
| To providers of funds: | | | | |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortisation | 19,325,433 | 36 | 9,557,943 | 25 |
| | | | 17,743 | 1 |
| Deferred taxation | (12,259,608) | (23) | (412,158) | (1) |
| | | | - | - |
| Revenue reserve | 29,403,017 | 54 | 16,796,063 | 45 |
| | | | 2,142,153 | 87 |
| | 54,119,984 | 100 | 37,499,086 | 100 |
| | | | 2,468,767 | 100 |
| | | | 1,790,454 | 100 |

The value added represents the wealth created through allocation of that wealth to employees, providers of the use of the Company's assets by its employees, finance, shareholders and that retained for the future Management and Board. This statement shows the creation of more wealth.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Group

Statement of Comprehensive income

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 - 2017

| N'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| Revenue | 51,567,661 | 32,528,716 | 45,958,897 | 39,051,588 | 33,783,890 |
| Profit/(loss) before taxation | 20,180,264 | 16,753,617 | 20,592,161 | 29,333,101 | 25,858,022 |
| Taxation | 9,222,753 | 42,446 | (1,094,580) | 8,090,996 | (1,360,324) |
| Profit after taxation | 29,403,017 | 16,796,063 | 19,497,581 | 37,424,097 | 24,497,698 |
| Basic earnings per share | N135.35 | N77.31 | N89.75 | N206.3 | N135.04 |
| Final dividend per share | N20 | N7 | N17 | N13 | N10 |
| Return on equity | 10% | 7% | 11% | 23% | 23% |

*This is proposed dividend subject to ratification at the AGM

Statement of financial position

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 - 2017

| N'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 195,808,634 | 162,335,461 | 123,284,761 | 94,253,254 | 69,343,272 |
| Intangible assets | 779,671 | 29,782 | 51,561 | 51,767 | 47,557 |
| Deferred tax assets | 25,416,645 | 12,097,476 | 9,395,284 | 9,032,380 | - |
| Investments in associates | 116,663,243 | 99,313,414 | 74,896,272 | 65,890,629 | 61,945,773 |
| Financial assets | 2,180,659 | 1,416,729 | 1,140,644 | 446,018 | 354,000 |
| Total current assets | 36,584,317 | 27,786,158 | 27,777,916 | 30,052,028 | 29,936,994 |
| | 377,433,169 | 302,979,020 | 236,546,438 | 199,726,076 | 161,627,596 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 - 2017

| ₦'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Equity and liabilities | | | | | |
| Share capital | 2,172,422 | 2,172,422 | 2,172,422 | 1,814,084 | 1,814,084 |
| Share premium | 22,819,670 | 22,819,670 | 22,819,670 | 13,008 | 13,008 |
| Translation reserve | 103,743,694 | 82,103,621 | 39,260,936 | 32,456,006 | 31,996,416 |
| Deposit for shares | - | - | - | 23,165,000 | - |
| Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | 595,290 | (580,616) | (68,932) | 121,637 | - |
| Retained earnings | 160,420,021 | 132,476,687 | 119,362,166 | 102,222,889 | 72,321,669 |
| Non-controlling interests | 1,483,095 | 1,339,668 | 985,469 | - | - |
| Total non-current liabilities | 58,692,959 | 41,024,968 | 34,787,877 | 13,929,963 | 31,055,311 |
| Total current liabilities | 27,506,018 | 21,622,600 | 17,226,830 | 26,003,489 | 24,427,108 |
| | 377,433,169 | 302,979,020 | 236,546,438 | 199,726,076 | 161,627,596 |

Company

Statement of Comprehensive income

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 - 2017

| ₦'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Revenue | - | - | - | - | - |
| Profit/(loss) before taxation | 2,450,913 | 1,765,287 | 7,429,419 | 3,007,336 | 2,341,856 |
| Taxation | (308,760) | (108,066) | 2,429 | (28,946) | (244) |
| Profit after taxation | 2,142,153 | 1,657,221 | 7,431,848 | 2,978,390 | 2,341,612 |
| Basic earnings per share | ₦9.86 | ₦7.63 | ₦34.21 | ₦16.42 | ₦12.91 |
| Final dividend per share | ₦20 | ₦7 | ₦17 | ₦13 | ₦10 |
| Return on equity | 4% | 3% | 16% | 7% | 13% |

*This is proposed dividend subject to ratification at the AGM

Statement of financial position

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 - 2017

| ₦'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 4,176,704 | 2,517,742 | 1,897,675 | 2,703,136 | 534,808 |
| Intangible assets | - | 15,110 | 27,045 | 32,162 | 18,365 |
| Deferred tax assets | 7,810,062 | 7,810,062 | 7,810,062 | 7,810,062 | 7,810,062 |
| Investments in associates | 15,452,665 | 15,452,665 | 15,389,666 | 97,003 | 96,527 |
| Financial assets | 2,180,659 | 1,004,753 | 801,462 | 157,637 | 36,000 |
| Total current assets | 28,386,300 | 26,685,741 | 23,800,788 | 35,291,056 | 36,432,414 |
| | 58,006,390 | 53,486,073 | 49,726,698 | 46,091,056 | 44,928,176 |
| Equity and liabilities | | | | | |
| Share capital | 2,172,422 | 2,172,422 | 2,172,422 | 1,814,084 | 1,814,084 |
| Share premium | 22,819,670 | 22,819,670 | 22,819,670 | 13,008 | 13,008 |
| Translation reserve | 7,701,621 | 5,452,921 | - | - | - |
| Deposit for shares | - | - | - | 23,165,000 | - |
| Fair value reserve of | 595,290 | (580,616) | (68,932) | 121,637 | - |
| Retained earnings | 21,351,822 | 20,730,365 | 22,766,262 | 17,692,718 | 16,829,408 |
| Total non-current liabilities | - | - | - | - | 24,400,000 |
| Total current liabilities | 3,365,565 | 2,891,311 | 2,037,276 | 3,284,609 | 1,871,676 |
| | 58,006,390 | 53,486,073 | 49,726,698 | 46,091,056 | 44,928,176 |

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (USD)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Revenue | 3 | 128,747 | 91,314 | - | - |
| Cost of sales | 4 | (89,856) | (53,226) | - | - |
| Gross profit | | 38,891 | 38,088 | - | - |
| Other income | 5 | 12,342 | 15,120 | 3,900 | 5,018 |
| General and administrative expenses | 6 | (21,554) | (19,899) | (1,781) | (1,577) |
| Operating profit | | 29,679 | 33,309 | 2,119 | 3,441 |
| Finance income | 7 | 4,150 | 1,896 | 3,880 | 1,514 |
| Finance costs | 7 | (8,187) | (9,371) | - | - |
| Net Finance (cost)/income | | (4,037) | (7,475) | 3,880 | 1,514 |
| Share of profit of an associate | 14 | 24,492 | 17,336 | - | - |
| Profit before taxation | | 50,134 | 43,170 | 5,999 | 4,955 |
| Tax credit / (expense) | 24 | 23,009 | 119 | (771) | (303) |
| Profit after taxation | | 73,143 | 43,289 | 5,228 | 4,652 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Notes | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| | | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the parent | | 72,995 | 43,320 | 5,228 | 4,652 | |
| Non-controlling interest | | 148 | (31) | - | - | |
| | | 73,143 | 43,289 | 5,228 | 4,652 | |
| Net gain/(loss) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | | 2,631 | (2,137) | 2,631 | (2,137) | |
| Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax | | 2,631 | (2,137) | 2,631 | (2,137) | |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | 75,774 | 41,152 | 7,859 | 2,515 | |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the parent | | 75,626 | 41,183 | 7,859 | 2,515 | |
| Non-controlling interest | | 148 | (31) | - | - | |

The notes on pages 180 to 202 form an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (USD)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|---------------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Assets | | | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 | 474,126 | 427,762 | 10,113 | 6,634 |
| Intangible assets | 12 | 1,888 | 80 | - | 40 |
| Deferred tax assets | 15 | 61,543 | 31,877 | - | - |
| Financial assets | 13 | 5,279 | 3,733 | 5,279 | 2,647 |
| Investment in associate | 14 | 282,485 | 261,696 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Investment in subsidiaries | 25 | - | - | 50,853 | 50,853 |
| Total non-current assets | | 825,321 | 725,148 | 116,245 | 110,174 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Inventories | 16 | 11,996 | 9,013 | - | - |
| Trade and other receivables | 17 | 45,026 | 50,025 | 62,555 | 62,118 |
| Prepayments | 18 | 496 | 768 | 68 | 109 |
| Cash and Bank | 19 | 31,012 | 13,459 | 6,015 | 8,091 |
| Total current assets | | 88,530 | 73,265 | 68,638 | 70,318 |
| Total Assets | | 913,851 | 798,413 | 184,883 | 180,492 |
| Equity and liabilities | | | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | | | | | |
| Share capital | 20 | 19,316 | 19,316 | 19,316 | 19,316 |
| Share premium | 20 | 78,955 | 78,955 | 78,955 | 78,955 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | 26 | 271 | (2,360) | 271 | (2,360) |
| Retained earnings | | 602,850 | 533,857 | 78,189 | 76,963 |
| Non-controlling interests | 27 | 3,348 | 3,200 | - | - |
| Total shareholders' equity | | 704,740 | 632,968 | 176,731 | 172,874 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 21 | 33,174 | 50,616 | - | - |
| Decommissioning liabilities | 22 | 109,322 | 57,843 | - | - |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 142,496 | 108,459 | - | - |
| Current liabilities | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 23 | 41,503 | 37,206 | 7,381 | 7,315 |
| Taxation | 24 | 6,550 | 911 | 771 | 303 |
| Borrowings | 21 | 18,562 | 18,869 | - | - |
| Total current liabilities | | 66,615 | 56,986 | 8,152 | 7,618 |
| Total liabilities | | 209,111 | 165,445 | 8,152 | 7,618 |
| Total equity & liabilities | | 913,851 | 798,413 | 184,883 | 180,492 |

The notes on pages 180 to 202 form an integral part of these financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 24 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by: on 24 June 2022 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr. Adegbola Adesina
Chief Financial Officer
FRC/2021/001/00000024579



Mr. Adegbite Falade
Chief Executive Officer
FRC/2021/003/00000025055



Mr. Ladi Jadesimi
Chairman
FRC/2015/IODN/00000006637

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (USD)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Group | Issued capital | Share premium | Translation reserve | Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | Deposit for shares | Retained earnings | Non-controlling interests | Total equity |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| \$'000 | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 19,316 | 78,955 | - | (223) | - | 500,781 | 3,231 | 602,060 |
| Profit / loss for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 43,320 | (31) | 43,289 |
| Net loss on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | (2,137) | - | - | - | (2,137) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | (2,137) | - | 43,320 | (31) | 41,152 |
| Dividends to equity holders of the company | - | - | - | - | - | (10,244) | - | (10,244) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company, recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | - | (10,244) | - | (10,244) |
| Balance at 31 December | 19,316 | 78,955 | - | (2,360) | - | 533,857 | 3,200 | 632,968 |
| Balance at January 2021 | 19,316 | 78,955 | - | (2,360) | - | 533,857 | 3,200 | 632,968 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 72,995 | 148 | 73,143 |
| Net gain / (loss) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | - | 2,631 | - | - | - | 2,631 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | - | 2,631 | - | 72,995 | 148 | 75,774 |
| Dividends to equity holders of the company (note 30) | - | - | - | - | - | (4,002) | - | (4,002) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | - | (4,002) | - | (4,002) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 19,316 | 78,955 | - | 271 | - | 602,850 | 3,348 | 704,740 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

Company

\$'000

| | Issued capital | Share premium | Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVOCI | Deposit for shares | Retained earnings | Total equity |
|--|----------------|---------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 19,316 | 78,955 | (223) | - | 82,555 | 180,603 |
| Profit / loss for the year | - | - | - | - | 4,652 | 4,652 |
| Net loss on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | (2,137) | - | - | (2,137) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | (2,137) | - | 4,652 | 2,515 |
| Dividends to equity holders of the company | - | - | - | - | (10,244) | (10,244) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | (10,244) | (10,244) |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 19,316 | 78,955 | (2,360) | - | 76,963 | 172,874 |
| Balance at January 2021 | 19,316 | 78,955 | (2,360) | - | 76,963 | 172,874 |
| Profit for the year | - | - | - | - | 5,228 | 5,228 |
| Net gain / (loss) on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | - | 2,631 | - | - | 2,631 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | - | - | 2,631 | - | 5,228 | 7,859 |
| Dividends to equity holders of the company | - | - | - | - | (4,002) | (4,002) |
| Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the company recognised directly in equity | - | - | - | - | (4,002) | (4,002) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 271 | - | 78,189 | 176,731 |

The notes on pages 180 to 202 form an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW (USD)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Notes | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Profit before taxation | | 50,134 | 43,170 | 5,999 | 4,955 |
| Adjustments: | | | | | |
| Interest expense | 7 | 8,187 | 9,371 | - | - |
| Interest income | 7 | (4,150) | (1,896) | (3,880) | (1,514) |
| Dividend received | 5 | (122) | (247) | (3,825) | (247) |
| Exchange gain | 5 | (7,605) | (14,687) | (68) | (4,771) |
| Share of profit from associate | 14 | (24,492) | (17,336) | - | - |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 9 | 47,523 | 26,733 | 4 | 16 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 9 | 690 | 96 | 40 | 55 |
| Allowance for expected credit loss/ Impairment allowance | 6.3 | 71 | 161 | - | - |
| Provision no longer required | 5 | (4,589) | - | - | - |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 5 | (21) | - | (0) | - |
| Stock adjustment | 4 | (2,522) | (6,221) | - | - |
| Asset write-off | 11 | 114 | 1,186 | - | - |
| Operating cash flows before movement in working capital | | 63,218 | 40,330 | (1,730) | (1,506) |
| Movement in working capital: | | | | | |
| Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other receivables | | 4,928 | 8,013 | (361) | 6,806 |
| Decrease/(Increase) in prepayments | | 272 | (185) | 41 | (4) |
| (Increase)/Decrease in inventory | | (461) | 3,903 | - | - |
| (Increase)/Decrease in restricted cash | | (6,079) | (5,311) | - | (5,311) |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Notes | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
| | | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | |
| Increase in trade and other payables | | 16,817 | 19,149 | 134 | 3,941 | |
| Cash generated by operating activities | | 78,695 | 65,899 | (1,916) | 3,926 | |
| Tax paid | 24 | (1,037) | (4,415) | (303) | - | |
| Net cash flows from operating activities | | 77,658 | 61,484 | (2,219) | 3,926 | |
| Investing activities | | | | | | |
| Interest received | 7 | 4,150 | 1,896 | 3,880 | 1,514 | |
| Dividend received | 5 | 3,825 | 247 | 3,825 | 247 | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 11 | (45,926) | (54,425) | (3,557) | (111) | |
| Proceeds from disposal of assets | | 21 | - | (2) | - | |
| Additional investment in subsidiary | 25 | - | - | - | (180) | |
| Disposal of/(Investment in) Financial assets | | 1,085 | (2,148) | (1) | (2,169) | |
| Net cash (used in) / provided by investing activities | | (36,845) | (54,430) | 4,145 | (699) | |
| Financing activities | | | | | | |
| Dividend paid | | (4,002) | (10,244) | (4002) | (10,244) | |
| Interest paid | | (6,121) | (6,655) | - | - | |
| Repayment of borrowing | 21 | (29,216) | (15,158) | - | - | |
| Additional borrowing | 21 | 10,000 | 8,000 | - | - | |
| Net cash flows used in from financing activities | | (29,339) | (24,057) | (4,002) | (10,244) | |
| Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | 11,474 | (17,003) | (2,076) | (7,017) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of year | 19 | 8,148 | 25,151 | 2,780 | 9,797 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents - End of year | 19 | 19,622 | 8,148 | 704 | 2,780 | |

The notes on pages 180 to 202 form an integral part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (USD)

3. Revenue

Disaggregated revenue information

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|---------------|------|---------|------|
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Segments | | | | | |
| Crude Oil | 88,859 | 74,207 | - | - | - |
| Gas | 13,305 | 5,806 | - | - | - |
| Diesel | 9,825 | 8,308 | - | - | - |
| Heavy Fuel Oil (HFO) | 2,648 | 793 | - | - | - |
| Naphtha | 1,460 | 959 | - | - | - |
| Dual Purpose Kerosene (DPK) | 7,836 | 1,241 | - | - | - |
| Marine Diesel Oil (MDO) | 4,814 | - | - | - | - |
| Total revenue | 128,747 | 91,314 | - | - | - |
| Geographical markets | | | | | |
| Within Nigeria | 128,747 | 91,314 | - | - | - |
| Outside Nigeria | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | 128,747 | 91,314 | - | - | - |
| Timing of revenue recognition | | | | | |
| Goods transferred at a point in time | 128,747 | 91,314 | - | - | - |
| Goods transferred over time | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total revenue from contracts with customers | 128,747 | 91,314 | - | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

cont.

Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations are summarised below:

point for gas and is generally due within 30 to 90 days from the date of issue of invoice.

Sale of Crude Oil

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the product is physically transferred into a vessel, pipe or other delivery mechanism and is generally due within 30 to 45 days from the date of issue of invoice.

Sale of Refined Products

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the product is lifted by the customer/distributor and payment is generally due within 0 to 30 days.

Sale of Natural Gas

The performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time when the gas has been delivered at the buyer's delivery

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|------|---------|------|
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Contract balances | | | | | |
| Trade receivables | 11,988 | 13,996 | - | - | - |

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 90 days.

Performance obligation for crude oil, refined products and gas are fulfilled once delivery of the products occurs and payments are generally due on crude oil and gas between 30 to 90 days. Payments on refined products are due between 0 to 30 days.

4. Cost of Sales

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------|--------|------|---------|------|
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Consultancy fee | 12,765 | 4,113 | - | - | - |
| Crude oil handling charges | 8,478 | 10,179 | - | - | - |
| Depreciation and amortisation (Note 9) | 46,546 | 25,999 | - | - | - |
| Exploration costs - OPL 227 | 114 | 1,186 | - | - | - |
| Flowstation expenses | 1,611 | 955 | - | - | - |
| Materials, supplies and pollution control | 620 | 630 | - | - | - |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| N\$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 576 | 1,359 | - | - |
| Royalties to FGN | 11,492 | 4,291 | - | - |
| Statutory expenses | 107 | 90 | - | - |
| Staff costs (Note 8) | 10,069 | 10,645 | - | - |
| Stock adjustment | (2,522) | (6,221) | - | - |
| Total | 89,856 | 53,226 | - | - |

Consultancy fees include provisions for advisory, technical and drilling services.

Stock adjustment relates to the net movement in the value of inventory in the tank in the year.

Exploration costs refer to the one-off costs of the appraisal well drilled in the shallow offshore OPL 227 block. Management considers it prudent to write off these costs as it is not currently probable that these costs will be

5. Other Income

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Dividend received from Financial Assets (note 13) | 122 | 247 | 122 | 247 |
| Dividend received from Associate (note 14) | - | - | 3,703 | - |
| Distribution from NDPR | - | - | - | - |
| Fee income | 5 | 186 | 5 | - |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 21 | - | 2 | - |
| Rental income | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | - | - | - | - |
| Provision no longer required | 4,589 | - | - | - |
| Unrealised exchange gain | 7,605 | 14,687 | 68 | 4,771 |
| Total | 12,342 | 15,120 | 3,900 | 5,018 |

Fee income relates to income from trading activities outside the normal course of business

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

6. General and administrative expenses

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Auditor's remuneration (Note 6.2) | 230 | 140 | 116 | 44 |
| Bank charges | 260 | 369 | 111 | 195 |
| Community development expenses | 750 | 594 | 248 | 30 |
| Depreciation and amortisation (Note 9) | 1,667 | 830 | 44 | 71 |
| Directors' fees | 469 | 210 | 469 | 210 |
| Expected credit loss of financial assets (Note 6.3) | 71 | 161 | - | - |
| Fuel and utilities | 248 | 206 | 5 | 9 |
| Information technology expenses | 1,236 | 1,299 | 38 | 311 |
| Insurance | 1,926 | 1,905 | 183 | 184 |
| Permits, registrations and subscriptions | 540 | 1,513 | 28 | 30 |
| Professional fees | 2,686 | 2,600 | 477 | 317 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 2,410 | 1,806 | 1 | - |
| Staff costs (Note 8) | 6,713 | 7,097 | - | - |
| Training | 86 | 122 | 1 | 11 |
| Travelling | 462 | 142 | 22 | (10) |
| Other expenses (Note 6.1) | 1,800 | 905 | 38 | 175 |
| Total | 21,554 | 19,899 | 1,781 | 1,577 |

6.1 Other expenses consist of donations, printing and stationery, and other related administrative costs incurred during the year.

6.2 Deloitte & Touche offered only audit services in the year 2021 and 2020.

6.3 Credit loss expense

Professional fees consist of cleaning service, advisory services, security service, legal fees and registrar management fees.

The table below shows the ECL charges on financial instruments for the year recorded in the profit or loss:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|-----------|------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Debt instruments measured at amortised costs - tradereceivables (note 17) | 71 | 161 | - | - |
| | 71 | 161 | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

7. Finance cost and income

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| \$'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Interest expense: | | | | | |
| Bank borrowings | 7,491 | 8,100 | - | - | - |
| IPIN Interest | 97 | - | - | - | - |
| Provisions: unwinding of discount (Note 22) | 599 | 1,271 | - | - | - |
| Finance costs | 8,187 | 9,371 | - | - | - |
| Finance income: | | | | | |
| Interest income | 4,101 | 3,764 | 3,880 | 1,514 | - |
| Write-off | - | (1,986) | - | - | - |
| Net interest income | 4,101 | 1,778 | 3,880 | 1,514 | - |
| Coupon on Bonds | 49 | 118 | - | - | - |
| - Remeasurement of borrowings at amortised costs | | | | | |
| Finance income | 4,150 | 1,896 | 3,880 | 1,514 | - |
| Net (Finance costs)/finance income | (4,037) | (7,475) | 3,880 | 1,514 | - |

The finance income write-off relates to the current interest income that are deemed irrecoverable

8. Staff Costs

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------|----------|----------|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| \$'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Included in cost of sales: | | | | | |
| Salaries and other staff costs | 10,069 | 10,645 | - | - | - |
| Included in general admin expenses: | | | | | |
| Salaries and other staff costs | 6,713 | 7,097 | - | - | - |
| Total in general admin expenses | 6,713 | 7,097 | - | - | - |
| Total | 16,782 | 17,742 | - | - | - |

9. Depreciation and Amortisation

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|---------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| \$'000 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Included in cost of sales | | | | | |
| Depreciation of oil and gas properties | 46,546 | 25,999 | - | - | - |
| Included in general admin expenses: | | | | | |
| Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment | 977 | 734 | 4 | 16 | - |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 690 | 96 | 40 | 55 | - |
| Total in general admin expenses | 1,667 | 830 | 44 | 71 | - |
| Total | 48,213 | 26,829 | 44 | 71 | - |

10. Earnings per share

Basic - GROUP

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue:

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--|--------|--------|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
| \$'000 | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Profit attributable to equity holders of the Group | | 73,143 | 43,289 |

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Number | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | | 217,242,218 | 217,242,218 |

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--|--------|-------|
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share (\$) | | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | \$0.34 | \$0.2 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

cont.

Basic - COMPANY

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue:

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--|-------|-------|
| \$'000 | | | |
| Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company | | 5,228 | 4,652 |

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--|-------------|-------------|
| Number | | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | | 217,242,218 | 217,242,218 |

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|--|---------------|---------------|
| Basic and diluted earnings per share (\$) | | \$0.02 | \$0.02 |

11. Property, plant and equipment

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|------|
| \$'000 | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Oil and gas properties (11a) | 468,278 | 421,925 | - | - | - |
| Other property, plant and equipment (11b & 11c) | 5,848 | 5,837 | 10,113 | 6,634 | |
| Total | 474,126 | 427,762 | 10,113 | 6,634 | |

11a. GROUP

OIL AND GAS PROPERTIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Project Equipment | Civil works | Gas pipeline | Gas plant facilities | Assets under development | Total |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Cost: | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 333,230 | 9,756 | 22,284 | 74,261 | 154,491 | 594,022 |
| Reclassifications | - | - | 1,047 | - | (1,756) | (709) |
| Additions | 1,394 | 230 | 894 | 1,124 | 50,131 | 53,773 |
| Write-offs | - | - | - | - | (1,186) | (1,186) |
| Changes in decommissioning assets | 125 | - | - | - | - | 125 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 334,749 | 9,986 | 24,225 | 75,385 | 201,680 | 646,025 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 334,749 | 9,986 | 24,225 | 75,385 | 201,680 | 646,025 |
| Reclassifications | 157,563 | - | - | 538 | (160,601) | (2,500) |
| Additions | 12,369 | 218 | 108 | 853 | 31,085 | 44,633 |
| Write-offs | - | - | - | - | (114) | (114) |
| Changes in decommissioning assets | 50,880 | - | - | - | - | 50,880 |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 555,561 | 10,204 | 24,333 | 76,776 | 72,050 | 738,924 |
| Depreciation: | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 172,316 | 7,226 | 5,275 | 13,282 | - | 198,099 |
| Translation difference | 2 | - | -- | - | - | 2 |
| Depreciation for the year | 22,974 | 451 | 662 | 1,912 | - | 25,999 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 195,292 | 7,677 | 5,937 | 15,194 | - | 224,100 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 195,292 | 7,677 | 5,937 | 15,194 | - | 224,100 |
| Depreciation for the year | 43,331 | 585 | 714 | 1,916 | - | 46,546 |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 238,623 | 8,262 | 6,651 | 17,110 | - | 270,646 |
| Net book value: | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2021 | 316,938 | 1,942 | 17,682 | 59,666 | 72,050 | 468,278 |
| At 31 December 2020 | 139,457 | 2,309 | 18,288 | 60,191 | 201,680 | 421,925 |

There are no impairments in Property, Plant, and Equipment during the year. See Note 21 for assets pledged as collateral for borrowings. There are no capital commitments in respect of PPE expenditures.

Write off is included in exploration costs (Note 4)

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

11b. GROUP

OTHER PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Plant and machinery | Furniture and Fittings | Office equipment | Motor vehicles | Building | Land | Total |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Cost: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 894 | 259 | 5,152 | 4,108 | 3,184 | 1,856 | 15,453 |
| Translation difference | - | 21 | - | - | (612) | (357) | (948) |
| Additions | 104 | - | 428 | 120 | - | - | 652 |
| Reclassifications | 709 | - | - | - | - | - | 709 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 1,707 | 280 | 5,580 | 4,228 | 2,572 | 1,499 | 15,866 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 1,707 | 280 | 5,580 | 4,228 | 2,572 | 1,499 | 15,866 |
| Translation difference | - | - | - | - | (209) | (121) | (330) |
| Additions | 14 | 29 | 577 | 671 | 2 | - | 1,293 |
| Disposals | (118) | - | (20) | (280) | - | - | (418) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 1,603 | 309 | 6,137 | 4,619 | 2,365 | 1,378 | 16,411 |
| Depreciation: | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 875 | 230 | 4,425 | 3,301 | 312 | - | 9,143 |
| Translation difference | 38 | 32 | 104 | 40 | (62) | - | 152 |
| Depreciation for the year | 16 | 14 | 322 | 341 | 41 | - | 734 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 929 | 276 | 4,851 | 3,682 | 291 | - | 10,029 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 929 | 276 | 4,851 | 3,682 | 291 | - | 10,029 |
| Translation difference | - | - | - | - | (25) | - | (25) |
| Depreciation for the year | 115 | 7 | 459 | 359 | 37 | - | 977 |
| Disposal | (118) | - | (20) | (280) | - | - | (418) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 926 | 283 | 5,290 | 3,761 | 303 | - | 10,563 |
| Net book value: | | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2021 | 677 | 26 | 847 | 858 | 2,062 | 1,378 | 5,848 |
| At 31 December 2020 | 778 | 4 | 729 | 546 | 2,281 | 1,499 | 5,837 |

12. Intangible Assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | | Company | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| | License | Software | Total | Software | Total |
| Cost: | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | - | 885 | 885 | 447 | 447 |
| Additions | - | 254 | 254 | 254 | 254 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | - | 1,139 | 1,139 | 701 | 701 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | - | 1,139 | 1,139 | 701 | 701 |
| Transfer (note 11b) | 2,500 | - | 2,500 | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 2,500 | 1,139 | 3,639 | 701 | 701 |
| Amortisation: | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | - | 717 | 717 | 359 | 359 |
| Reclassification | - | 246 | 246 | 247 | 247 |
| Amortisation charge for the year | - | 96 | 96 | 55 | 55 |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | - | 1,059 | 1,059 | 661 | 661 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | - | 1,059 | 1,059 | 661 | 661 |
| Translation difference | - | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| Amortisation charge for the year | 625 | 65 | 690 | 40 | 40 |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 625 | 1,126 | 1,751 | 701 | 701 |
| Net book value: | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2021 | 1,875 | 13 | 1,888 | - | - |
| At 31 December 2020 | - | 80 | 80 | 40 | 40 |

Intangible assets consist of computer software and licenses used by the entity for recording transactions and reporting purposes. The entity's software has a finite life and is amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the software licenses.

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

13. Financial Assets

Financial assets include the following:

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| \$'000 | 2021 | Group 2020 | 2021 | Company 2020 |
| Fair value through OCI Listed securities: | | | | |
| Consolidated Hallmark Insurance Plc | 5,269 | 2,323 | 5,269 | 2,323 |
| Unlisted securities: | | | | |
| PetroData Management Services Ltd | 9 | 323 | 9 | 323 |
| Dharmattan Gas and Power Ltd | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| At amortised cost | | | | |
| Corporate Bonds | - | 1,086 | - | - |
| Total | 5,279 | 3,733 | 5,279 | 2,647 |

The Group has designated its equity investments as FVOCI on the basis that these are not held for trading. In 2021, the Group received no dividends (2020: \$3,329) from PetroData Management Services Ltd; \$296 (2020: \$368) from Dharmattan Gas and Power Ltd; \$121,015 (2020: \$243,303) from Consolidate Hallmark Insurance Plc which was recorded in the income statement as other income.

on fair value are made in note 33.

As at 31 December 2021, there were no impairment to corporate bonds (31 Dec 2020: \$98,000). There are no impairment charges to Profit or Loss in the year.

The fair value of the corporate bonds is Nil at 31 December 2021 (2020: \$1.1m). Contractual cashflows on the bond is \$1.1m.

The Group did not dispose of or derecognise any FVOCI equity instruments in 2021. Further disclosures

14. Investment in associate - ND Western Limited

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| \$'000 | 2021 | Group 2020 | 2021 | Company 2020 |
| At 1 January | 261,696 | 244,360 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Share of profit | 24,492 | 17,336 | - | - |
| Dividend received | (3,703) | - | - | - |
| Carrying amount | 282,485 | 261,696 | 50,000 | 50,000 |

Summarised statement of financial position

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Current assets | 231,949 | 148,354 |
| Non-current asset | 797,882 | 980,113 |
| Current liabilities | (217,489) | (246,963) |
| Non-current liabilities | (134,384) | (253,438) |
| Net assets | 677,958 | 628,066 |
| NDEP's share of net assets | 282,485 | 261,696 |

Summarised profit or loss statement

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Revenue | 302,219 | 267,777 |
| Other income | 3,316 | 15,237 |
| Operating and Admin expenses | (158,740) | (207,861) |
| Net finance costs | (35,533) | (19,262) |
| Profit before taxation | 111,262 | 55,891 |
| Income tax | (52,481) | (14,285) |
| Profit after taxation | 58,781 | 41,606 |
| Other comprehensive income | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income | 58,781 | 41,606 |
| Proportion of Group's ownership | 41.667% | 41.667% |
| Group's share of profit for the year | 24,492 | 17,336 |
| Group's share of other comprehensive income | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

cont.

The principal place of business of ND Western Ltd is Nigeria and it is accounted for using the equity method. Dividend of \$3.3m was received from the associate in the year. 41.667% is the holding of the Group in ND Western.

15. Deferred taxation

The analysis of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

Deferred tax assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Accelerated depreciation and amortisation | 73,500 | 37,313 | - | - |
| Tax losses | - | 1,150 | - | - |
| Total | 73,500 | 38,463 | - | - |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | | | |
| Accelerated depreciation and amortisation | 11,448 | 5,506 | - | - |
| Decommissioning liabilities | 509 | 1,080 | - | - |
| Total | 11,957 | 6,586 | - | - |
| Deferred taxation | | | | |
| At start of year | (31,877) | (30,653) | - | - |
| Income statement credit | (29,685) | (1,157) | - | - |
| Translation difference | 19 | (67) | - | - |
| Tax (charged)/credited directly to equity | - | - | - | - |
| Net deferred tax assets at end of year | (61,543) | (31,877) | - | - |
| Reflected in the statement of financial position as: | | | | |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 11,957 | 6,586 | - | - |
| Deferred tax assets | (73,500) | (38,463) | - | - |
| Net deferred tax assets | (61,543) | (31,877) | - | - |

Deferred taxes are recoverable in more than one year.

16. Inventories

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Crude Oil | 5,311 | 3,329 | - | - |
| Diesel | 507 | 177 | - | - |
| Heavy Fuel Oil (HFO) | 530 | 461 | - | - |
| Naphtha | 322 | 380 | - | - |
| Dual Purpose Kerosene (DPK) | 284 | 73 | - | - |
| Marine Diesel Oil (MDO) | 76 | 87 | - | - |
| Materials | 4,966 | 4,506 | - | - |
| Total | 11,996 | 9,013 | - | - |

There were no write-downs of inventory during the year and all inventory balances are current in nature. Inventory balances will be turned over within 12 months after the financial year.

17. Trade and other receivables

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Trade receivables | 11,988 | 13,996 | - | - |
| Other receivables | 205 | 4,586 | 205 | 262 |
| Related party receivables (Note 31) | 33,070 | 31,610 | 62,350 | 61,856 |
| | 45,263 | 50,192 | 62,555 | 62,118 |
| Allowance for expected credit losses | (237) | (167) | - | - |
| | 45,026 | 50,025 | 62,555 | 62,118 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

cont.

Set out below is the movement in the allowance for expected credit losses of trade and other receivables:

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|----------|----------|
| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| As at 1 January | 167 | 9 | - | - |
| Provision for expected credit losses | 71 | 161 | - | - |
| Translation difference | (1) | (3) | - | - |
| As at 31 December | 237 | 167 | - | - |

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 30-90 day terms. Other receivables relate principally to receivables from Community Trust.

Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and related party receivables is \$237,000 (Group) and Nil for Company (31 Dec 2020: \$167,000 - Group & Nil for Company). The write back of expected credit losses arose from reassessment. See note 33b for credit risk disclosures.

18. Prepayments

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Prepaid rent | 70 | 3 | - | - |
| Prepaid expenses | 220 | 190 | 2 | 38 |
| Prepaid insurance | 206 | 575 | 66 | 71 |
| Total | 496 | 768 | 68 | 109 |

Other prepayments include prepaid internet access.

19. Cash and Bank

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Cash and bank balances | 19,226 | 7,204 | 357 | 2,780 |
| Short term deposits | 396 | 944 | 347 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents for statement of cashflow purposes | 19,622 | 8,148 | 704 | 2,780 |
| Restricted cash | 11,390 | 5,311 | 5,311 | 5,311 |
| Total Cash and Bank | 31,012 | 13,459 | 6,015 | 8,091 |

Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with less than three months to maturity, including cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities less than three months. Restricted cash relates to cash used as collateral for the BOI loan.

20. Share capital and premium

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Group | Number of shares | Ordinary shares | Share premium | Total |
| \$'000 | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |
| - Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |
| - Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| Company | Number of shares | Ordinary shares | Share premium | Total |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| \$'000 | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |
| – Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |
| – Issue of shares | - | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 217,242,218 | 19,316 | 78,955 | 98,271 |

Share premium arose as a result of the issue of shares above par value.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Number of shares | Amount |
|--------------------------|------------------|--------|
| Authorised Share capital | 275,000,000 | 27,500 |
| Issued and fully paid-up | 217,242,218 | 19,316 |

21. Borrowings

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| GTB | 24,823 | 46,389 | - | - |
| BOI loan | 26,276 | 22,459 | - | - |
| Petre IPINs | 637 | 637 | - | - |
| Total | 51,736 | 69,485 | - | - |
| Current | 18,562 | 18,869 | - | - |
| Non-current | 33,174 | 50,616 | - | - |
| Total | 51,736 | 69,485 | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

cont.

Participating Investment Notes (Petre IPINs)

On 9th May 2003, by a Share Purchase Agreement (“SPA”), Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc (NDEP) acquired all the shares of Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited of which the net consideration was paid to the then existing shareholders by issuing ordinary shares in NDEP of a total value of US\$ 2,113,738 at an agreed price of of US\$ 0.30 per share and the issue of NDPR Participating Investment Notes of \$ 1.00 each to a value of US\$ 2,113,738 at an agreed price of \$1.00 per note. They are entitled to cashflow distributions.

Guaranty Trust Bank Plc (GTB)

An additional GTB loan facility of \$8million was secured and drawdown in October 2020. The longstanding previous GTB loan facility was secured in November 2018. \$15million and \$45million of the facility were drawn down in 2018 and 2019 respectively. The loan is repayable every quarter, starting from February 2019 to November 2023. It is secured by all assets debenture on fixed and floating assets of NDPR in Ogbele Field; floating charge on the crude oil produced from the acreage operated by NDPR in OML 54, assignment and domiciliation of crude oil sales proceeds to GTB; charge

over collection accounts and corporate guarantee of NDEP Plc for the full facility amount and interest thereon. Interest is payable at 11% per annum.

Bank of Industry Ltd (BOI)

BOI loan represents a \$25million facility from the Bank of Industry, obtained in October 2018. It is repayable monthly, over 6 years, with a one-year moratorium on principal. It is secured by a Bank Guarantee from Access Bank. Interest is payable at 9% per annum. A 6-months moratorium was granted on principal payments; however, the interest payable was reduced to 7% for a year.

BOI loan also represents an additional \$10million facility from the Bank of Industry, obtained in February 2021. It is repayable monthly, over 5 years. It is secured by a Bank Guarantee from First City Monument Bank (FCMB). Interest is payable at 8% per annum. A concession of a reduced interest rate to 6% per annum was given for an initial period of 6 months which was further extended for another 6 months as well as a 6 months moratorium for principal payments.

The exposure of the Company’s borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| 6-12 months | 18,562 | 18,869 | - | - |
| 1-5 years | 33,174 | 50,616 | - | - |
| Over 5 years | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 51,736 | 69,485 | - | - |

cont.

The carrying amounts and fair value of the borrowings are as follows:

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|------|---------|------|
| \$'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2020 |
| Carrying amount: | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 51,736 | 69,485 | - | - | - |
| Fair value: | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 48,785 | 67,846 | - | - | - |

The fair values are based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the current borrowing rate of 11% for GTB, 6% and 9% for BOI. They are classified as level 2 fair values in the fair value hierarchy.

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|------|---------|------|
| \$'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2020 |
| At 1 January | 69,485 | 75,198 | - | - | - |
| Additional borrowing | 10,000 | 8,000 | - | - | - |
| Repayments | (29,216) | (15,158) | - | - | - |
| Accrued interest | 218 | 6,344 | - | - | - |
| Remeasurements | 1,249 | 814 | - | - | - |
| At 31 December | 51,736 | 69,485 | - | - | - |

Remeasurements are non-cashflow and relate to the effects of carrying borrowings at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

22. Decommissioning liabilities

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | | |
|--|------|---------------|------|---------|------|
| \$'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2020 |
| Balance at 1 January 2020 | | 56,447 | - | - | - |
| Charged/(credited) to profit or loss: | | | | | |
| Changes in estimated flows | | - | - | - | - |
| Exchange difference | | 125 | - | - | - |
| Unwinding of discount due to passage of time | | 1,271 | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2020 | | 57,843 | - | - | - |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

cont.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|------|---------|------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 57,843 | - | - | - |
| Charged/(credited) to profit or loss: | | | | |
| Additional obligations incurred | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in estimated flows | 50,880 | - | - | - |
| Exchange difference | - | - | - | - |
| Unwinding of discount due to passage of time | 599 | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 109,322 | - | - | - |

The Group makes full provision for the future cost of decommissioning oil production facilities and pipelines on a discounted basis on the installation of those facilities. The decommissioning provision represents the present value of decommissioning costs relating to oil and gas properties and refining facilities, which are expected to be incurred up to 2035 (revised in 2015 from the initial 10 years' life of the asset). These provisions have been created based on the Group's internal estimates. Assumptions based on the current economic environment have been made which Management believes are a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the future liability. These estimates are reviewed regularly to take into account any material changes to the assumptions. However, actual decommissioning costs will ultimately depend upon future market prices for the necessary decommissioning works required which will reflect market conditions at the relevant time. Furthermore, the timing of decommissioning is likely to depend on when the fields cease to produce at economically viable rates. This, in turn, will depend upon future oil and gas prices, which are inherently uncertain. The discount rate used in the calculation of the provision as at 31 December 2021 is 1.90% (31 December 2020: 1.65%).

23. Trade and other payables

| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2021 2020 | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| \$'000 | 2021 | Group | | Company | |
| | | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2020 |
| Royalty payable | 16,333 | 10,307 | - | - | - |
| Sundry creditors | 6,171 | 4,916 | 974 | 1,055 | - |
| Trade payables | 17,869 | 21,063 | 5,277 | 5,340 | - |
| Unclaimed dividend | 1,130 | 920 | 1,130 | 920 | - |
| | 41,503 | 37,206 | 7,381 | 7,315 | - |

cont.

- Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms. Sundry creditors include accrued IPIN note dues, and staff payables.

- The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates to their fair value.

24. Taxation

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Petroleum profit tax | 3,771 | - | - | - |
| Income tax expense | 1,918 | 568 | 630 | 284 |
| Minimum tax | 66 | - | - | - |
| Education tax | 921 | 470 | 141 | 19 |
| Under/(over) provision of prior year taxes | - | - | - | - |
| Total current tax | 6,676 | 1,038 | 771 | 303 |
| Deferred taxation | | | | |
| Origination of temporary differences | (29,685) | (1,157) | - | - |
| Total deferred tax | (29,685) | (1,157) | - | - |
| Income tax (credit)/expense | (23,009) | (119) | 771 | 303 |

The movement in the current and petroleum income tax liability is as follows

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| At 1 January | 911 | 4,288 | 303 | - |
| Tax paid | (1,037) | (4,415) | (303) | - |
| Prior period under/(over) provision | - | - | - | - |
| Income tax charge for the year | 6,676 | 1,038 | 771 | 303 |
| At 31 December | 6,550 | 911 | 771 | 303 |

| NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS USD (CONT.)

cont.

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

| \$'000 | Group | | Company | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| Profit before income tax | 50,134 | 43,170 | 5,999 | 4,955 |
| Income tax using the weighted average domestic corporation tax rate | 32,587 | 30,651 | 1,687 | 1,487 |
| Minimum tax | 66 | - | - | - |
| Net origination of temporary differences | (29,685) | (949) | - | - |
| Education tax levy | 921 | 143 | 141 | 19 |
| Non-taxable income | (12,579) | (16,221) | (1,057) | (1,203) |
| Disallowed expenses | 35,850 | 26,008 | - | - |
| Recognition of previously unrecognised tax incentives | (33,102) | (33,234) | - | - |
| Recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses | (1,147) | 5,792 | - | - |
| Share of profit from associate taxed at source | (15,920) | (12,309) | - | - |
| Under/(Over) provided in prior years | - | - | - | - |
| Total income tax expense/(credit) in income statement | (23,009) | (119) | 771 | 303 |

25. Subsidiaries

The Niger Delta Exploration and Production Company ('the parent') controls the following subsidiaries:

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2021 | 2020

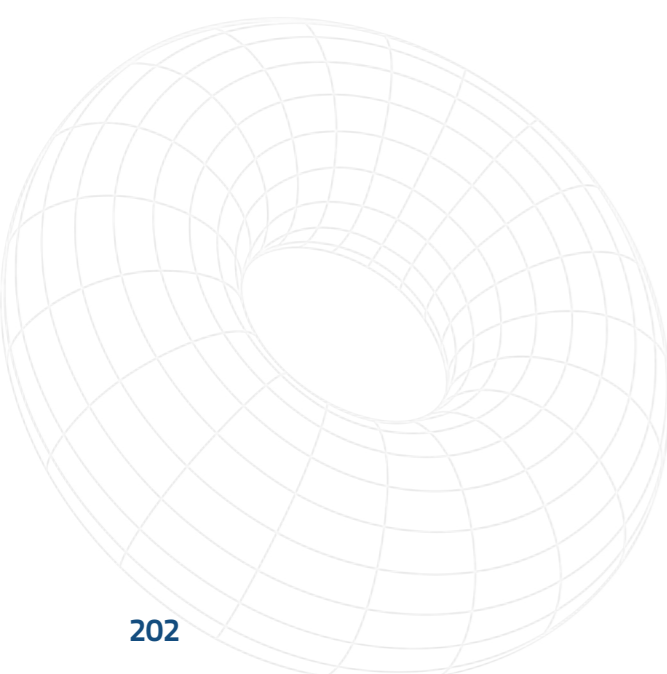
| \$'000 | Ownership Interest | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Niger Delta Petroleum Resources Limited (NDPR) | 100% | 300 | 300 |
| ND Properties Limited (NDPL) | 100% | 4,097 | 4,097 |
| ND Refineries Limited (NDRE) | 94.0345% | 46,392 | 46,392 |
| ND Gas Limited (ND Gas) | 100% | 64 | 64 |
| | | 50,853 | 50,853 |

26. Fair value reserve

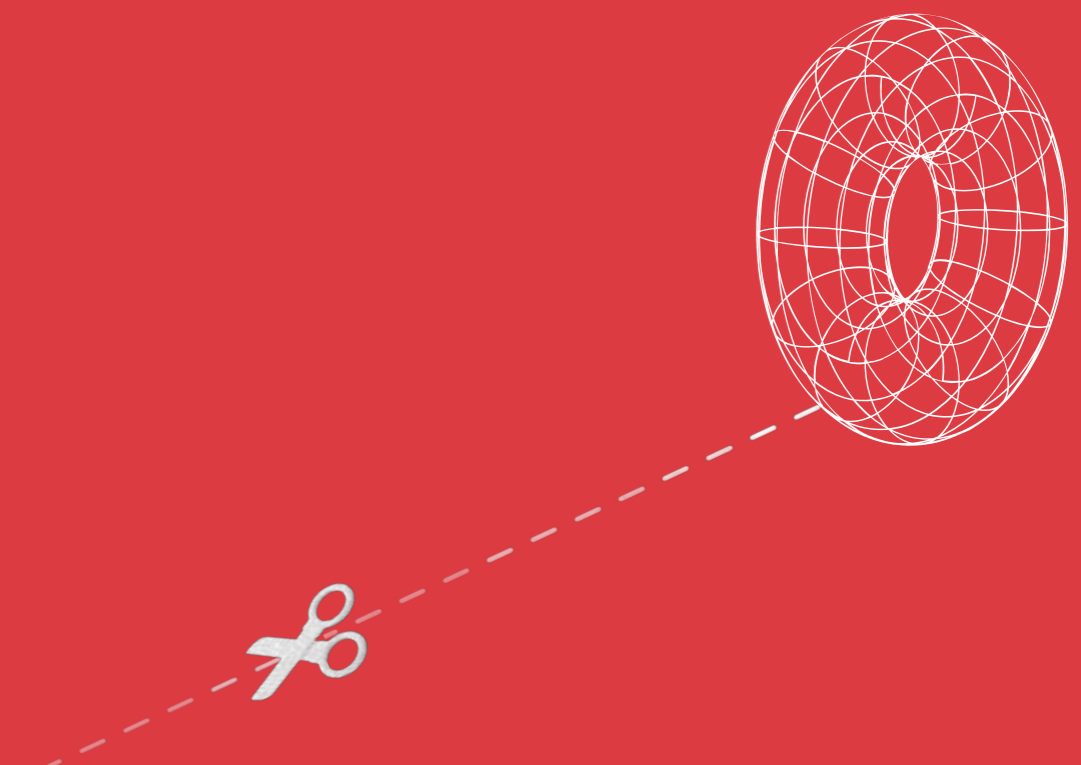
This represents the fair value changes in financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

27. Non-Controlling Interest

Non-Controlling Interests represent the 5.9655% ownership stake in ND Refineries Ltd held outside the Group. The investment was received as part of the fund-raising efforts for Train 2 & 3 of the refinery. Commissioning was postponed to 2021 due to the pandemic.



Additional Information



IN THIS SECTION

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-Seventh (27th) Annual General Meeting of the members of **NIGER DELTA EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION PLC** will hold on **the 21st day of July 2022**, at the Board Room of the Company situate at No. 15 Babatunde Jose Road, Victoria Island, Lagos at **11:00 am**, to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To lay before the members the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2021 and the Report of the Directors, Auditors and Audit Committee thereon.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To re-elect Directors retiring by rotation.
4. To re-appoint Auditors.
5. To authorize the Directors to determine the remuneration of the Auditors.
6. To re-elect/elect members of the Statutory Audit Committee.

SPECIAL BUSINESS

7. To consider and if thought fit pass the following as Special Resolutions:
 - i. That the Directors be and are hereby authorized, pursuant to Section 124 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020 and Companies Regulation 2021, to

cancel the Company's unissued 57,757,782 (Fifty-Seven Million Seven Hundred and Fifty-Seven Thousand, Seven Hundred and Eighty-Two) ordinary shares of ₦10.00 each.

ii. That the Directors be also authorized to amend Clause 6 of the Company's Memorandum of Association to replace the words "**the authorized share capital**" with "**the issued share capital**" and to reflect the Issued Share Capital of the Company as ₦2,172,422,180 (Two Billion, One Hundred and Seventy Two Million, Four Hundred and Twenty Two Thousand, One Hundred and Eighty Naira) divided into **217,242,218 (Two Hundred and Seventeen Million, Two Hundred and Forty Two Thousand, Two Hundred and Eighteen) ordinary shares of ₦10.00 each.**

iii. That the Directors are further authorized to take all such incidental, consequential and supplemental actions thereto, to execute all requisite documents and to give directions as may be necessary for the filing of the above-stated amendments with the Corporate Affairs Commission and other regulatory agencies as may be necessary to give effect to the above Resolutions

Dated this 24 June 2022

By Order of the Board



Titilola Omisore
Company Secretary
FRC/2013/NBA/00000003574

NOTES

i. PROXY

In accordance with the Guidelines provided by the Corporate Affairs Commission (CAC) on the holding of Annual General Meetings in the era of the COVID-19 pandemic and in the interest of public safety, all members of the Company **shall attend and vote** at the meeting only by proxies. Accordingly, Proxy Forms shall be sent to the physical and/or e-mail addresses of all members and will also be available on the websites of the Company and the

registrars respectively.

The following is a list of proposed proxies, out of which each member may select a person to attend the meeting on his/her behalf. The preferred choice should be indicated in the Proxy Form provided accordingly:

| S/N | Name | Particulars |
|-----|----------------------|---|
| 1 | Mr. Ladi Jadesimi | Chairman of the Board of Directors |
| 2 | Mr. Adegbite Falade | Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director |
| 3 | Ms. Titilola Omisore | Company Secretary |

To be valid, each Proxy Form should be properly filled and signed. The Proxy Forms should be returned to the Company on or before noon on the 19th day of July 2022 either by physical delivery to its address being No. 15 Babatunde Jose Street, Victoria Island, Lagos, or by e-mail to 27thagmproxy@ngdelta.com.

Alternatively, executed proxy forms may be deposited with the Registrars, Coronation Securities Limited, 9 Amodu Ojikutu Street, Victoria Island, Lagos or sent via email to eforms@coronationregistrars.com; not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting being noon on the 19th day of July 2022.

The stamp duties for all Proxy Forms shall be prepaid by the Company in accordance with the guidelines of the CAC.

ii. DIVIDEND

If the dividend of **₦20.00 (Twenty Naira Only)** per every ordinary share recommended by the Board of Directors is approved and declared, shareholders whose names appear in the Register of Members as at the close of business on Thursday the 14th day of July 2022 and have mandated their accounts to the Registrars, will receive a direct credit of their dividends into their respective bank accounts on the date of the Annual General Meeting.

iii. AUDIT COMMITTEE

In accordance with Section 404(6) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020, any member may nominate a shareholder as a member of the Audit Committee by giving notice in writing of such nomination to the Company Secretary at least 21 (Twenty-One) days before the Annual General Meeting.

iv. UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND WARRANTS

All Shareholders are hereby informed that the Registrars of the Company are holding Dividend Warrants which have been returned as "unclaimed". Some Dividend Warrants sent to Shareholders' registered addresses are yet to be presented for payment or returned to the Registrars of the Company for validation. All Shareholders are encouraged to complete an E-Dividend Mandate Form to ensure that all outstanding dividends are paid electronically.

v. DIRECTORS RETIRING BY ROTATION

In accordance with the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association, Mr. Ede Osayande, and Mr. Thierry Georger would retire by rotation and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election.

vi. AGE DECLARATION

In accordance with Section 278 (1) of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020, Mr. Ladi Jadesimi and Mr. Afolabi Oladele intend to disclose at the Meeting that they are over 70 years of age.

vii. RIGHT TO ASK QUESTIONS

It is the right of shareholders to ask questions not only at the Annual General Meeting but also in writing prior to the meeting. Such questions should be addressed to the Company Secretary and submitted at the office of the Company, No. 15 Babatunde Jose Street, Victoria Island, Lagos, or by email to 27thagmquestions@ngdelta.com no later than one week before the Annual General Meeting.

UNCLAIMED DIVIDENDS

UNPAID PAYMENT 5

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI | 24 ODELEYE OLAWALE |
| 2 ADEWUYA O. | 25 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN |
| 3 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 26 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO |
| 4 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 27 OJOGWU NNEKA, |
| 5 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 28 OKAKWU CHARLES, |
| 6 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS | 29 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 7 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 30 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 8 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON | 31 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU |
| 9 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn | 32 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 10 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD | 33 RIVITUS INVESTMENT LTD. - |
| 11 GEAROUGE ELIE | 34 SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU |
| 12 GIWA RUFUS | 35 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 13 HARRY-UDOH ALICE | 36 WOODWORTH AL |
| 14 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. | |
| 15 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | |
| 16 KABON SARAH | |
| 17 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu | |
| 18 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN | |
| 19 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANYY | |
| 20 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA | |
| 21 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA | |
| 22 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA | |
| 23 ODEBODE OLANIYI, M.OLADIMEJI | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 6

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI | 31 OJOGWU NNEKA |
| 2 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 32 OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 3 ADEWUYA O. | 33 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 4 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 34 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 5 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 35 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU |
| 6 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 36 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 7 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS | 37 RIVITUS INVESTMENT LTD |
| 8 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 38 SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU |
| 9 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON | 39 SALAU KAYODE |
| 10 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn | 40 UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 11 EZEONWUMELU CLETUS, EMEKA | 41 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 12 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD | 42 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |
| 13 GEAROUGE ELIE | 43 WOODWORTH AL |
| 14 GIWA RUFUS | |
| 15 HARRY-UDOH ALICE | |
| 16 HARVEST INVESTMENT LIMITED | |
| 17 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. | |
| 18 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | |
| 19 JACK MACDONALD NENGI, PEGGY | |
| 20 KABON SARAH | |
| 21 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu | |
| 22 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN | |
| 23 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANYY | |
| 24 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA | |
| 25 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA | |
| 26 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA | |
| 27 NNADI JULIE, UZOR | |
| 28 ODELEYE OLAWALE | |
| 29 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN | |
| 30 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 7

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI | 31 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY - |
| 2 ABIODUN AKINBOLANLE, OWOLABI | 32 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |
| 3 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 33 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE |
| 4 ADESHINA OLALEKAN, OLADEPO | 34 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA |
| 5 ADEWUYA O. | 35 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA |
| 6 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 36 NNADI JULIE, UZOR |
| 7 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 37 OASIS PETROLEUM COMPANY |
| 8 AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO | 38 ODELEYE OLAWALE |
| 9 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 39 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN |
| 10 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 40 OGinni JOSHUA, OLUWOLE |
| 11 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS | 41 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO |
| 12 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 42 OJOGWU NNEKA, |
| 13 EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY | 43 OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 14 ENLIL INVESTMENT LIMITED | 44 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 15 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON | 45 OLAIYA ADELODUN |
| 16 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn | 46 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 17 EZENWAJI PETER, ONYECHI | 47 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU |
| 18 EZEONWUMELU CLETUS, EMEKA | 48 ORIOLA ABDUSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 19 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD - | 49 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 20 GEAROUGE ELIE | 50 RIVITUS INVESTMENT LTD. |
| 21 GIWA RUFUS | 51 SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU |
| 22 IBIYEMI ESTHER, OMOYENI | 52 SALAU KAYODE |
| 23 IBIYEMI SAMUEL, OLUWOLE KOLAWOLE | 53 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD |
| 24 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | 54 SYNERGY ASSET MANAGEMENT CO. LTD |
| 25 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. | 55 UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 26 KABON SARAH | 56 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 27 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu | 57 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |
| 28 KOYEJO OLUBUNMI, AYOKUNLE | |
| 29 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN | |
| 30 KUKU S. B | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 8

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 ABIODUN AKINBOLANLE, OWOLABI | 31 KABON SARAH |
| 2 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 32 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu |
| 3 ADENAGBE OLORUNWA | 33 KOYEJO OLUBUNMI, AYOKUNLE |
| 4 ADESHINA OLALEKAN, OLADEPO | 34 KUKU S. B |
| 5 ADESINA RASHIDAT, OLUWATOYIN | 35 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY |
| 6 ADEWUYA O. | 36 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |
| 7 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 37 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE, |
| 8 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 38 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA |
| 9 AGHAHOWA FELIX | 39 MUSA ABDULLAH, O |
| 10 AJAKPOVI OROMENA . | 40 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O |
| 11 AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO | 41 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA |
| 12 AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL | 42 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE |
| 13 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 43 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE |
| 14 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 44 ODEBODE LANIYI, M.OLADIMEJI |
| 15 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS | 45 ODELEYE OLAWALE |
| 16 DADDO MARITIME SERVICES LIMITE | 46 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA |
| 17 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 47 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN |
| 18 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON | 48 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO |
| 19 ETIM EMMANUEL, EDET | 49 OJOGWU NNEKA |
| 20 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn | 50 OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 21 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD - | 51 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 22 GEAROUGE ELIE, | 52 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 23 GIWA RUFUS | 53 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 24 IBIYEMI ESTHER, OMOYENI | 54 SALAU KAYODE |
| 25 IBIYEMI SAMUEL, OLUWOLE KOLAWOLE | 55 UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 26 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. | 56 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 27 IGBRUDE MILLER, EFE | 57 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |
| 28 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | 58 WOODWORTH AL |
| 29 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. | |
| 30 JONES JOHN | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 9

| Beneficiaries | | Beneficiaries | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI | 31 | KUKU S. B |
| 2 | ADEBAYO ADEKOLA, MUHAIMEEN | 32 | LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY |
| 3 | ADEWUYA O. | 33 | MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |
| 4 | ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 34 | MATTI MURI OLAJIDE |
| 5 | ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 35 | MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA, |
| 6 | AFOLABI EMMANUEL, CARDOSO | 36 | MUSA ABDULLAH, O |
| 7 | AGHAHOWA FELIX | 37 | MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O |
| 8 | AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL | 38 | MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA |
| 9 | AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE | 39 | NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA |
| 10 | AKINLOYE OLUWAPONMILE | 40 | OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE |
| 11 | DARIA FRANK, EGONIWARE | 41 | OBIEFUNA NNEKA |
| 12 | DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 42 | ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA |
| 13 | EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY | 43 | ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN |
| 14 | ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON | 44 | OGEDENGBE IDOWU PETERS |
| 15 | EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn | 45 | OJOGWU NNEKA |
| 16 | GEAROUGE ELIE | 46 | OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 17 | GEORGE FAITH, E. | 47 | OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 18 | GIWA RUFUS | 48 | OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 19 | GUERRERO MIGUEL | 49 | ORIBAMISE ISAAC, IFEOLUWA |
| 20 | HARRY-UDOH ALICE | 50 | ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 21 | IBIYEMI ESTHER, OMOYENI | 51 | OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 22 | IBIYEMI SAMUEL, OLUWOLE KOLAWOLE | 52 | SYNERGY ASSET MANAGEMENT CO. LTD |
| 23 | IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. | 53 | UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 24 | IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. | 54 | USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 25 | IGBRUDE MILLER, EFE | 55 | UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |
| 26 | INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | 56 | WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M |
| 27 | JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. | 57 | WOODWORTH AL |
| 28 | KABON SARAH | | |
| 29 | KAREEM WAIDI Alamu | | |
| 30 | KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN | | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 10

| Beneficiaries | | Beneficiaries | |
|---------------|---|---------------|--|
| 1 | ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI | 31 | DARIA FRANK, EGONIWARE |
| 2 | ABIODUN AKINBOLANLE, OWOLABI | 32 | DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE |
| 3 | ADAJI OKPANACHI | 33 | EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY |
| 4 | ADAMA FOLAKE | 34 | ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON |
| 5 | ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 35 | ESTATE OF UMOH DAVID, EDEM |
| 6 | ADELEKE ADESINA | 36 | ETIM EMMANUEL, EDET |
| 7 | ADENUSI OLUWATOSIN | 37 | EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn |
| 8 | ADEWUYA O. | 38 | EZEONWUMELU CLETUS, EMEKA |
| 9 | ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 39 | FAMUYIDE OLUWASANMI |
| 10 | ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 40 | FAPOHUNDA ADEOLA |
| 11 | AFUNDU EDITH IFEYINWA | 41 | FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD |
| 12 | AGBONJARU SUNDAY, OKAH | 42 | GEAROUGE ELIE |
| 13 | AGHAHOWA FELIX | 43 | GEORGE FAITH, E. |
| 14 | AJAKPOVI OROMENA | 44 | GIWA RUFUS |
| 15 | AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO | 45 | GUERRERO MIGUEL |
| 16 | AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL | 46 | GUSTAV NIGERIA, LIMITED |
| 17 | AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 47 | IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. |
| 18 | AKHARUME IGBAFE | 48 | IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. |
| 19 | AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE | 49 | IGBRUDE MILLER, EFE |
| 20 | AKINLOYE OLUWAPONMILE | 50 | INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD |
| 21 | AKINPELU ADEBAYO, OLADELE | 51 | INVESTMENT ONE, STOCKBROKERS INT L LTD |
| 22 | ALEYIDENO YVONNE | 52 | JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. |
| 23 | ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY CHRISTIAN | 53 | KABON SARAH |
| 24 | ARIYO AYODELE, AKOLADE | 54 | KALEGHA ESE |
| 25 | ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 55 | KAREEM WAIDI Alamu |
| 26 | BELLO AYUBA, BDLIYA | 56 | KOYEJO OLUBUNMI, AYOKUNLE |
| 27 | CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS | 57 | KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN |
| 28 | COKER FEMI, S. | 58 | KUKU S. B |
| 29 | DAFUR MATHIAS | 59 | LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY |
| 30 | DARE KOLLINS JOSHUA & DAMILOLA (MR&MRS) | 60 | MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |

UNPAID PAYMENT 10 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 61 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE | 91 OGUNLEYE TEMITOPE, ANU |
| 62 MAYDAV MULTI, RESOURCES LIMITED | 92 OGUNSANYA KOLAWOLE& MARY |
| 63 MBA ULU, UKA | 93 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO |
| 64 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA | 94 OJOGWU NNEKA |
| 65 MOMODU KHALID, OSCAR | 95 OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 66 MUSA ABDULLAH, O | 96 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 67 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O | 97 OKUSI MUTAIRU, BABATUNDE |
| 68 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA | 98 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 69 NNADI JULIE, UZOR | 99 OLAYINKA SUNDAY AYODEJI, & VICTORIA |
| 70 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA | 100 OLORUNFEMI MICHAEL, ANDREW |
| 71 NWAZOTA WILLIAM, M. | 101 OLUKOYA OLUWASEUN, BABAJIDE |
| 72 NWAZOTA WILLIAMS | 102 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU |
| 73 OBAKIN FLORENCE, OLAJUMOKE | 103 ORIBAMISE ISAAC, IFEOLUWA |
| 74 OBAKIN IDOWU ISAAC | 104 ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 75 OBASOHAN GODWIN OSARHIUYIMEN | 105 OSILAJA OLADIPUPO, STEPHEN |
| 76 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE | 106 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 77 OBIEFUNA CHIBUEZE | 107 RIVITUS INVESTMENT LTD. |
| 78 OBIEFUNA IFEYINWA | 108 SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU |
| 79 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE | 109 SALAU KAYODE |
| 80 OBIEFUNA MATTHEW | 110 SHORINWA GBADUNOLA, GRACE |
| 81 OBIEFUNA NNEKA | 111 SOKUNBI AGBARAOLURUNKIIBATI, |
| 82 OBIEFUNA OBIANUJU | 112 SOKUNBI ITEOLUWAKIISHI, AFIMIFOLUWA |
| 83 OBIEFUNA V, C. | 113 TEBI CAPITAL, INVESTMENT LTD |
| 84 ODEBODE OLANIYI, M.OLADIMEJI | 114 UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 85 ODELEYE OLAWALE | 115 USIFO JOHN, EHIMEN FRANK |
| 86 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA | 116 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 87 ODOFIN TAJUDEEN, ADEAPO | 117 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |
| 88 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN | 118 WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M |
| 89 ODUWAIYE AKINTUNDE, OLALEKAN | 119 WINSTON F., DUBLIN-GREEN ESTATE OF LATE |
| 90 OGEDENGBE IDOWU PETERS | 120 WOODWORTH AL |

UNPAID PAYMENT 11

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--|--|
| 1 ABDULLAHI UNEKWU, NOEL | 31 EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY |
| 2 ADAMA FOLAKE | 32 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON |
| 3 ADEBAYO ADEKOLA, MUHAIMEEN | 33 ESTATE OF UMOH DAVID, EDEM |
| 4 ADEGBOYE OLUBUNMI | 34 ETIM EMMANUEL, EDET |
| 5 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 35 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn |
| 6 ADELEKE ADESINA | 36 FAPOHUNDA ADEOLA |
| 7 ADEMOLA ADEBOYA | 37 FEMBOL INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LTD |
| 8 ADENAGBE OLORUNWA | 38 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD |
| 9 ADEWUYA O. | 39 GEAROUGE ELIE |
| 10 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 40 GEORGE FAITH, E. |
| 11 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 41 GIWA RUFUS |
| 12 ADU AYODELE, ABRAHAM | 42 GUERRERO MIGUEL |
| 13 AFOLABI EMMANUEL, CARDOSO | 43 GUSTAV NIGERIA, LIMITED |
| 14 AGBONJARU SUNDAY, OKAH | 44 IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. |
| 15 AGHAHOWA FELIX | 45 IDOWU ABIMBOLA, ABIOLA |
| 16 AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO | 46 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. |
| 17 AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL | 47 IGBRUDE MILLER, EFE |
| 18 AJIE KINGSLEY, OLISA | 48 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD |
| 19 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 49 INVESTMENT SHARK AND ASSET MANAGEMENT |
| 20 AKANBI FELIX, ADEOLA | 50 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. |
| 21 AKHARUME IGBAFE | 51 KABON SARAH |
| 22 AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE | 52 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu |
| 23 ALEYIDENO YVONNE | 53 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN |
| 24 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 54 KUKU S. B |
| 25 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD | 55 LEKE-AKINROWO MODUPE, MARGARET |
| 26 DADDO MARITIME SERVICES LIMITE | 56 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |
| 27 DAFUR MATHIAS | 57 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE, |
| 28 DARE KOLLINS JOSHUA & DAMILOLA (MR&MRS) | 58 MBA ULU, UKA |
| 29 DARIA FRANK, EGONIWARE | 59 MEDAHUNSI CHRISTOPHER, OLAJIDE |
| 30 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 60 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA |

UNPAID PAYMENT 11 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--|---|
| 61 MOMODU KHALID, OSCAR | 91 OLORUNFEMI MICHAEL, ANDREW |
| 62 MUSA ABDULLAH, O | 92 OLORUNFUNMI YINUSA, ADEKUNLE |
| 63 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O | 93 ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 64 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA | 94 OSILAJA OLADIPUPO, STEPHEN |
| 65 NDEP BONUS FRACTIONAL SHARES ACCOUNT- | 95 OSINOWO RONKE |
| 66 NDEP BONUS 2008 FRACTIONAL SHARES | 96 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 67 NDEP BONUS 2010 FRACTIONAL SHARES | 97 OZIKO INVESTMENTS LIMITED |
| 68 NNADI JULIE, UZOR | 98 SHORINWA GBADUNOLA, GRACE |
| 69 NOBLE FAITH CATERERS | 99 SOARES OMOTIDOLO |
| 70 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA | 100 SOETAN RALIAT, ESTATE OF |
| 71 NWAZOTA WILLIAM, M. | 101 SOKUNBI AGBARAOLURUNKIIBATI ABIMIFOLUWA |
| 72 NWAZOTA WILLIAMS, | 102 SOKUNBI ITEOLUWAKIISHI, AFIMIFOLUWA |
| 73 OBASOHAN GODWIN OSARHIUYIMEN | 103 SYNERGY ASSET MANAGEMENT CO. LTD |
| 74 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE | 104 UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 75 OBIEFUNA IFEYINWA, | 105 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 76 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE | 106 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |
| 77 OBIEFUNA NNEKA, | 107 WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M |
| 78 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA | 108 WOODWORTH AL |
| 79 ODUKOYA KAYODE, ADESANYA | |
| 80 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN | |
| 81 ODUWAIYE AKINTUNDE, OLALEKAN | |
| 82 OGBA CHRISTOPHER, CHINONYE | |
| 83 OGUNSANYA KOLAWOLE& MARY, | |
| 84 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO | |
| 85 OILSCAN NIGERIA LIMITED | |
| 86 OJOGWU NNEKA, | |
| 87 OKAKWU CHARLES, | |
| 88 OKELEYE ELIZABETH, ADENIKE | |
| 89 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE | |
| 90 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 12

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|---|
| 1 ABDULLAHI UNEKWU, NOEL | 31 DUROJAIYE ANTHONIA, O. |
| 2 ABIDAKUN OYEBODE, MICHAEL | 32 EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY |
| 3 ADAJI OKPANACHI | 33 EMUCHI JONATHAN |
| 4 ADAMA FOLAKE | 34 ERINFOLAMI BOSERECALB, IJAODOLATIOLUWA |
| 5 ADEBAYO ADEKOLA, MUHAIMEEN | 35 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON |
| 6 ADEGBOYE OLUBUNMI | 36 ESTATE OF UMOH DAVID, EDEM |
| 7 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 37 ETIM EMMANUEL, EDET |
| 8 ADELEKE ADESINA | 38 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn |
| 9 ADEMOLA ADEBOYA | 39 FABIYI EBENEZER, ADEYEMI |
| 10 ADENAGBE OLORUNWA | 40 FAMUYIDE OLUWASANMI |
| 11 ADESINA RASHIDAT, OLUWATOYIN | 41 FAPOHUNDA ADEOLA |
| 12 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 42 FISHBACK INVESTMENT, CHIEF NOMINEE |
| 13 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 43 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD - |
| 14 ADU AYODELE, ABRAHAM | 44 GEORGE FAITH, E. |
| 15 AFOLABI EMMANUEL, CARDOSO | 45 GIWA RUFUS |
| 16 AGBONJARU SUNDAY, OKAH | 46 GLOBAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT LTD |
| 17 AGHAHOWA FELIX | 47 GUERRERO MIGUEL |
| 18 AJAKPOVI OROMENA | 48 GUSTAV NIGERIA, LIMITED |
| 19 AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL | 49 IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. |
| 20 AJIE KINGSLEY, OLISA | 50 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. |
| 21 AJUMOBI GRACE, OMONIYI | 51 IMPERIAL EQUITY, INV. CO. LTD |
| 22 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 52 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD |
| 23 AKHARUME IGBAFE | 53 INVESTMENT SHARK AND ASSET MANAGEMENT |
| 24 AKINDOLIRE BENSON, OLANIJI | 54 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. |
| 25 AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE | 55 JONES JOHN |
| 26 BINUYO SHARAF, TEJU | 56 KABON SARAH |
| 27 COKER FEMI, S. | 57 KALEGHA ESE |
| 28 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD | 58 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu |
| 29 DARE KOLLINS JOSHUA & DAMILOLA (MR&MRS), | 59 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN |
| 30 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 60 KUKU S. B |

UNPAID PAYMENT 12 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 61 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA | 91 OGUNSANYA KOLAWOLE& MARY |
| 62 MEDAHUNSI CHRISTOPHER, OLAJIDE | 92 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO |
| 63 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA | 93 OILSCAN NIGERIA LIMITED |
| 64 MOMODU KHALID, OSCAR | 94 OJOGWU NNEKA, |
| 65 MOMOH MUSA, ONOME | 95 OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 66 MUSA ABDULLAH, O | 96 OKELEYE ELIZABETH, ADENIKE |
| 67 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O | 97 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 68 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA | 98 OKUSI MUTAIRU, BABATUNDE |
| 69 NOBLE FAITH CATERERS | 99 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 70 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA | 100 OLAYINKA SUNDAY AYODEJI, & VICTORIA |
| 71 NWABUEZE OBI-AZUKAEGO, HENRY | 101 OMORAGBON HENRY, I.E |
| 72 NWAZOTA WILLIAMS | 102 OPAOGUN TEMITOPE, JANET |
| 73 OBASOHAN GODWIN OSARHIUYIMEN | 103 ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 74 OBAYEMI FEYISARA, JANET | 104 OSILAJA OLADIPUPO, STEPHEN |
| 75 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE | 105 OSINOWO RONKE |
| 76 OBIEFUNA CHIBUEZE | 106 OTEH ARUNMA |
| 77 OBIEFUNA IFEYINWA | 107 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 78 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE | 108 OYEWOLE ISIAH, OLUWATOSIN |
| 79 OBIEFUNA NNEKA | 109 OZIKO INVESTMENTS LIMITED |
| 80 OBIEFUNA OBIANUJU | 110 SOARES OMOTIDOLO |
| 81 OBIEFUNA V, C. | 111 SOETAN RALIAT, ESTATE OF |
| 82 ODELEYE OLAWALE | 112 SOKUNBI AGBARAOLURUNKIIBATI ABIMIFOLUWA |
| 83 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA | 113 SOKUNBI ITEOLUWAKIISHI, AFIMIFOLUWA |
| 84 ODUNUGA SAMIAT, ADEBANKE | 114 UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 85 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN | 115 WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M, |
| 86 ODUWAIYE AKINTUNDE, OLALEKAN | 116 WOODWORTH AL |
| 87 OGinni JOSHUA, OLUWOLE | 117 ZHAWA ABOKI |
| 88 OGUNDEJI MOSES, AYODELE | |
| 89 OGUNLEYE OLORUNFEMI | |
| 90 OGUNLEYE TEMITOPE, ANU | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 13

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI | 31 AKANBI FELIX, ADEOLA |
| 2 ABDULLAHI UNEKWU, NOEL | 32 AKHARUME IGBAFE |
| 3 ABIDAKUN OYEBODE, MICHAEL | 33 AKINDOLIRE BENSON, OLANJI |
| 4 ABIODUN AKINBOLANLE, OWOLABI | 34 AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE |
| 5 ADAJI OKPANACHI | 35 AKINLOYE OLUWAPONMILE |
| 6 ADAMA FOLAKE | 36 AKINPELU ADEBAYO, OLADELE |
| 7 ADEBAYO ADEKOLA, MUHAIMEEN | 37 AKINTILO FRANKLIN, ADEDEJI |
| 8 ADEGBOYE OLUBUNMI | 38 ALEYIDENO YVONNE |
| 9 ADEGOROYE MONISADE, OLUKEMI | 39 ALIU GABRIEL, TOBA |
| 10 ADEJUMO OLUFEMI | 40 ANKA YUSHAU Mohammed |
| 11 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 41 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY |
| 12 ADELEKE ADESINA | 42 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY CHRISTIAN |
| 13 ADEMOLA ADEBOYA | 43 ARIYO AYODELE, AKOLADE |
| 14 ADENAGBE OLORUNWA | 44 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU |
| 15 ADESHINA OLALEKAN, OLADEPO | 45 AWOYOMI ADEDAYO, SUNDAY JAGUNMOLU |
| 16 ADESINA RASHIDAT, OLUWATOYIN | 46 AYEDUN FUNMILAYO, ABIODUN |
| 17 ADEWUYA O. | 47 BELLO AYUBA, BDLIYA |
| 18 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 48 BENSON OPRAL |
| 19 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 49 BIANGLAR REALTIES, LIMITED |
| 20 ADU AYODELE, ABRAHAM | 50 BINUYO SHARAF, TEJU |
| 21 AFINJU BOLUWATIFE, OLADIPUPO | 51 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS |
| 22 AFINJU OMOTAYO, KOFOWOROLA | 52 COKER FEMI, S. |
| 23 AGBONJARU SUNDAY, OKAH | 53 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD |
| 24 AGHAHOWA FELIX | 54 DADDO MARITIME SERVICES LIMITE |
| 25 AJAKPOVI OROMENA | 55 DAFUR MATHIAS |
| 26 AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO | 56 DARIA FRANK, EGONIWARE |
| 27 AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL | 57 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE |
| 28 AJIE KINGSLEY, OLISA | 58 DUROJAIYE ANTHONIA, O. |
| 29 AJUMOBI GRACE, OMONIYI | 59 EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY |
| 30 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 60 EKWUNIFE JOE, BILLY |

UNPAID PAYMENT 13 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|--|
| 61 EMUCHI JONATHAN | 91 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. |
| 62 ERINFOLAMI BOSERECALB, IJAODOLATIOLUWA | 92 JONES JOHN |
| 63 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON | 93 KABON SARAH |
| 64 ESTATE OF UMOH DAVID, EDEM | 94 KALEGHA ESE |
| 65 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn | 95 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu |
| 66 EZEONWUMELU CLETUS, EMEKA | 96 KOYEJO OLUBUNMI, AYOKUNLE |
| 67 FABIYI EBENEZER, ADEYEMI | 97 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN |
| 68 FAMUYIDE OLUWASANMI | 98 KUKU S. B |
| 69 FAPOHUNDA ADEOLA | 99 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY |
| 70 FEMBOL INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LTD | 100 LEKE-AKINROWO MODUPE, MARGARET |
| 71 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD | 101 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |
| 72 GEAROUGE ELIE | 102 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE |
| 73 GEORGE FAITH, E. | 103 MAYDAV MULTI, RESOURCES LIMITED |
| 74 GIWA RUFUS | 104 MBA ULU, UKA |
| 75 GLOBAL CAPITAL RESOURCES LTD | 105 MBC SECURITIES, LTD |
| 76 GLOBAL CAPITAL, RESOURCES LTD | 106 MEDAHUNSI CHRISTOPHER, OLAJIDE |
| 77 GUERRERO MIGUEL | 107 MENE-EJEGI ROLAND, ORITSEBEMIWO |
| 78 GUSTAV NIGERIA, LIMITED | 108 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA |
| 79 HARRY-UDOH ALICE | 109 MOMODU KHALID, OSCAR |
| 80 IBIYEMI ESTHER, OMOYENI | 110 MOMOH MUSA, ONOME |
| 81 IBIYEMI SAMUEL, OLUWOLE KOLAWOLE | 111 MOT OLAYIWOLA, TOBUN |
| 82 IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. | 112 MUSA ABDULLAH, O |
| 83 IDOWU ABIMBOLA, ABIOLA | 113 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O |
| 84 IDOWU OLATOKUNBO&CATHERINE | 114 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA |
| 85 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. | 115 NDEP BONUS FRACTIONAL SHARES ACCOUNT |
| 86 IJOMA FIDELIS, OPIA ODILI | 116 NDEP BONUS 2008 FRACTIONAL SHARES |
| 87 IMPERIAL EQUITY, INV. CO. LTD | 117 NDEP BONUS 2010 FRACTIONAL SHARES |
| 88 INDEPENDENT SHAREHOLDERS ASSOCIATION | 118 NNADI JULIE, UZOR |
| 89 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | 119 NOBLE FAITH CATERERS |
| 90 JAJI BABATUNDE, RAHMAN | 120 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA |

UNPAID PAYMENT 13 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 121 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA | 151 OILSCAN NIGERIA LIMITED |
| 122 NWAZOR LAZARUS, ADIKAIBE UZOMA | 152 OJOGWU NNEKA |
| 123 NWAZOTA WILLIAM, M. | 153 OKAFOR EMMANUEL, NKWACHUKWU |
| 124 NWAZOTA WILLIAMS | 154 OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 125 OBAKIN FLORENCE, OLAJUMOKE | 155 OKELEYE ELIZABETH, ADENIKE |
| 126 OBAKIN IDOWU ISAAC | 156 OKOH EMMANUEL, ODE |
| 127 OBASOHAN GODWIN OSARHIUYIMEN | 157 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 128 OBAYEMI FEYSISARA, JANET | 158 OKUSI MUTAIRU, BABATUNDE |
| 129 OBIANWU EMMANUEL, N. | 159 OLAGBAJU O. SAMMY |
| 130 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE | 160 OLAYEMI OLATUNDE |
| 131 OBIEFUNA CHIBUEZE | 161 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 132 OBIEFUNA IFEYINWA | 162 OLAYINKA SUNDAY AYODEJI, & VICTORIA |
| 133 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE | 163 OLORUNFEMI MICHAEL, ANDREW |
| 134 OBIEFUNA MATTHEW | 164 OLORUNFUNMI YINUSA, ADEKUNLE |
| 135 OBIEFUNA NNEKA | 165 OLUKOYA OLUWASEUN, BABAJIDE |
| 136 OBIEFUNA OBIANUJU | 166 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU |
| 137 OBIEFUNA V, C. | 167 OMORAGBON HENRY, I.E |
| 138 ODEBODE OLANIYI, M.OLADIMEJI | 168 ONYIA UCHENNA, CHINYERE |
| 139 ODELEYE OLAWALE | 169 OPAOGUN TEMITOPE, JANET |
| 140 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA | 170 ORIBAMISE ISAAC, IFEOLUWA |
| 141 ODOFIN TAJUDEEN, ADEDAPO | 171 ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 142 ODUNUGA SAMIAT, ADEBANKE | 172 OSILAJA OLADIPUPO, STEPHEN |
| 143 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN | 173 OSINOWO RONKE |
| 144 ODUWAIYE AKINTUNDE, OLALEKAN | 174 OSIWEMU OGHENERUEMU, SAMUEL |
| 145 OGinni JOSHUA, OLUWOLE | 175 OTEH ARUNMA |
| 146 OGUNDEJI MOSES, AYODELE | 176 OWOPETU OLUFEMI |
| 147 OGUNLEYE OLORUNFEMI | 177 OYEDELE NURAT, ADENIKE |
| 148 OGUNLEYE TEMITOPE, ANU | 178 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 149 OGUNSANYA KOLAWOLE& MARY | 179 OYEWOLE ISAAH, OLUWATOSIN |
| 150 OGUNYINKA ABRAHAM | 180 OZIKO INVESTMENTS LIMITED |

UNPAID PAYMENT 14

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 181 PATRICK UGOCHUKWU, NNAMDI | 1 ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI |
| 182 RIMITUS INVESTMENT LTD. | 2 ABDULLAHI UNEKWU, NOEL |
| 183 SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU | 3 ABIDAKUN OYEBODE, MICHAEL |
| 184 SALAU KAYODE | 4 ABIODUN AKINBOLANLE, OWOLABI |
| 185 SALEMSON SHAREHOLDERS, ASS OF NIGERIA | 5 ADAJI OKPANACHI |
| 186 SHOBOWALE BABATUNDE | 6 ADAMA FOLAKE |
| 187 SHOFOLAHAN SUNDAY OLUSANJO | 7 ADEBAYO ADEKOLA, MUHAIMEEN |
| 188 SHOPEJU SHOTUNDE | 8 ADEGBOYE OLUBUNMI |
| 189 SHORINWA GBADUNOLA, GRACE | 9 ADEGOROYE MONISADE, OLUKEMI |
| 190 SOARES OMOTIDOLO | 10 ADEJUMO OLUFEMI |
| 191 SOKUNBI AGBARAOLURUNKIIBATI ABIMIFOLUWA | 11 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA |
| 192 SOKUNBI ITEOLUWAKIISHI AFIMIFOLUWA | 12 ADEMOLA ADEBOYA |
| 193 UMAR MUSA ADNAN | 13 ADENAGBE OLORUNWA |
| 194 UMEOKORO PAULINUS | 14 ADESHINA OLALEKAN, OLADEPO |
| 195 USIFO JOHN, EHIMEN FRANK | 15 ADESINA RASHIDAT, OLUWATOYIN |
| 196 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. | 16 ADEWUYA O. |
| 197 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD | 17 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN |
| 198 WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M, | 18 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA |
| 199 WINSTON F., DUBLIN-GREEN ESTATE OF LATE | 19 ADU AYODELE, ABRAHAM |
| 200 WOODWORTH AL | 20 AFINJU BOLUWATIFE, OLADIPUPO |
| 201 ZHAWA ABOKI | 21 AFINJU OMOTAYO, KOFOWOROLA |
| | 22 AGBONJARU SUNDAY, OKAH |
| | 23 AGHAHOWA FELIX |
| | 24 AIG IMOUKHUEDE, OFOWWE KOKO |
| | 25 AJAKPOVI OROMENA |
| | 26 AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO |
| | 27 AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL |
| | 28 AJIE KINGSLEY, OLISA |
| | 29 AJUMOBI GRACE, OMONIYI |
| | 30 AJUMOBI JOSEPH OLUYEMI ESTATE OF |

UNPAID PAYMENT 14 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| 31 AJUMOBI OLUGBENGA EZEKIEL | 61 DUROJAIYE ANTHONIA, O. |
| 32 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 62 EGBEBI FOLUKE OMOBONIKE |
| 33 AKANBI FELIX, ADEOLA | 63 EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY |
| 34 AKHARUME IGBAFE | 64 EKWUNIFE JOE, BILLY |
| 35 AKINDOLIRE BENSON, OLANIJI | 65 EMUCHI JONATHAN |
| 36 AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE | 66 ERINFOLAMI BOSERCALEB, IJAODOLATIOLUWA |
| 37 AKINLOYE OLUWAPONMIL | 67 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON |
| 38 AKINPELU ADEBAYO, OLADELE | 68 ESTATE OF UMOH DAVID, EDEM |
| 39 AKINTAN TAYO JAYEOLA | 69 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn |
| 40 AKINTILO FRANKLIN, ADEDEJI | 70 EZEONWUMELU CLETUS, EMEKA |
| 41 ALEYIDENO YVONNE | 71 FABIYI EBENEZER, ADEYEMI |
| 42 ALIU GABRIEL, TOBA | 72 FAMUYIDE OLUWASANMI |
| 43 ANKA YUSHAU Mohammed | 73 FAPOHUNDA ADEOLA |
| 44 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY | 74 FEMBOL INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LTD |
| 45 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY CHRISTIAN | 75 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD |
| 46 ARIYO AYODELE, AKOLADE | 76 GEAROUGE ELIE |
| 47 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 77 GEORGE FAITH, E. |
| 48 AWOYOMI ADEDAYO, SUNDAY JAGUNMOLU | 78 GIWA RUFUS |
| 49 AYEDUN FUNMILAYO, ABIODUN | 79 GLOBAL CAPITAL RESOURCES LTD |
| 50 BELLO AYUBA, BDLIYA | 80 GLOBAL CAPITAL RESOURCES LTD |
| 51 BIANGULAR REALTIES, LIMITED | 81 GLOBAL CAPITAL, RESOURCES LTD |
| 52 BINUYO SHARAFA, TEJU | 82 GUERRERO MIGUEL |
| 53 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS | 83 GUSTAV NIGERIA, LIMITED |
| 54 COKER FEMI, S. | 84 HARRY-UDOH ALICE |
| 55 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD | 85 IBIYEMI ESTHER, OMOYENI |
| 56 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD | 86 IBIYEMI SAMUEL, OLUWOLE KOLAWOLE |
| 57 DADDO MARITIME SERVICES LIMITE | 87 IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. |
| 58 DAFUR MATHIAS | 88 IDOWU ABIMBOLA, ABIOLA |
| 59 DARIA FRANK, EGONIWARE | 89 IDOWU OLATOKUNBO&CATHERINE |
| 60 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 90 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. |

UNPAID PAYMENT 14 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|--|
| 91 IJOMA FIDELIS, OPIA ODILI | 121 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O |
| 92 IMPERIAL EQUITY, INV. CO. LTD | 122 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA |
| 93 INDEPENDENT SHAREHOLDERS ASSOCIATION | 123 NDEP BONUS FRACTIONAL SHARES ACCOUNT |
| 94 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | 124 NDEP BONUS 2008 FRACTIONAL SHARES |
| 95 ISEMEDE OLUWATOYIN OMOBOLA | 125 NDEP BONUS 2010 FRACTIONAL SHARES |
| 96 ISIOMA OSHIOLUAMHE LIMITED | 126 NNADI JULIE, UZOR |
| 97 JAJI BABATUNDE, RAHMAN | 127 NOBLE FAITH CATERERS |
| 98 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. | 128 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA |
| 99 JONES JOHN | 129 NWAZOR LAZARUS, ADIKAIBE UZOMA |
| 100 KABON SARAH | 130 NWAZOTA WILLIAM, M. |
| 101 KALEGHA ESE | 131 NWAZOTA WILLIAMS |
| 102 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu | 132 OBAKIN FLORENCE, OLAJUMOKE |
| 103 KOYEJO OLUBUNMI, AYOKUNLE | 133 OBAKIN IDOWU ISAAC |
| 104 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN | 134 OBASOHAN GODWIN OSARHIUYIMEN |
| 105 KUKU S. B | 135 OBAYEMI FEYSARA, JANET |
| 106 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY | 136 OBIANWU EMMANUEL, N. |
| 107 LEKE-AKINROWO MODUPE, MARGARET | 137 OBIDEYI ASEPENISEOLUWA VINCENT |
| 108 MANUWA OLUWASEUN DORCAS | 138 OBIDEYI EFUNYEMI OLATUNDE |
| 109 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA | 139 OBIDEYI ITEOLUWAKIISHI JOAN MORENIKE |
| 110 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE | 140 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE |
| 111 MAYDAV MULTI, RESOURCES LIMITED | 141 OBIEFUNA CHIBUEZE |
| 112 MBA ULU, UKA | 142 OBIEFUNA IFEYINWA |
| 113 MBC SECURITIES, LTD | 143 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE |
| 114 MEDAHUNSI CHRISTOPHER, OLAJIDE | 144 OBIEFUNA MATTHEW |
| 115 MENE-EJEGI ROLAND, ORITSEBEMIWO | 145 OBIEFUNA NNEKA |
| 116 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA | 146 OBIEFUNA OBIANUJU |
| 117 MOMODU KHALID, OSCAR | 147 OBIEFUNA V, C. |
| 118 MOMOH MUSA, ONOME | 148 ODEBODE OLANIYI, M.OLADIMEJI |
| 119 MOT OLAYIWOLA, TOBUN | 149 ODELEYE OLAWALE |
| 120 MUSA ABDULLAH, O | 150 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA |

UNPAID PAYMENT 14 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|---|
| 151 ODOFIN TAJUDEEN, ADEDAPO | 181 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU |
| 152 ODUGUWA AYOTUNDE OLATOKUNBO | 182 OMORAGBON HENRY, I.E |
| 153 ODUNUGA SAMIAT, ADEBANKE | 183 ONYIA UCHENNA, CHINYERE |
| 154 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN | 184 OPAOGUN TEMITOPE, JANET |
| 155 ODUSANYA OPE ANIKE | 185 ORIBAMISE ABIGAIL IBUKUNOLUWA |
| 156 ODUWAIYE AKINTUNDE, OLALEKAN | 186 ORIBAMISE ISAAC, IFEOLUWA |
| 157 OGinni JOSHUA, OLUWOLE | 187 ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 158 OGUNDEJI MOSES, AYODELE | 188 OSINOWO RONKE |
| 159 OGUNLEYE OLORUNFEMI | 189 OTEH ARUNMA |
| 160 OGUNLEYE TEMITOPE, ANU | 190 OWOPETU OLUFEMI |
| 161 OGUNSANYA KOLAWOLE& MARY | 191 OYEDELE NURAT, ADENIKE |
| 162 OGUNYINKA ABRAHAM | 192 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 163 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO | 193 OYEWOLE ISIAH, OLUWATOSIN |
| 164 OILSCAN NIGERIA LIMITED | 194 OZIKO INVESTMENTS LIMITED |
| 165 OJOGWU NNEKA | 195 RIVITUS INVESTMENT LTD. |
| 166 OKAFOR EMMANUEL, NKWACHUKWU | 196 SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU |
| 167 OKAKWU CHARLES | 197 SALAU KAYODE |
| 168 OKELEYE ELIZABETH, ADENIKE | 198 SALEMSON SHAREHOLDERS, ASS OF NIGERIA |
| 169 OKOH EMMANUEL, ODE | 199 SHOBOWALE BABATUNDE |
| 170 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE | 200 SHOFOLAHAN SUNDAY, OLUSANJO |
| 171 OKUSI MUTAIRU, BABATUNDE | 201 SHOPEJU SHOTUNDE |
| 172 OLAGBAJU O. SAMMY | 202 SHORINWA GBADUNOLA, GRACE |
| 173 OLajosAGBE JOHN OLUBUNMI | 203 SOARES OMOTIDOLO |
| 174 OLALAYE ADEYEMI ELIJAH | 204 SOKUNBI AGBARAOLURUNKIIBATI ABIMIFOLUWA |
| 175 OLAYEMI OLATUNDE | 205 SOKUNBI ITEOLUWAKIISHI AFIMIFOLUWA |
| 176 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN | 206 UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 177 OLAYINKA SUNDAY AYODEJI, & VICTORIA | 207 UMEOKORO PAULINUS |
| 178 OLORUNFEMI MICHAEL, ANDREW | 208 USIFO JOHN, EHIMEN FRANK |
| 179 OLORUNFUNMI YINUSA, ADEKUNLE | 209 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 180 OLUKOYA OLUWASEUN, BABAJIDE | 210 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15

| Beneficiaries | | Beneficiaries | |
|---------------|--|---------------|------------------------------|
| 211 | WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M, | 1 | ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI |
| 212 | WINSTON F, DUBLIN-GREEN ESTATE OF LATE | 2 | ABDULLAHI UNEKWU, NOEL |
| 213 | WOODWORTH AL | 3 | ABIDAKUN OYEBODE, MICHAEL |
| 214 | ZHAWA ABOKI | 4 | ABIODUN AKINBOLANLE, OWOLABI |
| | | 5 | ABIOLA IBUKUNOLUWA |
| | | 6 | ABIOLA TENITOLUWA, DOYINS |
| | | 7 | ABODERIN FEMI, OLUWASEUN |
| | | 8 | ABOLADE MARIAM |
| | | 9 | ABSULSALAM HAMMED, ADEGOKE |
| | | 10 | ACHIEBO BRIDGET |
| | | 11 | ADABI KEHINDE, FELICIA |
| | | 12 | ADAJI OKPANACHI |
| | | 13 | ADAMA FOLAKE |
| | | 14 | ADEBAYO ADEKOLA, MUHAIMEEN |
| | | 15 | ADEBAYO AFEEZ |
| | | 16 | ADEBISI MAYOWA, OMOWUNMI |
| | | 17 | ADEBISI MOSES |
| | | 18 | ADEBOYE ROTIMI, FRED |
| | | 19 | ADEDEJI IFEOLUWA, I |
| | | 20 | ADEDEJI JAMES, A |
| | | 21 | ADEDOJA SIKIRU, O |
| | | 22 | ADEDOYIN FOLASHADE, JULIANA |
| | | 23 | ADEDOYIN KOLAWOLE, OLAOLUWA |
| | | 24 | ADEFIOSAYO ADEYEMI, |
| | | 25 | ADEGBESAN TOLU, OLAYEMI |
| | | 26 | ADEGBITE TUNDE |
| | | 27 | ADEGBO TOLUWALOPE, CHARLES |
| | | 28 | ADEGBOLAGUN ADEMOLA, GEORGE |
| | | 29 | ADEGBOLAGUN YEWAND |
| | | 30 | ADEGBOYE OLUBUNMI |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | | Beneficiaries | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| 31 | ADEGOKE DAMILARE | 61 | ADERINTO FUNMILAYO |
| 32 | ADEGOKE KUDIRAT | 62 | ADEROUNMU SULIAT |
| 33 | ADEGOKE OLUWASEUN, JOHN | 63 | ADESHINA ABISOLA, AISHAT |
| 34 | ADEGOROYE MONISADE, OLUKEMI | 64 | ADESHINA OLALEKAN, OLADEPO |
| 35 | ADEJORO ADEWALE, EBENEZER | 65 | ADESHINA TAJUDEEN IMRAN |
| 36 | ADEJUMO ADEYEMI, TIMOTHY | 66 | ADESINA ADENIKE, FUNMILOLA |
| 37 | ADEJUMO OLUFEMI | 67 | ADESINA RASHIDAT, OLUWATOYIN |
| 38 | ADEKANYE OLANIYI, N | 68 | ADETAYO ADEOLU, J |
| 39 | ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA | 69 | ADETONA FEMI |
| 40 | ADEKUNLE IDIRS, ABIOLA | 70 | ADETONA GBEMILEKE, J |
| 41 | ADELEKAN ADEDAMOLA | 71 | ADETONA OLUYINKA |
| 42 | ADELEKAN ADEMIDUN, TOPE | 72 | ADETOYE OPEYEMI, ADEPERO |
| 43 | ADELEKE MURITALA, OLALEKAN | 73 | ADETUNJI UTHMAN |
| 44 | ADELOWO GABRIEL | 74 | ADEWALE SULIMAN, ADEWUYI |
| 45 | ADEMARATI OLATUNJI | 75 | ADEWOLE ADETUNJI, ABEEB |
| 46 | ADEMOLA ADEBOYA | 76 | ADEWUMI DEJI, MICHAEL |
| 47 | ADENAGBE OLORUNWA | 77 | ADEWUMI MOJEED, ADEBAYOR |
| 48 | ADENAIYA METANA, EBI | 78 | ADEWUMI OLUWADOYINSOLA, F |
| 49 | ADENIJI ADEMOLA, YUSUF | 79 | ADEWUYA O. |
| 50 | ADENIJI MODUPE, ADETUTU | 80 | ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN |
| 51 | ADENIJI YINKA | 81 | ADEYEBA-ORIS TITILOPE, O |
| 52 | ADENIRAN KABIR, O | 82 | ADEYEKUN OLUWASEYI, ARAMIDE |
| 53 | ADEOYE ADESOLA, CHARLES | 83 | ADEYEMI AFEEZ, ADEWALE |
| 54 | ADEOYE GBENGA, ROTIMI | 84 | ADEYEMI DANIEL, O |
| 55 | ADEOYE OYEDIRAN | 85 | ADEYEMI OLUWAKEMI, JANET |
| 56 | ADEOYE OYENIHUN, CHRISTY | 86 | ADEYEMI OPEYEMI, O |
| 57 | ADEOYE OYINLADE, ADEBOLA | 87 | ADEYEMI SIJIBOMI, PETER |
| 58 | ADEPOJU ADEWALE, OLAYINKA | 88 | ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA |
| 59 | ADEPOJU OLAMIDE | 89 | ADEYEMO BUSAYO, LOLADE |
| 60 | ADERINTO ADEYEMI | 90 | ADEYEMO OLAWALE, ABIOLA |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 91 ADEYERA OLUWAPELUMI, D | 121 AJAYI OLUGBENGA, O |
| 92 ADEYEYE ADEGBENGA, SAMSON | 122 AJAYI OLUWASOJI, OJO |
| 93 ADEYI OLUWASEUN, ADEWALE | 123 AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL |
| 94 ADEYINKA ADEGBOYEGA, A | 124 AJIBOLA ADEMOLA, G |
| 95 ADIDU ANITA, SIMILOLA | 125 AJIE KINGSLEY, OLISA |
| 96 ADIGUN AKINPELU, HABEEB | 126 AJOSE ANNA, ANZEH |
| 97 ADISA BUKOLA, MUSILIU | 127 AJOSE OLAYINKA |
| 98 ADU AYODELE, ABRAHAM | 128 AJOSE OLUWAFEMI, AWAH |
| 99 AFINJU BOLUWATIFE, OLADIPUPO | 129 AJUMOBI GRACE, OMONIYI |
| 100 AFINJU OMOTAYO, KOFOWOROLA | 130 AJUMOBI JOSEPH OLUYEMI ESTATE OF |
| 101 AFOLABI EZEKEL, | 131 AJUMOBI OLUGBENGA EZEKIEL |
| 102 AFOLABI IFEOLUWA, IYIOLA | 132 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN |
| 103 AGBEBI OLUSOLA, EBENEZER | 133 AKANBI FELIX, ADEOLA |
| 104 AGBEJIMI OMODELE, SERAH | 134 AKANMU NASIR, OLALEKAN |
| 105 AGBOLAMAGBIN PEACE, O. | 135 AKAOGU GABRIEL, CHUKWUEMEKA |
| 106 AGBOMENDU FAUSTIN, | 136 AKEEM AIYEDUN, ALANI |
| 107 AGBONJARU SUNDAY, OKAH | 137 AKHARUME IGBAFE |
| 108 AGHAHOWA FELIX | 138 AKINBODE AYODEJI |
| 109 AGONO MICHAEL OMAYE | 139 AKINDE OLUFUNMBI, O. |
| 110 AGUNBIADE SEUN, ABIDEMI | 140 AKINDOLIRE BENSON, OLANIJI |
| 111 AIG IMOUKHUEDE, OFOWWE KOKO | 141 AKINLABI OMOWUNMI, KHADIJAT |
| 112 AJAKPOVI OROMENA . | 142 AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE |
| 113 AJALA ISAAC | 143 AKINLOYE OLUWAPONMILE |
| 114 AJALA SUNDAY | 144 AKINLUA OYINADE VIVIAN |
| 115 AJANI TEMITOPE, F | 145 AKINOLU TITILOPE |
| 116 AJAYI ADERONKE | 146 AKINPELU ADEBAYO, OLADELE |
| 117 AJAYI AKINTUNDE, TOLULOPE | 147 AKINPELU AYOOLOUWA, OLUWATOSIN |
| 118 AJAYI AYOBAMI | 148 AKINPELU FOLASHADE, M |
| 119 AJAYI BIOLA, A. | 149 AKINSANYA OLUROTIMI |
| 120 AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO | 150 AKINSIJUNOARA ADENIKE |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 151 AKINTAN TAYO JAYEOLA | 181 ANKA YUSHAU Mohammed |
| 152 AKINTAYO SAMUEL, I | 182 ANOZIE CHIDINMA, I |
| 153 AKINTILO FRANKLIN, ADEDEJI | 183 ANOZIE CHINEDU, C |
| 154 AKINTOYE MUJEEB, AKINTUNDE | 184 ANOZIE FLORENCE |
| 155 AKINWALE OLUSEGUN | 185 ANOZIE OGECHUKWU, JENNIFER |
| 156 AKINWALE OLUWATOBI | 186 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY |
| 157 AKINYEMI MONSURU | 187 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY CHRISTIAN |
| 158 AKINYEMI ZIPPORAH | 188 APAKALA BABATUNDE |
| 159 AKISANYA OLAMIDE, ADEOTI | 189 AREMU ADEMOLA, THOLIPHILUS |
| 160 AKISANYA OLUBUNKUNOLA | 190 ARIYO AYODELE, AKOLADE |
| 161 AKISANYA OLUTOLA, O.M | 191 ARIYO BABATUNDE |
| 162 AKODU AKEEM, ADENIYI | 192 ARIYO OLUWAFUNKE, MULIKAT |
| 163 AKPAGBUE IFEANYI, E | 193 AROMOLARAN FOLAKEMI, O |
| 164 AKPOJARO PETER, D | 194 AROMOLARAN JAMES ADEBAYO |
| 165 AKPORUBE OGHOGHO | 195 AROWOJOBE KIKELOMO, GRACE |
| 166 ALABI ADEWALE | 196 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU |
| 167 ALANI BIODUN | 197 ASSOH MABEL, TARE |
| 168 ALAO SAMUEL, ADEBISI | 198 ATOLAGBE SEGUN |
| 169 ALEYIDENO YVONNE | 199 AUSTIN EKENE |
| 170 ALFONSO AYOOLOUWA, J | 200 AWOBETU OLADIMEJI, FUNSHO |
| 171 ALIM GBENGA, ISAAC | 201 AWOWAJIRI EDWARD |
| 172 ALIU GABRIEL, TOBA | 202 AWOYOMI ADEDAYO, SUNDAY JAGUNMOLU |
| 173 ALUKO OYEBUKOLA ABOSEDE | 203 AYEDUN FUNMILAYO, ABIODUN |
| 174 AMACHA FRANKLIN, CHIBUEZE | 204 AYEPADA ABIOLA, ROSELYY |
| 175 AMACHA NKIRU | 205 AYODELE OLUWATOSIN |
| 176 AMINU OLUSEGUN, DAVID | 206 AYOKANMI AYODEJI |
| 177 AMUSAN-GIWA JOSHUA, ABIODUN | 207 BABARINDE TOPE, DARE |
| 178 ANIJONATHAN O. | 208 BABATUNDE AZEEZAT, OYINDA |
| 179 ANIMASHAUN EMMANUEL, D | 209 BABATUNDE OLAKUNLE, KINGSLEY |
| 180 ANIMASHAUN JOSEPH, A | 210 BAPTUNDE IDRIS, ADEKUNLE |

UNPAID PAYMENT I5 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|--|
| 211 BADEJO FESTUS, OLUGBENGA | 241 DIEYI NEWMAN, U |
| 212 BADMUS MALIK | 242 DIKEME OGOCHUKWU, KENNETH |
| 213 BADMUS QUADRI, OMOBOLANJI | 243 DOUGHLAS AGNES, INORI |
| 214 BAKARE BUNMI | 244 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE |
| 215 BALOGUN ABIMBOLA G. | 245 DUROJAIYE ANTHONIA, O. |
| 216 BALOGUN BOLA, HAKEEM | 246 DURU CHRISTIAN, CHISOM |
| 217 BALOGUN FUNMI, BUNMI | 247 EBENEZER OMOTOLA |
| 218 BALOGUN OLAWALE, RILIWAN | 248 EBERE MAUREEN, I |
| 219 BALOGUN OYINLOLA, RUQAYAT | 249 EFFIONG CHRISTIAN, DAVID |
| 220 BALOGUN ROTIMI, RASAQ | 250 EGBEBI FOLUKE OMOBONIKE |
| 221 BANKOLE FASILAT, ABIKE | 251 EGBOLODJE MATHIAS |
| 222 BASSEY SAMUEL | 252 EGUNJOBI FUNMILAYO, DEBORAH |
| 223 BELLO AYUBA, BDLIYA | 253 EGUNWALE DAMILARE, EZEKIEL |
| 224 BELLO JUMOKE, A | 254 EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY |
| 225 BEREMOYE ABIODUN, C | 255 EKWUNIFE JOE, BILLY |
| 226 BINUYO SHARAFA, TEJU | 256 ELEGBEDE ADENIYI, SUNDAY |
| 227 BOLARINWA ADEOLA, R | 257 EMMANUEL FAITH |
| 228 BUSARI RIDWAN | 258 EMUCHI JONATHAN |
| 229 CALEB CHRISTINE LTD | 259 ERINFOLAMI BOSERECALB, IJAODOLATIOLUWA |
| 230 CHIFUMNANANYA NGOZI | 260 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON |
| 231 CHINAZO ANOZIE | 261 ESTATE OF UMOH DAVID, EDEM |
| 232 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS | 262 EVBODAGHE ANGELA |
| 233 CLIFFORD FRANK, JOHN | 263 EWRUJE OGEHENETEGA, OLUSEGUN |
| 234 COKER FEMI, S. | 264 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn |
| 235 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD | 265 EZE IKECHUKWU |
| 236 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD. | 266 EZENAGU EMEKA FRANK |
| 237 DADDO MARITIME SERVICES LIMITE | 267 EZENAGU OBIORA, GODWIN |
| 238 DAFUR MATHIAS | 268 EZENAGU VIVIAN, O |
| 239 DARIA FRANK, EGONIWARE | 269 EZENDUKA CHIAMAKA, C |
| 240 DAVID BUNMI | 270 EZENWAFOR JECINTA, CHIGOZIE |

UNPAID PAYMENT I5 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 271 EZENWAFOR OGOCHUKWU, VICTOR | 301 HASSAN ADESOLA BOLANLE |
| 272 EZEONWUMELU CLETUS, EMEKA | 302 IBEKWE BLESSING |
| 273 FABIYI EBENEZER, ADEYEMI | 303 IBEKWE FAITH |
| 274 FALODUN RACHEAL | 304 IBIDAPO OLUWATOMISIN, MODUPE |
| 275 FAMUYIDE OLUWASANMI | 305 IBIDOKUN ADEWALE |
| 276 FARAYOLA OLABISI | 306 IBIDOKUN OLUWAMUYIWA, O |
| 277 FASAN OLUWATOSIN, T | 307 IBIRONKE GBADEBO |
| 278 FASEUN OLADOTUN, ISAAC | 308 IBIYEMI ESTHER, OMOYENI |
| 279 FEMBOL INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LTD | 309 IBIYEMI SAMUEL, OLUWOLE KOLAWOLE |
| 280 FOLASHAYO COMFORT, OLAYIN | 310 IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. |
| 281 FOLORUNSO PAUL | 311 IBRAHIM ISMAILA |
| 282 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD | 312 IBRAHIM KEHINDE |
| 283 FUNMILAYO ADEYEMI, EBENEZAR | 313 IBRAHIM MARIA, M.E |
| 284 FUNMILAYO OGUNTIMEYIN | 314 IDOWU ABIMBOLA, ABIOLA |
| 285 GAFAR AZEEZ, FRIDAY | 315 IDOWU MOBOLAJI, OLUWAKEMI |
| 286 GBADEBO KEHINDE, ADEORIKE | 316 IDOWU OLATOKUNBO&CATHERINE |
| 287 GEAROUGE ELIE | 317 IDOWU OLUWAFEMI, O. |
| 288 GEORGE FAITH, E. | 318 IGBOKWE EBERE |
| 289 GIWA RUFUS | 319 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. |
| 290 GLOBAL CAPITAL RESOURCES LTD | 320 IGE OLUWAFUNMI, KOLA |
| 291 GLOBAL CAPITAL RESOURCES LTD | 321 IGE VICTOR, OLUWADAMILOLA |
| 292 GLOBAL CAPITAL, RESOURCES LTD | 322 IHEME AFOMA, LUCIA |
| 293 GUERRERO MIGUEL | 323 IHEME OSONDU |
| 294 GUSTAV NIGERIA, LIMITED | 324 IJOMA FIDELIS, OPIA ODILI |
| 295 HAMED RASHEED, D | 325 IJOSE CLEMENT |
| 296 HAMMED FUNMILAYO | 326 IJOSE OLUWATOSIN, OMONIYI |
| 297 HAMMED UMARU | 327 IJOSE OMOWUNMI, T |
| 298 HARRY-UDOH ALICE | 328 IJOSE VICTORIA, MOJISOLA |
| 299 HARUNA ADEDYOYIN, KAYODE | 329 IKE RICHARD |
| 300 HARUNA RAMOTU | 330 IKOYI SIMEON, OGENEVRAGE |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 331 IKURU EMIYAREI & GLORIA-TRADING A/C | 361 KADIRI ADEDAYO, ADEWALE |
| 332 ILECHUKWU EDMOND, JUNWOR | 362 KADIRI FOLARIN, ADEMOLA |
| 333 INDEPENDENT SHAREHOLDERS ASSOCIATION | 363 KADRI OMOTOLA, HANNAH |
| 334 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD | 364 KALEGHA ESE |
| 335 IROH OKECHUKWU, AWA | 365 KAMARA JULIET, FATIMA |
| 336 ISAAC DANIEL, ITA | 366 KANIEX OIL & GAS LTD |
| 337 ISAH MONDAY | 367 KAPITAL CARE TRUST & SEC LTD |
| 338 ISAKPEHI EMMANUEL | 368 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu |
| 339 ISHOLA AYODEJI | 369 KAYODE ABIGAEI, O |
| 340 ISICHEI CHRISTOPHER | 370 KAYODE ADEWUSI, M |
| 341 ISIOMA OSHIOLUAMHE LIMITED | 371 KAYODE BABATUNDE |
| 342 ISMAIL RILWAN, A | 372 KEHINDE ADEMOLA, B |
| 343 ISMAILA ADEWALE, IDRIS | 373 KOLAWOLE OLUWATOSIN, OLAJIDE |
| 344 ISUH ENAHORO, SIMEON | 374 KOMOLAFE BLESSING |
| 345 IYIOLA MODUPE, DEBORAH | 375 KOREDE PRAISE, OMOWUNMI |
| 346 IYIOLA OLUWASEYI, AKINKUNMI | 376 KOYEJO OLUBUNMI, AYOKUNLE |
| 347 IYOKA EMMANUEL, OZEAGBE | 377 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN |
| 348 JACKSON EBERE, BENEDICT | 378 KUKU S. B |
| 349 JAJI BABATUNDE, RAHMAN | 379 KUZAH POLYCARP, |
| 350 JAYEOBA FOLASADE, OMOWUMI | 380 LAOYE ABIMBOLA, ADEBOMI |
| 351 JINADU RAZAK ADISA (ALHAJI) | 381 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY |
| 352 JOHN ISRAEL, ADEYEMI | 382 LASISI REBEKA |
| 353 JOHN OLUWASEGUN, MICHAEL | 383 LAWAL MOTURAYO, O |
| 354 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. | 384 LAWAL TEMITOPE, ARIKE |
| 355 JONES JOHN | 385 LEKE-AKINROWO MODUPE, MARGARET |
| 356 JOSEPH EBUKA, JUDE | 386 MANUWA OLUWASEUN DORCAS |
| 357 JOSEPH EMANUEL, EDEM | 387 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |
| 358 JUBRIL SULAIMON | 388 MATHEW OLUSEGUN |
| 359 KABON SARAH | 389 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE |
| 360 KADIRI ABAYOMI SHEWU | 390 MAYDAV MULTI, RESOURCES LIMITED |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|--|
| 391 MBA ULU, UKA | 421 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA |
| 392 MBC SECURITIES, LTD | 422 NWACHUKWU BRIGHT |
| 393 MEDAHUNSI CHRISTOPHER, OLAJIDE | 423 NWACHUKWU HOPE |
| 394 MENE-EJEGI ROLAND, ORITSEBEMIWO | 424 NWACHUKWU MATTHEW |
| 395 MEREDITH FEHINTOLA, OLOTU | 425 NWACHUKWU MERCY, C |
| 396 MODIBBO YUSUFU ALIYU | 426 NWAKOLOBIA MAUREEN, OGECHUKWU |
| 397 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA | 427 NWANKWO UCHENNA |
| 398 MOHAMMED ISA | 428 NWAOKOLOBIA ANDREW, IFECHUKWUDE |
| 399 MOMODU KHALID, OSCAR | 429 NWAOSOR LAZARUS, ADIKAIBE UZOMA |
| 400 MOMOH MUSA, ONOME | 430 NWAZOTA WILLIAM, M. |
| 401 MONDAY WISDOM, IFFIK | 431 NWAZOTA WILLIAMS |
| 402 MORONKEJI ESTHER, O | 432 NWEZE SOCHIMAABI, CLAIR |
| 403 MORUF AZEEZ, ADEKUNLE | 433 NWOSU BRIGHT, CHIBUISI |
| 404 MOSES OYENKA, JOHN | 434 NYONG EFA, EFFIONG |
| 405 MOT OLAYIWOLA, TOBUN | 435 OBAKIN FLORENCE, OLAJUMOKE |
| 406 MUFAU KIKELOMO | 436 OBAKIN IDOWU ISAAC |
| 407 MUHAMMED BABA, | 437 OBANLA WILLIAM |
| 408 MUOBIKWU CHIBUEZE | 438 OBASOHAN GODWIN OSARHIUYIMEN |
| 409 MUSA ABDULLAH, O | 439 OBAYEMI FEYISARA, JANET |
| 410 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O | 440 OBIANWU EMMANUEL, N. |
| 411 MUSTAPHA TAWA, ESTHER | 441 OBIDEYI ASEPENISEOLUWA VINCENT |
| 412 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA | 442 OBIDEYI EFUNYEMI OLATUNDE |
| 413 NDEP BONUS FRACTIONAL SHARES ACCOUNT- | 443 OBIDEYI ITEOLUWAKIISHI JOAN MORENIKE |
| 414 NDEP BONUS 2008 FRACTIONAL SHARES | 444 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE |
| 415 NDEP BONUS 2010 FRACTIONAL SHARES | 445 OBIEFUNA CHIBUEZE |
| 416 NELSON BLESSING, OBIANUJU. | 446 OBIEFUNA IFEYINWA |
| 417 NELSON MARYAM, ERNESTINA | 447 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE |
| 418 NETUFO SEGUN | 448 OBIEFUNA MATTHEW |
| 419 NNADI JULIE, UZOR | 449 OBIEFUNA NNEKA, |
| 420 NOBLE FAITH CATERERS | 450 OBIEFUNA OBIANUJU |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 451 OBIEFUNA V, C. | 481 OGUNDIPE PETER, O |
| 452 OBIM EDITH, U | 482 OGUNGBILE OPEYEMI, OLUREMI |
| 453 OBIM FRANCISCA, N | 483 OGUNJIMI ISREAL, OLAOLUWA |
| 454 OBIM IJEOMA, R | 484 OGUNLEYE FEMI |
| 455 OBIM JOSEPH, N | 485 OGUNLEYE OLORUNFEMI |
| 456 OBIM NNENNA, M | 486 OGUNLEYE TEMITOPE, ANU |
| 457 ODEBODE OLANIYI, M.OLADIMEJI | 487 OGUNMIRAN TUNRAYO |
| 458 ODEKUNLE CATHERINE | 488 OGUNNIRAN ADURAGBEMI |
| 459 ODELEYE OLAWALE | 489 OGUNSANYA KOLAWOLE& MARY |
| 460 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA | 490 OGUNSANYA OLUWASEUN |
| 461 ODOFIN TAJUDEEN, ADEAPO | 491 OGUNTEGBA ABIODUN |
| 462 ODUKOGBE ADEJOKE, A | 492 OGUNTIMEYIN EBINIZER, SUNDAY |
| 463 ODUNAIYA FOLASADE, ADEBIMPE | 493 OGUNWUMI OLUSHOLA, ADENIYI |
| 464 ODUNAIYA IBUKUNOLUWA, O | 494 OGUNYEMI AYOBAMI, O |
| 465 ODUNAIYA OLUFEMI, OREOLUWA | 495 OGUNYEMI GBENGA |
| 466 ODUNFA YEMISI, ABIDEMI | 496 OGUNYINKA ABRAHAM |
| 467 ODUNJIMI SIMEON, O | 497 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO |
| 468 ODUNSI SEYE, ELIJAH | 498 OILSCAN NIGERIA LIMITED |
| 469 ODUNUGA SAMIAT, ADEBANKE | 499 OISE PRINCE |
| 470 ODUNYEMI TOSIN | 500 OJABEH ANDREW, SAMSON |
| 471 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN | 501 OJENIRAN OLUWAFEMI |
| 472 ODUSANYA OPE ANIKE | 502 OJENIYI JOHN, OLUWATIMILEHIN |
| 473 ODUWAIYE AKINTUNDE, OLALEKAN | 503 OJINGWA ANURI, CHINWE |
| 474 OFFIONG EDIDIONG, PATRICK | 504 OJO GBARIEL, OLORUNMOLA |
| 475 OFORDUM MMACHUKWU, EZENWA | 505 OJO MOSES |
| 476 OGBECHÉ CHOBU, LINUS | 506 OJO OLUWATOMI, TITLOP-E |
| 477 OGHOGRHIE URIRI, THERESA | 507 OJOGWU NNEKA |
| 478 OGINNI JOSHUA, OLUWOLE | 508 OKAFOR EMMANUEL, BAMISERE |
| 479 OGUNBANJO OLUWAGBEMISOLA | 509 OKAFOR EMMANUEL, NKWACHUKWU |
| 480 OGUNDEJI MOSES, AYODELE | 510 OKAFOR IFEYINWA, UCHE |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--------------------------------|---|
| 511 OKAKWU CHARLES | 541 OLALEYE ABIODUN, M |
| 512 OKANKIRI IGBAGBOYEMI | 542 OLALEYE ADEYEMI ELIJAH |
| 513 OKELEYE ELIZABETH, ADENIKE | 543 OLANINI BABATUNDE, ISAAC |
| 514 OKHADE PETER ONUWABHAGBE | 544 OLANIRAN OLABISI, OPEOLUWA |
| 515 OKHUOYA FAITH | 545 OLANIYAN OLUWAKEMI |
| 516 OKIA TINA | 546 OLANIYAN OYINLOYE |
| 517 OKOH EMMANUEL, ODE | 547 OLANIYOLA OLUWAREMILE |
| 518 OKON EMMANUEL, MAURICE | 548 OLANREWaju ADEOLA |
| 519 OKON FRIDAY, JOSEPH | 549 OLANWADARE KEHINDE, SAMUEL |
| 520 OKONTA VICTOR | 550 OLAOYE DAUDA, KAYODE |
| 521 OKORO BLESSING, O | 551 OLAOYE OLUBUSAYO |
| 522 OKORONKWO VICTORIA | 552 OLAPADE BAYO, JUDE |
| 523 OKOSUN JACK | 553 OLATILEWA TAIRU, O |
| 524 OKOYE AUGUSTINE, I | 554 OLATUNDE AKEEM |
| 525 OKOYE GODFREY, AMAECHI | 555 OLATUNJI ADEBISI, A |
| 526 OKPABI ODIFE, MERCY | 556 OLATUNJI AYODEJI, S |
| 527 OKPAME VICTORY, ISAAC | 557 OLATUNJOYE OLADIMEJI |
| 528 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE | 558 OLAYEMI OLATUNDE |
| 529 OKUNADE OLASUNKANMI | 559 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN |
| 530 OKURE MARGARET, I | 560 OLAYINKA SUNDAY AYODEJI, & VICTORIA |
| 531 OKUSI MUTAIRU, BABATUNDE | 561 OLAYIWOLA JOHN, SEGUN |
| 532 OLABISI MICHEAL | 562 OLAYIWOLA OLUWASEUN, V |
| 533 OLADELE ESTHER | 563 OLOKPO MIYENIE, ABIODUN |
| 534 OLADIRAN MUKAILA | 564 OLOPADE JONATHAN ADIO OBAFEMI |
| 535 OLADOKUN ABAYOMI, N | 565 OLORUNFEMI MICHAEL, ANDREW |
| 536 OLAGBAJU O. SAMMY | 566 OLORUNFUNMI YINUSA, ADEKUNLE |
| 537 OLAGBAMI ADEOLU, OLUWASEUN | 567 OLOWE OLANREWaju |
| 538 OLAGBENJO NURENI, OLALEKAN | 568 OLOYEDE ABOSEDE, D |
| 539 OLAIFA OLUNIYI, DADA | 569 OLUFADÉ OLUFEMI |
| 540 OLAJOSAGBE JOHN OLUBUNMI | 570 OLUKOYA OLUWASEUN, BABAJIDE |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 571 OLUOKUN ADEKUNLE, S. | 601 ONUH DENNIS, A |
| 572 OLUSEGUN ARCHIBONG, OLAIYA | 602 ONUZO EDMUND CHUKWUNENYE |
| 573 OLUKIDE ABAYOMI, MICHAEL | 603 ONYEAGOBO LIVINGSTONE, ENEKA |
| 574 OLUWASEYI PEDRO | 604 ONYEBUCHUKWU CHIBUZOR |
| 575 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU | 605 ONYIA UCHENNA, CHINYERE |
| 576 OMERENMMA CHRISTIAN | 606 OPAKUNLE ELIJAH |
| 577 OMIAYA AYODEJI, B | 607 OPAOGUN TEMITOPE, JANET |
| 578 OMIDIRAN ADEREMI, O | 608 ORELOPE IYABO, OJO |
| 579 OMILODI BUSUYI | 609 ORIBAMISE ABIGAIL IBUKUNOLUWA |
| 580 OMIORISAN OLWATOBI | 610 ORIBAMISE ISAAC, IFEOLUWA |
| 581 OMISORE DUPE | 611 ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA |
| 582 OMOH SEKINAT, OLUWATOYIN | 612 OSAKA CHIAMAKA |
| 583 OMOJARO OLAKUNLE, SOLA | 613 OSAWE AUGUSTINE |
| 584 OMOJUWA ADEWALE | 614 OSENI KEHINDE, ADENIKE |
| 585 OMOJUWA COLLINS | 615 OSHOKOYA OLUWATOBI, ADESEUN |
| 586 OMOJUWA OMOTAYO | 616 OSILAJA OLADIPUPO, STEPHEN |
| 587 OMOLAFE TOLLULOPE | 617 OSINOWO RONKE |
| 588 OMOLOLA IFEOLUWAPO, E | 618 OSOUZAH DAVID, U |
| 589 OMORAGBON HENRY, I.E | 619 OSUNDAHUNSI ROSEMARY |
| 590 OMORENMMA JOHN, CHINDEU | 620 OSUOZAH MARY, OLUCHUKWU |
| 591 OMORODION PAUL | 621 OTEH ARUNMA |
| 592 OMORUYI ANTHONY, GOLDEN | 622 OTOROLEHI-OKEZIE VICTORIA |
| 593 OMOJOLE IDOWU | 623 OTUONYE IKECHUKWU, PETER |
| 594 ONAKOYA KEHINDE, ADEBISI | 624 OTUTULORO OLUSEGUN, A |
| 595 ONDOTIMI DIEPREYE | 625 OVIO CHIDIBEM, GABRIEL |
| 596 ONI EMMANUEL, ABIODUN | 626 OWOLABI ABDULHAKIM, OLUWA |
| 597 ONIFADE BASIRAT, ADEJOKE | 627 OWOLABI FATIMAH, O |
| 598 ONIKOYI FATAI | 628 OWONIKOKO ABDUL-GAFAR |
| 599 ONU DANIEL, ONYILO | 629 OWOPETU OLUFEMI |
| 600 ONUAMA OSINACHI | 630 OYEBAMIJI JELILI AYINDE |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|---|
| 631 OYEBAMIJI TIMOTHY, K | 661 SHADO OLUWASEYI |
| 632 OYEBOLA ATOYEBI | 662 SHAIBU HARUNA |
| 633 OYEDELE NURAT, ADENIKE | 663 SHITTU OLUFEMI, G |
| 634 OYEDEPO OLUWAFEMI | 664 SHOBOWALE BABATUNDE |
| 635 OYEKANMI IDOWU, CHRISTOPHER | 665 SHOFOLAHAN SUNDAY, OLUSANJO |
| 636 OYELEYE OLUWOLE | 666 SHOPEJU SHOTUNDE |
| 637 OYESIKU OLUFUNKE, OLABISI | 667 SHORINWA GBADUNOLA, GRACE |
| 638 OYETADE LYDIA, E | 668 SHOTONWA ISI, BETTEY |
| 639 OYEWOLA BISOYE, MARGRET | 669 SHOWEMIMO IBIRONKE, A |
| 640 OYEWOLE ISAAH, OLUWATOSIN | 670 SOARES OMOTIDOLO |
| 641 OZIKO INVESTMENTS LIMITED | 671 SODEKE OLUWATOBI, MICHAEL |
| 642 OZOILO CRESCENT, EMEKA | 672 SODIQ RUKAYAT, YINKA |
| 643 PEHUNESI SUNDAY | 673 SOKUNBI AGBARAOLURUNKIIBATI ABIMIFOLUWA |
| 644 PETER SAMUEL, ABIDEMI | 674 SOKUNBI ITEOLUWAKIISHI AFIMIFOLUWA |
| 645 PETERS AYOTUNDE, GABRIEL | 675 SOLOMON OLUFEMI |
| 646 PMAINA SANYA | 676 SOREMI ISRAEL, DOLAPO |
| 647 POGU BUKAR | 677 STEPHEN OLUCHI, RITA |
| 648 POPOOLA MAYOKUN, AFOLABI | 678 SUBERU OLUWATOBI |
| 649 RAJI ABDULRAHMAN, D | 679 SULAIMON LATEEF, OLAYITAN |
| 650 RAJI SANYAOLU, IDRIS | 680 TAIWO ABIBAT, OLURANTI |
| 651 RASHEED KOREDE, SEGUN | 681 TAIWO SODIQ, OLAYINKA |
| 652 RIVITUS INVESTMENT LTD. | 682 TAJUDEEN OLANREWaju, SHERIFF |
| 653 SALAAM AKINMKUNLE, HABEEB | 683 TAOFEK ANUOLUWAPO |
| 654 SALAKO AHMED, TOSIN | 684 TASHIE BAMIDELE, N |
| 655 SALAKO OLAWALE TAOREED, | 685 TASHIE UCHE, OLUFEMI |
| 656 SALAMI KUDIJAT, YETUNDE | 686 TEMILOLA REBACCA |
| 657 SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU | 687 TIJANI GAFAR |
| 658 SALAU KAYODE | 688 TIJANI SAIDAT |
| 659 SALEMSON SHAREHOLDERS, ASS OF NIGERIA | 689 TIJANI SAKIRUDEEN |
| 660 SAMUEL JACOB | 690 TIJANI WALIU, WALE |

UNPAID PAYMENT 15 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|------------------------------|
| 691 TIRIMISIYU IBRAHIM, A | 721 YUNUS OLUWOLE, DAVID |
| 692 TORIOLA NURUDEEN, OLAWALE | 722 YUNUS OMOMIKE, OLWAFUNMI |
| 693 TURTON GABRIEL ADEWUNMI | 723 YUSUF SLAIEKAN, ABIODUN |
| 694 UDEH MERCY, N | 724 ZHAWA ABOKI |
| 695 UDO-SAM CHRISTIAN, CHINOMSO | |
| 696 UFOT ENO | |
| 697 UGBODONNON ESTHER, O | |
| 698 UGWUANYI EMMANUEL | |
| 699 UKONU BLESSING NGOZI | |
| 700 UMAR MUSA ADNAN | |
| 701 UMAR SAMUEL, S | |
| 702 UMEOKORO PAULINUS | |
| 703 UMOREN UYIME, GODSWILL | |
| 704 UNEGBU CELESTINE, CHUKWUNONSO | |
| 705 USIFO JOHN, EHIMEN FRANK | |
| 706 USIFOH AYEMENRE R. | |
| 707 UWA UCHE, VICTOR | |
| 708 UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD | |
| 709 UYA FEBUK., E | |
| 710 UZOR SOLOMON, OGAH | |
| 711 UZUANA CHUKODI, UCHECHUIKWU | |
| 712 UZUANA DUMEBI | |
| 713 UZUANA IJEOMA | |
| 714 UZUANA NKOLI PATIENCE | |
| 715 UZUANA OBIECHINA, JOSEPH | |
| 716 UZUANA ONYINYE, ANN | |
| 717 WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M, | |
| 718 WINSTON F., DUBLIN-GREEN ESTATE OF LATE | |
| 719 WOODWORTH AL | |
| 720 YISA MURITALA, ALABI | |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 ABAYOMI KOLE | 31 ADEGBOYE OLUBUNMI |
| 2 ABDUL-AZIZ ABDULLAHI | 32 ADEGOKE DAMILARE |
| 3 ABIDAKUN OYEBODE, MICHAEL | 33 ADEGOKE KUDIRAT |
| 4 ABIODUN AKINBOLANLE, OWOLABI | 34 ADEGOKE OLUWASEUN, JOHN |
| 5 ABIOLA IBUKUNOLUWA | 35 ADEGOROYE MONISADE, OLUKEMI |
| 6 ABIOLA TENITOLUWA, DOYINS | 36 ADEJORO ADEWALE, EBENEZER |
| 7 ABODERIN FEMI, OLUWASEUN | 37 ADEJUMO ADEYEMI, TIMOTHY |
| 8 ABOLADE MARIAM | 38 ADEJUMO OLUFEMI |
| 9 ABSULSALAM HAMMED, ADEGOKE | 39 ADEKANYE OLANIYI, N |
| 10 ACHIEBO BRIDGET | 40 ADEKUNLE A., ADESIDA |
| 11 ADABI KEHINDE, FELICIA | 41 ADEKUNLE IDIRS, ABIOLA |
| 12 ADAJI OKPANACHI | 42 ADELEKAN ADEDAMOLA |
| 13 ADAMA FOLAKE | 43 ADELEKAN ADEMIDUN, TOPE |
| 14 ADEBAYO ADEKOLA, MUHAIMEEN | 44 ADELEKE MURITALA, OLALEKAN |
| 15 ADEBAYO AFEEZ | 45 ADELOWO GABRIEL |
| 16 ADEBISI MAYOWA, OMOWUNMI | 46 ADEMARATI OLATUNJI |
| 17 ADEBISI MOSES | 47 ADEMOLA ADEBOYA |
| 18 ADEBOYE ROTIMI, FRED | 48 ADENAGBE OLORUNWA |
| 19 ADEDEJI IFEOLUWA, I | 49 ADENAIYA METANA, EBI |
| 20 ADEDEJI JAMES, A | 50 ADENIJI ADEMOLA, YUSUF |
| 21 ADEDOJA SIKIRU, O | 51 ADENIJI MODUPE, ADETUTU |
| 22 ADEDOYIN FOLASHADE, JULIANA | 52 ADENIJI YINKA |
| 23 ADEDOYIN KOLAWOLE, OLAOLUWA | 53 ADENIRAN KABIR, O |
| 24 ADEFIOSAYO ADEYEMI | 54 ADEOYE ADESOLA, CHARLES |
| 25 ADEGBESAN TOLU, OLAYEMI | 55 ADEOYE GBENGA, ROTIMI |
| 26 ADEGBITE ISAAC, ADEREMI | 56 ADEOYE OYEDIRAN |
| 27 ADEGBITE TUNDE | 57 ADEOYE OYENIHUN, CHRISTY |
| 28 ADEGBO TOLUWALOPE, CHARLES | 58 ADEOYE OYINLADE, ADEBOLA |
| 29 ADEGBOLAGUN ADEMOLA, GEORGE | 59 ADEPOJU ADEWALE, OLAYINKA |
| 30 ADEGBOLAGUN YEWAND | 60 ADEPOJU OLAMIDE |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 61 ADEREMI-MAKINDE MOJOLAOLUWA .O | 91 ADEYEMO BUSAYO, LOLADE |
| 62 ADERINTO ADEYEMI | 92 ADEYEMO OLAWALE, ABIOLA |
| 63 ADERINTO FUNMILAYO | 93 ADEYERA OLUWAPELUMI, D |
| 64 ADEROUNMU SULIAT | 94 ADEYEYE ADEGBENGA, SAMSON |
| 65 ADESHINA ABISOLA, AISHAT | 95 ADEYI OLUWASEUN, ADEWALE |
| 66 ADESHINA OLALEKAN, OLADEPO | 96 ADEYINKA ADEGBOYEGA, A |
| 67 ADESHINA TAJUDEEN IMRAN | 97 ADIDU ANITA, SIMILOLA |
| 68 ADESINA ADENIKE, FUNMILOLA | 98 ADIGUN AKINPELU, HABEEB |
| 69 ADESINA RASHIDAT, OLUWATOYIN | 99 ADISA BUKOLA, MUSILIU |
| 70 ADETAYO ADEOLU, J | 100 ADU AYODELE, ABRAHAM |
| 71 ADETONA FEMI | 101 AFINJU BOLUWATIFE, OLADIPUPO |
| 72 ADETONA GBEMILEKE, J | 102 AFINJU OMOTAYO, KOFOWOROLA |
| 73 ADETONA OLUYINKA | 103 AFOLABI EZEKEL |
| 74 ADETOYE OPEYEMI, ADEPERO | 104 AFOLABI IFEOLUWA, IYIOLA |
| 75 ADETUNJI UTHMAN | 105 AGBEBI OLUSOLA, EBENEZER |
| 76 ADEWALE SULIMAN, ADEWUYI | 106 AGBEJIMI OMODELE, SERAH |
| 77 ADEWOLE ADETUNJI, ABEEB | 107 AGBOLAMAGBIN PEACE, O. |
| 78 ADEWUMI DEJI, MICHAEL | 108 AGBOMENDU FAUSTIN |
| 79 ADEWUMI MOJEED, ADEBAYOR | 109 AGBONJARU SUNDAY, OKAH |
| 80 ADEWUMI OLUWADOYINSOLA, F | 110 AGHAHOWA FELIX |
| 81 ADEWUYA O. | 111 AGONO MICHAEL OMAYE, |
| 82 ADEYANJU MICHAEL ABIODUN | 112 AGUNBIADE SEUN, ABIDEMI |
| 83 ADEYEBA-ORIS TITILOPE, O | 113 AIG IMOUKHUEDE, OFOWWE KOKO |
| 84 ADEYEKUN OLUWASEYI, ARAMIDE | 114 AJAKPOVI OROMENA . |
| 85 ADEYEMI AFEEZ, ADEWALE | 115 AJALA ISAAC |
| 86 ADEYEMI DANIEL, O | 116 AJALA SUNDAY |
| 87 ADEYEMI OLUWAKEMI, JANET | 117 AJANI TEMITOPE, F |
| 88 ADEYEMI OPEYEMI, O | 118 AJAYI ADERONKE |
| 89 ADEYEMI SIJIBOMI, PETER | 119 AJAYI AKINTUNDE, TOLULOPE |
| 90 ADEYEMI TEMITOPE, ABIMBOLA | 120 AJAYI AYOBAMI |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 121 AJAYI BIOLA, A. | 151 AKINSANYA OLUROTIMI |
| 122 AJAYI ESTHER, IYABO | 152 AKINSIJUNOARA ADENIKE |
| 123 AJAYI OLUGBENGA, O | 153 AKINTAN TAYO JAYEOLA |
| 124 AJAYI OLUWASOJI, OJO | 154 AKINTAYO SAMUEL, I |
| 125 AJIBADE OLUWAGBEMILEKE, DANIEL | 155 AKINTILO FRANKLIN, ADEDEJI |
| 126 AJIBOLA ADEMOLA, G | 156 AKINTOYE MUJEEB, AKINTUNDE |
| 127 AJIE KINGSLEY, OLISA | 157 AKINWALE OLUSEGUN |
| 128 AJOSE ANNA, ANZEH | 158 AKINWALE OLUWATOBI |
| 129 AJOSE OLAYINKA | 159 AKINYEMI MONSURU |
| 130 AJOSE OLUWAFEMI, AWAH | 160 AKINYEMI ZIPPORAH |
| 131 AJUMOBI GRACE, OMONIYI | 161 AKISANYA OLAMIDE, ADEOTI |
| 132 AJUMOBI JOSEPH OLUYEMI ESTATE OF | 162 AKISANYA OLUBUNKUNOLA |
| 133 AJUMOBI OLUGBENGA EZEKIEL | 163 AKISANYA OLUTOLA, O.M |
| 134 AKANBI ADENIKE EVELYN | 164 AKODU AKEEM, ADENIYI |
| 135 AKANBI FELIX, ADEOLA | 165 AKPAGBUE IFEANYI, E |
| 136 AKANMU NASIR, OLALEKAN | 166 AKPOJARO PETER, D |
| 137 AKAOGU GABRIEL, CHUKWUEMEKA | 167 AKPORUBE OGHOGHO |
| 138 AKEEM AIYEDUN, ALANI | 168 ALABI ADEWALE |
| 139 AKHARUME IGBAFE | 169 ALANI BIODUN |
| 140 AKINBODE AYODEJI | 170 ALAO SAMUEL, ADEBISI |
| 141 AKINDE OLUFUNMBI, O. | 171 ALEYIDENO YVONNE |
| 142 AKINDOLIRE BENSON, OLANIJI | 172 ALFONSO AYOOOLUWA, J |
| 143 AKINLABI OMOWUNMI, KHADIJAT | 173 ALIMI GBENGA, ISAAC |
| 144 AKINLOYE OLAJUMOKE, YETUNDE | 174 ALIU GABRIEL, TOBA |
| 145 AKINLOYE OLUWAPONMILE | 175 ALUKO OYEBUKOLA ABOSEDE |
| 146 AKINLUA OYINADE VIVIAN | 176 AMACHA FRANKLIN, CHIBUEZE |
| 147 AKINOLU TITILOPE | 177 AMACHA NKIRU |
| 148 AKINPELU ADEBAYO, OLADELE | 178 AMINU OLUSEGUN, DAVID |
| 149 AKINPELU AYOOOLUWA, OLUWATOSIN | 179 AMUSAN-GIWA JOSHUA, ABIODUN |
| 150 AKINPELU FOLASHADE, M | 180 ANIJONATHAN O. |

UNPAID PAYMENT I6 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--|--|
| 181 ANIMASHAUN EMMANUEL, D | 211 BABTUNDE IDRIS, ADEKUNLE |
| 182 ANIMASHAUN JOSEPH, A | 212 BADEJO FESTUS, OLUGBENGA |
| 183 ANOZIE CHIDINMA, I | 213 BADMUS MALIK |
| 184 ANOZIE CHINEDU, C | 214 BADMUS QUADRI, OMOBOLANJI |
| 185 ANOZIE FLORENCE | 215 BAKARE BUNMI |
| 186 ANOZIE OGECHUKWU, JENNIFER | 216 BALOGUN ABIMBOLA G. |
| 187 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY | 217 BALOGUN BOLA, HAKEEM |
| 188 ANYANWU IKECHUKWU, MCKAY CHRISTIAN | 218 BALOGUN FUNMI, BUNMI |
| 189 APAKALA BABATUNDE | 219 BALOGUN OLAWALE, RILIWAN |
| 190 AREMU ADEMOLA, THOLIPHILUS | 220 BALOGUN OYINLOLA, RUQAYAT |
| 191 ARIYO AYODELE, AKOLADE | 221 BALOGUN ROTIMI, RASAQ |
| 192 ARIYO BABATUNDE | 222 BANKOLE FASILAT, ABIKE |
| 193 ARIYO OLUWAFUNKE, MULIKAT | 223 BASSEY SAMUEL |
| 194 AROMOLARAN FOLAKEMI, O | 224 BELLO AYUBA, BDLIYA |
| 195 AROMOLARAN JAMES ADEBAYO, | 225 BELLO JUMOKE, A |
| 196 AROWOJOBE KIKELOMO, GRACE | 226 BEREMOYE ABIODUN, C |
| 197 ASHIRU HASSAN, KABIRU | 227 BINUYO SHARAFA, TEJU |
| 198 ASSOH MABEL, TARE | 228 BOLARINWA ADEOLA, R |
| 199 ATOLAGBE SEGUN | 229 BUSARI RIDWAN |
| 200 AUSTIN EKENE | 230 CALEB CHRISTINE LTD |
| 201 AWOBETU OLADIMEJI, FUNSHO | 231 CHIFUMNANANYA NGOZI |
| 202 AWOWAJIRI EDWARD | 232 CHINAZO ANOZIE |
| 203 AWOYOMI ADEDAYO, SUNDAY JAGUNMOLU | 233 CHUKUEZI ANELECHI BARNABAS |
| 204 AYEDUN FUNMILAYO, ABIODUN | 234 CLIFFORD FRANK, JOHN |
| 205 AYEPADA ABIOLA, ROSELYY | 235 COKER FEMI, S. |
| 206 AYODELE OLUWATOSIN | 236 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD |
| 207 AYOKANMI AYODEJI | 237 CORPORATE &, STRATEGIC OPTIONS LTD |
| 208 BABARINDE TOPE, DARE | 238 DAFUR MATHIAS |
| 209 BABATUNDE AZEEZAT, OYINDA | 239 DARIA FRANK, EGONIWARE |
| 210 BABATUNDE OLAKUNLE, KINGSLEY | 240 DAVID BUNMI |

UNPAID PAYMENT I6 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 241 DIEYI NEWMAN, U | 271 EZENWAFOR OGOCHUKWU, VICTOR |
| 242 DIKEME OGOCHUKWU, KENNETH | 272 EZEONWUMELU CLETUS, EMEKA |
| 243 DOUGHLAS AGNES, INORI | 273 FABIYI EBENEZER, ADEYEMI |
| 244 DOVE-EDWIN GEORGE | 274 FALODUN RACHEAL |
| 245 DUROJAIYE ANTHONIA, O. | 275 FAMUYIDE OLUWASANMI |
| 246 DURU CHRISTIAN, CHISOM | 276 FARAYOLA OLABISI |
| 247 EBENEZER OMOTOLA, | 277 FASAN OLUWATOSIN, T |
| 248 EBERE MAUREEN, I | 278 FASEUN OLADOTUN, ISAAC |
| 249 EFFIONG CHRISTIAN, DAVID | 279 FEMBOL INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LTD |
| 250 EGBEBI FOLUKE OMOBONIKE | 280 FOLASHAYO COMFORT, OLAYIN |
| 251 EGBOLODJE MATHIAS | 281 FOLORUNSO PAUL |
| 252 EGUNJOBI FUNMILAYO, DEBORAH | 282 FOUNTAIN INSURANCE BROKERS LTD |
| 253 EGUNWALE DAMILARE, EZEKIEL | 283 FUNMILAYO ADEYEMI, EBENEZAR |
| 254 EKWUNIFE JOE BILLY | 284 FUNMILAYO OGUNTIMEYIN |
| 255 EKWUNIFE JOE, BILLY | 285 GAFAR AZEEZ, FRIDAY |
| 256 ELEGBEDE ADENIYI, SUNDAY | 286 GBADEBO KEHINDE, ADEORIKE |
| 257 EMMANUEL FAITH | 287 GEAROUGE ELIE |
| 258 EMUCHI JONATHAN | 288 GEORGE FAITH, E. |
| 259 ERINFOLAMI BOSERCALEB, IJAODOLATIOLUWA | 289 GIWA RUFUS |
| 260 ESSIEN BASSEY, MFON | 290 GLOBAL CAPITAL RESOURCES LTD |
| 261 ESTATE OF UMOH DAVID, EDEM | 291 GLOBAL CAPITAL RESOURCES LTD |
| 262 EVBODAGHE ANGELA | 292 GLOBAL CAPITAL, RESOURCES LTD |
| 263 EWRUJE OGEHENETEGA, OLUSEGUN | 293 GOFWEN NENPINMWA ZURIEL HAUWA |
| 264 EYEE NWOBUDE Evelyn | 294 GOFWEN ZARMUNEN |
| 265 EZE IKECHUKWU | 295 GUERRERO MIGUEL |
| 266 EZENAGU EMEKA FRANK | 296 GUSTAV NIGERIA, LIMITED |
| 267 EZENAGU OBIORA, GODWIN | 297 HAMED RASHEED, D |
| 268 EZENAGU VIVIAN, O | 298 HAMMED FUNMILAYO |
| 269 EZENDUKA CHIAMAKA, C | 299 HAMMED UMARU |
| 270 EZENWAFOR JECINTA, CHIGOZIE | 300 HARMONY SECURITIES LIMITED |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 301 HARRY-UDOH ALICE | 331 IJOSE OLUWATOSIN, OMONIYI |
| 302 HARUNA ADEDOYIN, KAYODE | 332 IJOSE OMOWUNMI, T |
| 303 HARUNA RAMOTU | 333 IJOSE VICTORIA, MOJISOLA |
| 304 HARVEST INVESTMENT LIMITED | 334 IKE RICHARD |
| 305 HASSAN ADESOLA BOLANLE | 335 IKOYI SIMEON, OGENEVRAE |
| 306 IBEKWE BLESSING | 336 IKURU EMIYAREI & GLORIA-TRADING A/C |
| 307 IBEKWE FAITH | 337 ILECHUKWU EDMOND, JUNWOR |
| 308 IBIDAPO OLUWATOMISIN, MODUPE | 338 INDEPENDENT SHAREHOLDERS ASSOCIATION |
| 309 IBIDOKUN ADEWALE, | 339 INTERGLOBAL PROC. ENG. SER LTD |
| 310 IBIDOKUN OLUWAMUYIWA, O | 340 IROH OKECHUKWU, AWA |
| 311 IBIRONKE GBADEBO | 341 ISAAC DANIEL, ITA |
| 312 IBIYEMI ESTHER, OMOYENI | 342 ISAH MONDAY |
| 313 IBIYEMI SAMUEL, OLUWOLE KOLAWOLE | 343 ISAKPEHI EMMANUEL |
| 314 IBRAHIM GALADIMA G. | 344 ISHOLA AYODEJI |
| 315 IBRAHIM ISMAILA | 345 ISICHEI CHRISTOPHER |
| 316 IBRAHIM KEHINDE | 346 ISIOMA OSHIOLUAMHE LIMITED |
| 317 IBRAHIM MARIA, M.E | 347 ISMAIL RILWAN, A |
| 318 IDOWU ABIMBOLA, ABIOLA | 348 ISMAILA ADEWALE, IDRIS |
| 319 IDOWU MOBOLAJI, OLUWAKEMI | 349 ISUH ENAHORO, SIMEON |
| 320 IDOWU OLATOKUNBO&CATHERINE | 350 IYIOLA MODUPE, DEBORAH |
| 321 IDOWU OLUWAFEMI, O. | 351 IYIOLA OLUWASEYI, AKINKUNMI |
| 322 IDUFUEKO ADAMS OSATOHANMNEN | 352 IYOHA EMMANUEL, OZEAGBE |
| 323 IGBOKWE EBERE | 353 JACKSON EBERE, BENEDICT |
| 324 IGBONEKWU OKEY, M. | 354 JAJI BABATUNDE, RAHMAN |
| 325 IGE OLUWAFUNMI, KOLA | 355 JAYEOBA FOLASADE, OMOWUMI |
| 326 IGE VICTOR, OLUWADAMILOLA | 356 JINADU RAZAK ADISA (ALHAJI) |
| 327 IHEME AFOMA, LUCIA | 357 JOHN ISRAEL, ADEYEMI |
| 328 IHEME OSONDU | 358 JOHN OLUWASEGUN, MICHAEL |
| 329 IJOMA FIDELIS, OPIA ODILI | 359 JOHNSON OLUFUNMI, L. |
| 330 IJOSE CLEMENT | 360 JONES JOHN |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 361 JOSEPH EBUKA, JUDE | 391 MARTYNS-YELLOWE IBIAPUYE, SOALA |
| 362 JOSEPH EMANUEL, EDEM | 392 MATHEW OLUSEGUN |
| 363 JUBRIL SULAIMON | 393 MATTI MURI OLAJIDE |
| 364 KABON SARAH | 394 MAYDAV MULTI, RESOURCES LIMITED |
| 365 KADIRI ABAYOMI SHEWU | 395 MBA ULU, UKA |
| 366 KADIRI ADEDAYO, ADEWALE | 396 MBC SECURITIES, LTD |
| 367 KADIRI FOLARIN, ADEMOLA | 397 MEDAHUNSI CHRISTOPHER, OLAJIDE |
| 368 KADRI OMOTOLA, HANNAH | 398 MENE-EJEGI ROLAND, ORITSEBEMIWO |
| 369 KALEGHA ESE | 399 MEREDITH FEHINTOLA, OLOTU |
| 370 KAMARA JULIET, FATIMA | 400 METU CHIDI |
| 371 KAPITAL CARE TRUST & SEC LTD | 401 MODIBBO YUSUFU ALIYU |
| 372 KAREEM WAIDI Alamu | 402 MOFE-DAMIJO TEGA |
| 373 KAYODE ABIGAE, O | 403 MOHAMMED ISA |
| 374 KAYODE ADEWUSI, M | 404 MOMODU KHALID, OSCAR |
| 375 KAYODE BABATUNDE | 405 MOMOH MUSA, ONOME |
| 376 KEHINDE ADEMOLA, B | 406 MONDAY WISDOM, IFFIK |
| 377 KOLAWOLE OLUWATOSIN, OLAJIDE | 407 MORONKEJI ESTHER, O |
| 378 KOMOLAFE BLESSING | 408 MORUF AZEEZ, ADEKUNLE |
| 379 KOREDE PRAISE, OMOWUNMI | 409 MOSES OYENKA, JOHN |
| 380 KOYEJO OLUBUNMI, AYOKUNLE | 410 MOT OLAYIWOLA, TOBUN |
| 381 KUFEJI SIMPLICIO ABIODUN | 411 MUFAU KIKELOMO |
| 382 KUKU S. B | 412 MUHAMMED BABA |
| 383 KUZAH POLYCARP | 413 MUOBIKWU CHIBUEZE |
| 384 LAOYE ABIMBOLA, ADEBOMI | 414 MUSA ABDULLAH, O |
| 385 LARMUST INTERNATIONAL COMPANY | 415 MUSA ABDURRAHMAN, O |
| 386 LASISI REBEKA | 416 MUSTAPHA TAWA, ESTHER |
| 387 LAWAL MOTURAYO, O | 417 MUSTAPHER DAHIRU SABUWA |
| 388 LAWAL TEMITOPE, ARIKE | 418 NDEP BONUS FRACTIONAL SHARES ACCOUNT |
| 389 LEKE-AKINROWO MODUPE, MARGARET | 419 NDEP BONUS 2008 FRACTIONAL SHARES |
| 390 MANUWA OLUWASEUN DORCAS | 420 NDEP BONUS 2010 FRACTIONAL SHARES |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|--|----------------------------------|
| 421 NELSON BLESSING, OBIANUJU | 451 OBIEFUNA IFEYINWA |
| 422 NELSON MARYAM, ERNESTINA | 452 OBIEFUNA JULIUS, CHIEDOZIE |
| 423 NETUFO SEGUN | 453 OBIEFUNA MATTHEW |
| 424 NNADI JULIE, UZOR | 454 OBIEFUNA NNEKA |
| 425 NOBLE FAITH CATERERS | 455 OBIEFUNA OBIANUJU |
| 426 NUGA SAMUEL, ABIOLA | 456 OBIEFUNA V, C. |
| 427 NWACHUKWU BRIGHT | 457 OBIM EDITH, U |
| 428 NWACHUKWU HOPE | 458 OBIM FRANCISCA, N |
| 429 NWACHUKWU MATTHEW | 459 OBIM IJEOMA, R |
| 430 NWACHUKWU MERCY, C | 460 OBIM JOSEPH, N |
| 431 NWAKOLOBIA MAUREEN, OGECHUKWU | 461 OBIM NNENNA, M |
| 432 NWANKWO UCHENNA | 462 ODEBODE OLANIYI, M.OLADIMEJI |
| 433 NWAOKOLOBIA ANDREW, IFECHUKWUDE | 463 ODEKUNLE CATHERINE |
| 434 NWAOZOR LAZARUS, ADIKAIBE UZOMA | 464 ODELEYE OLAWALE |
| 435 NWAZOTA WILLIAM, M. | 465 ODOFFIN MAROOF, ADEMOLA |
| 436 NWAZOTA WILLIAMS | 466 ODOFIN TAJUDEEN, ADEDAPO |
| 437 NWEZE SOCHIMAOBI, CLAIR | 467 ODUKOGBE ADEJOKE, A |
| 438 NWOSU BRIGHT, CHIBUISI | 468 ODUNAIYA FOLASADE, ADEBIMPE |
| 439 NYONG EFA, EFFIONG | 469 ODUNAIYA IBUKUNOLUWA, O |
| 440 OBAKIN FLORENCE, OLAJUMOKE | 470 ODUNAIYA OLUFEMI, OREOLUWA |
| 441 OBAKIN IDOWU ISAAC | 471 ODUNFA YEMISI, ABIDEMI |
| 442 OBANLA WILLIAM | 472 ODUNJIMI SIMEON, O |
| 443 OBASOHAN GODWIN OSARHIUYIMEN | 473 ODUNSI SEYE, ELIJAH |
| 444 OBAYEMI FEYISARA, JANET | 474 ODUNUGA SAMIAT, ADEBANKE |
| 445 OBIANWU EMMANUEL, N. | 475 ODUNYEMI TOSIN |
| 446 OBIDEYI ASEPENISEOLUWA VINCENT | 476 ODUSANYA OLUSOLA, & GBOLAHAN |
| 447 OBIDEYI EFUNYEMI OLATUNDE | 477 ODUSANYA OPE ANIKE |
| 448 OBIDEYI ITEOLUWAKIISHI JOAN MORENIKE | 478 ODUWAIYE AKINTUNDE, OLALEKAN |
| 449 OBIDIEGWU JOEL, UCHE | 479 OFFIONG EDIDIONG, PATRICK |
| 450 OBIEFUNA CHIBUEZE | 480 OFORDUM MMACHUKWU, EZENWA |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 481 OGBECHE CHOBU, LINUS | 511 OJO OLUWATOMI, TITLOP-E |
| 482 OGHOGHRIE URIRI, THERESA | 512 OJOGWU NNEKA |
| 483 OGinni JOSHUA, OLUWOLE | 513 OKAFOR EMMANUEL, BAMISERE |
| 484 OGUNBANJO OLUWAGBEMISOLA | 514 OKAFOR EMMANUEL, NKWACHUKWU |
| 485 OGUNDEJI MOSES, AYODELE | 515 OKAFOR IFEYINWA, UCHE |
| 486 OGUNDIPE PETER, O | 516 OKAKWU CHARLES |
| 487 OGUNGBILE OPEYEMI, OLUREMI | 517 OKANKIRI IGBAGBOYEMI |
| 488 OGUNJIMI ISREAL, OLAOLUWA | 518 OKELEYE ELIZABETH, ADENIKE |
| 489 OGUNLEYE FEMI | 519 OKHADE PETER ONUWABHAGBE |
| 490 OGUNLEYE OLORUNFEMI | 520 OKHUOYA FAITH |
| 491 OGUNLEYE TEMITOPE, ANU | 521 OKIA TINA |
| 492 OGUNMIRAN TUNRAYO | 522 OKOH EMMANUEL, ODE |
| 493 OGUNNIRAN ADURAGBEMI | 523 OKON EMMANUEL, MAURICE |
| 494 OGUNSANYA KOLAWOLE& MARY | 524 OKON FRIDAY, JOSEPH |
| 495 OGUNSANYA OLUWASEUN | 525 OKONTA VICTOR |
| 496 OGUNTEGBA ABIODUN | 526 OKORO BLESSING, O |
| 497 OGUNTIMEYIN EBINIZER, SUNDAY | 527 OKORONKWO VICTORIA, |
| 498 OGUNWUMI OLUSHOLA, ADENIYI | 528 OKOSUN JACK |
| 499 OGUNYEMI AYOBAMI, O | 529 OKOYE AUGUSTINE, I |
| 500 OGUNYEMI GBENGA | 530 OKOYE GODFREY, AMAECHI |
| 501 OGUNYINKA ABRAHAM | 531 OKPABI ODIIJE, MERCY |
| 502 OHOCHUKWU IHEANACHO | 532 OKPAME VICTORY, ISAAC |
| 503 OILSCAN NIGERIA LIMITED | 533 OKPANA IGAZUMA, CONSTANCE |
| 504 OISE PRINCE | 534 OKUNADE OLASUNKANMI |
| 505 OJABEH ANDREW, SAMSON | 535 OKURE MARGARET, I |
| 506 OJENIRAN OLUWAFEMI | 536 OKUSI MUTAIRU, BABATUNDE |
| 507 OJENIYI JOHN, OLUWATIMILEHIN | 537 OLA EMMANUEL |
| 508 OJINGWA ANURI, CHINWE | 538 OLABISI MICHEAL |
| 509 OJO GBARIEL, OLORUNMOLA | 539 OLADELE ESTHER |
| 510 OJO MOSES | 540 OLADIRAN MUKAILA |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 541 OLADOKUN ABAYOMI, N | 571 OLORUNFEMI MICHAEL, ANDREW |
| 542 OLAGBAJU O. SAMMY | 572 OLORUNFUNMI YINUSA, ADEKUNLE |
| 543 OLAGBAMI ADEOLU, OLUWASEUN | 573 OLOWE OLANREWAJU |
| 544 OLAGBENJO NURENI, OLALEKAN | 574 OLOYEDE ABOSEDE, D |
| 545 OLAIFA OLUNIYI, DADA | 575 OLUFADE OLUFEMI |
| 546 OLAJOSAGBE JOHN OLUBUNMI | 576 OLUKOYA OLUWASEUN, BABAJIDE |
| 547 OLALEYE ABIODUN, M | 577 OLUOKUN ADEKUNLE, S. |
| 548 OLALEYE ADEYEMI ELIJAH | 578 OLUSEGUN ARCHIBONG, OLAIYA |
| 549 OLANINI BABATUNDE, ISAAC | 579 OLUTIDE ABAYOMI, MICHAEL |
| 550 OLANIRAN OLABISI, OPEOLUWA | 580 OLUWALADE MOSES OLUROTIMI |
| 551 OLANIYAN OLUWAKEMI | 581 OLUWASEYI PEDRO |
| 552 OLANIYAN OYINLOYE | 582 OME OBIOHA, OGBAJIOGU |
| 553 OLANIYOLA OLUWAREMILE | 583 OMERENMMA CHRISTIAN |
| 554 OLANREWAJU ADEOLA | 584 OMIAYA AYODEJI, B |
| 555 OLANWADARE KEHINDE, SAMUEL | 585 OMIDIRAN ADEREMI, O |
| 556 OLAOYE DAUDA, KAYODE | 586 OMILODI BUSUYI |
| 557 OLAOYE OLUBUSAYO | 587 OMIORISAN OLWATOBI |
| 558 OLAPADE BAYO, JUDE | 588 OMISORE DUPE |
| 559 OLATILEWA TAIRU, O | 589 OMOH SEKINAT, OLUWATOYIN |
| 560 OLATUNDE AKEEM, | 590 OMOJARO OLAKUNLE, SOLA |
| 561 OLATUNJI ADEBISI, A | 591 OMOJUWA ADEWALE |
| 562 OLATUNJI AYODEJI, S | 592 OMOJUWA COLLINS |
| 563 OLATUNJOYE OLADIMEJI | 593 OMOJUWA OMOTAYO |
| 564 OLAYEMI OLATUNDE | 594 OMOLAFE TOLLULOPE |
| 565 OLAYEMI OLAYINKA, HELEN | 595 OMOLOLA IFEOLUWAPO, E |
| 566 OLAYINKA SUNDAY AYODEJI, & VICTORIA | 596 OMORAGBON HENRY, I.E |
| 567 OLAYIWOLA JOHN, SEGUN | 597 OMORENMMMA JOHN, CHINDEU |
| 568 OLAYIWOLA OLUWASEUN, V | 598 OMORODION PAUL |
| 569 OLOKPO MIYENIE, ABIODUN | 599 OMORUYI ANTHONY, GOLDEN |
| 570 OLOPADE JONATHAN ADIO OBAFEMI | 600 OMOSULE IDOWU |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 601 ONAKOYA KEHINDE, ADEBISI | 631 OTEH ARUNMA |
| 602 ONDOTIMI DIEPREYE | 632 OTOROLEHI-OKEZIE VICTORIA |
| 603 ONI EMMANUEL, ABIODUN | 633 OTUONYE IKECHUKWU, PETER |
| 604 ONIFADE BASIRAT, ADEJOKE | 634 OTUTULORO OLUSEGUN, A |
| 605 ONIKOYI FATAI | 635 OVIO CHIDIBEM, GABRIEL |
| 606 ONU DANIEL, ONYILO | 636 OWOLABI ABDULHAKIM, OLUWA |
| 607 ONUAMA OSINACHI | 637 OWOLABI FATIMAH, O |
| 608 ONUH DENNIS, A | 638 OWONIKOKO ABDUL-GAFAR, |
| 609 ONUZO EDMUND CHUKWUNENYE | 639 OWOPETU OLUFEMI |
| 610 ONYEAGOBO LIVINGSTONE, ENEKA | 640 OYEBAMIJI JELILI AYINDE |
| 611 ONYEBUCHUKWU CHIBUZOR | 641 OYEBAMIJI TIMOTHY, K |
| 612 ONYIA UCHENNA, CHINYERE | 642 OYEBOLA ATOYEBI |
| 613 OPAKUNLE ELIJAH | 643 OYEDEPO OLUWAFEMI |
| 614 OPAOGUN TEMITOPE, JANET | 644 OYEKANMI IDOWU, CHRISTOPHER |
| 615 ORELOPE IYABO, OJO | 645 OYELEYE OLUWOLE |
| 616 ORIBAMISE ABIGAIL IBUKUNOLUWA | 646 OYESIKU OLUFUNKE, OLABISI |
| 617 ORIBAMISE ISAAC, IFEOLUWA | 647 OYETADE LYDIA, E |
| 618 ORIBAMISE OJO STEPHEN | 648 OYEWOLA BISOYE, MARGRET |
| 619 ORIOLA ABDULSALAMI, AJIBOLA | 649 OYEWOLE ISIAH, OLUWATOSIN |
| 620 OSAKA CHIAMAKA | 650 OZIKO INVESTMENTS LIMITED |
| 621 OSASONA SIMON EKUNDAYO | 651 OZOILO CRESCENT, EMEKA |
| 622 OSAWE AUGUSTINE | 652 PEHUNESI SUNDAY |
| 623 OSENI KEHINDE, ADENIKE | 653 PETER SAMUEL, ABIDEMI |
| 624 OSHOKOYA OLUWATOBI, ADESEUN | 654 PETERS AYOTUNDE, GABRIEL |
| 625 OSILAJA OLADIPUPO, STEPHEN | 655 PMAINA SANYA |
| 626 OSILEYE OLUGBENGA AFOLABI | 656 POGU BUKAR |
| 627 OSINOWO RONKE | 657 POPOOLA MAYOKUN, AFOLABI |
| 628 OSOUZAH DAVID, U | 658 RAJI ABDULRAHMAN, D |
| 629 OSUNDAHUNSI ROSEMARY | 659 RAJI SANYAOLU, IDRIS |
| 630 OSUOZAH MARY, OLUCHUKWU | 660 RASHEED KOREDE, SEGUN |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | | Beneficiaries | |
|---------------|---|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 661 | RIMITUS INVESTMENT LTD. | 691 | TAJUDEEN OLANREWAJU, SHERIFF |
| 662 | SALAAM AKINMKUNLE, HABEEB | 692 | TAOFEEK ANUOLUWAPO |
| 663 | SALAKO AHMED, TOSIN | 693 | TASHIE BAMIDELE, N |
| 664 | SALAKO OLAWALE TAOREED | 694 | TASHIE UCHE, OLUFEMI |
| 665 | SALAMI KUDIJAT, YETUNDE | 695 | TEMILOLA REBACCA |
| 666 | SALAMI OLAKUNLE IDOWU | 696 | TIJANI GAFAR |
| 667 | SALAU KAYODE | 697 | TIJANI SAIDAT |
| 668 | SALEMSON SHAREHOLDERS, ASS OF NIGERIA | 698 | TIJANI SAKIRUDEEN |
| 669 | SAMUEL JACOB | 699 | TIJANI WALIU, WALE |
| 670 | SHADO OLUWASEYI | 700 | TIRIMISIYU IBRAHIM, A |
| 671 | SHAIBU HARUNA | 701 | TORIOLA NURUDEEN, OLAWALE |
| 672 | SHITTU OLUFEMI, G | 702 | TURTON GABRIEL ADEWUNMI |
| 673 | SHOBOWALE BABATUNDE | 703 | UDEH MERCY, N |
| 674 | SHOFOLAHAN SUNDAY, OLUSANJO | 704 | UDO-SAM CHRISTIAN, CHINOMSO |
| 675 | SHOPEJU SHOTUNDE | 705 | UFOT ENO |
| 676 | SHORINWA GBADUNOLA, GRACE | 706 | UGBODONNON ESTHER, O |
| 677 | SHOTONWA ISI, BETTEY | 707 | UGWUANYI EMMANUEL |
| 678 | SHOWEMIMO IBIRONKE, A | 708 | UKONU BLESSING NGOZI |
| 679 | SOARES OMOTIDOLO | 709 | UMAR MUSA ADNAN |
| 680 | SODEKE OLUWATOBI, MICHAEL | 710 | UMAR SAMUEL, S |
| 681 | SODIQ RUKAYAT, YINKA | 711 | UMEOKORO PAULINUS |
| 682 | SOKUNBI AGBARAOLURUNKIIBATI ABIMIFOLUWA | 712 | UMOREN UYIME, GODSWILL |
| 683 | SOKUNBI ITEOLUWAKIISHI, AFIMIFOLUWA | 713 | UNEGBU CELESTINE, CHUKWUNONSO |
| 684 | SOLOMON OLUFEMI | 714 | USIFO JOHN, EHIMEN FRANK |
| 685 | SOREMI ISRAEL, DOLAPO | 715 | USIFOH AYEMENRE R. |
| 686 | STEPHEN OLUCHI, RITA | 716 | UWA UCHE, VICTOR |
| 687 | SUBERU OLUWATOBI | 717 | UWAIFO JONES INVESTMENTS LTD |
| 688 | SULAIMON LATEEF, OLAYITAN | 718 | UYA FEBUK., E |
| 689 | TAIWO ABIBAT, OLURANTI | 719 | UZOR SOLOMON, OGAH |
| 690 | TAIWO SODIQ, OLAYINKA | 720 | UZUANA CHUKODI, UCHECHUIKWU |

UNPAID PAYMENT 16 (CONT.)

| Beneficiaries | |
|---------------|---|
| 721 | UZUANA DUMEBI |
| 722 | UZUANA IJEOMA |
| 723 | UZUANA NKOLI PATIENCE |
| 724 | UZUANA OBIECHINA, JOSEPH |
| 725 | UZUANA ONYINYE, ANN |
| 726 | WALAKU IPEGHAN & OBUGE OKALKE M |
| 727 | WINSTON F., DUBLIN-GREEN ESTATE OF LATE |
| 728 | WOODWORTH AL |
| 729 | YISA MURITALA, ALABI |
| 730 | YUNUS OLUWOLE, DAVID |
| 731 | YUNUS OMOMIKE, OLWAFUNMI |
| 732 | YUSUF SLAIEKAN, ABIODUN |
| 733 | ZHAWA ABOKI |

PROXY FORM

The Twenty-Seventh (27th) Annual General Meeting of the members of NIGER DELTA EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION PLC will hold on Thursday the 21st July 2022, at the Board Room of the Company situate at No. 15, Babatunde Jose Road, Victoria Island, Lagos at 11.00 a.m. to transact the following ordinary and special businesses:

I/We

Being members of Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc. hereby appoint

Mr. 'Ladi Jadesimi/Mr. Adegbite Falade/Ms. Titilola Omisore as my/our proxy to attend and vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 21st July 2022, at 11.00

SHAREHOLDER'S SIGNATURE

Dated this _____ day _____ of 2022

IMPORTANT

1. Before posting the above proxy, please tear this part off and retain it. A person attending the Annual General Meeting of the Company, or his proxy should produce this card to secure admission to the meeting. However, considering that these are unusual times and in compliance with the restrictions imposed by the Lagos State Government resulting from the pandemic (COVID-19), there shall be no physical attendance of members at the 2021 Annual General Meeting.

2. A member of the Company is entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting of the Company. He is also entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him, and in this case, the above card may be used to appoint a proxy. However, considering that these are unusual times and in compliance with the restrictions imposed by the Lagos State Government resulting from the pandemic (COVID-19), there shall be no physical attendance of members at the 2021 Annual General Meeting. The Company has gone through great lengths to ensure that members may dial-in (link www.youtube.com/watch?v=tTPItT_YnB0) to observe the proceedings; voting will be conducted through the use of proxy forms returned as and when due.

3. All questions by members of the Company should be in writing and should be directed to the Company Secretary and submitted at the registered address of the Company not later than one week before the Annual General Meeting. Questions may also be forwarded via email to 27thagmquestions@ngdelta.com

Signature of Person Attending

Admission Card

Annual General Meeting to be held on **Thursday the 21st July 2022**, at Niger Delta Exploration & Production, No. 15, Babatunde Jose Road, Victoria Island, at 11.00 a.m.

I/We own units of shares

| RESOLUTION | FOR | AGAINST | ABSTAIN |
|---|-----|---------|---------|
| ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS | | | |
| 1. To lay before the members the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2021 for approval and the Report of the Directors, Auditors and Audit Committee. | | | |
| 2. To declare a dividend. | | | |
| 3. To re-elect Directors retiring by rotation. The Director up for re-election are: i) Mr. Ede Osayande ii) Mr. Thierry Georget | | | |
| 4. To re-appoint Auditors. | | | |
| 5. To authorise the Directors to determine the remuneration of the Auditors. | | | |
| 6. To re-elect members of the Company Audit Committee. Members can vote for only three (3) of the nominees. Votes of members who vote for more than three (3) nominees will be considered invalid. Nominees are: i) Mr. Femi Akinsanya ii) Mr. Eddie Efekoha iii) Mr. Gbola Akinola iv) Mr. Eninfolami Gafer | | | |
| SPECIAL RESOLUTION | | | |
| 6. To consider and if thought fit pass the following as Special Resolutions i. That the Directors be and are hereby authorized, pursuant to Section 124 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act 2020 and Companies' Regulation, 2021 to cancel the Company's unissued 57,575,782 (Fifty-Seven Million, Five Hundred and Seventy-Five Thousand, Seven Hundred and Eighty-Two) ordinary shares of ₦10.00 each. ii. That the Directors be also authorized to amend Clause 6 of the Company's Memorandum of Association to replace the words "the authorized share capital" with "the issued share capital" and to reflect the Issued Share Capital of the Company as ₦2,172,422,180 (Two Billion, One Hundred and Seventy Two Million, Four Hundred and Twenty Two Thousand, One Hundred and Eighty Naira) divided into 217,242,218 (Two Hundred and Seventeen Million, Two Hundred and Forty Two Thousand, Two Hundred and Eighteen) ordinary shares of ₦10.00 each. iii. That the Directors are further authorized to take all such incidental, consequential and supplemental actions thereto, to execute all requisite documents and to give directions as may be necessary for the filing of the above-stated amendments with the Corporate Affairs Commission and other regulatory agencies as may be necessary to give effect to the above Resolutions | | | |

4. In line with best practice during the COVID-19 era, the names of two (2) directors and the Company Secretary have been entered on the proxy form to ensure that someone will be at the meeting to act as your proxy. Please cross out the names of those proxies whom you have not picked leaving only the name of your preferred proxy.

5. The above proxy form, when completed, must be deposited at the registered address of the Company being 15, Babatunde Jose Road, Victoria Island, Lagos, not less than 48 hours before the fixed time for the meeting. This form must be submitted latest by **12.00p.m** on the **19th of July 2022**. Alternatively, executed proxy forms may be deposited with the Registrars, United Securities Limited, 9 Amodu Ojikutu Street, Victoria Island, Lagos or sent via email to 27thagmproxy@ngdelta.com and eforms@coronationregistrars.com, not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.

6. It is a requirement of the law under the Stamp Duties Act, Cap 58, Laws of the Federation of Nigeria, 2004, that any instrument of proxy to be used for the purpose of voting by any person entitled to vote at any meeting of shareholders must bear a stamp duty. However, in line with the Guidelines provided by the Corporate Affairs Commission (CAC) for holding an Annual General Meeting in this pandemic, the Company shall bear the cost of all stamp duty.

7. If a proxy form is executed by a Company, it should be sealed under its common seal or under the hand of an attorney.

CUT HERE

CUT HERE

Affix Current Passport (To be stamped by bankers)
Please write your name at the back of your passport photograph

E-MANDATE ACTIVATION FORM

Instruction

Please complete all sections of this form to make it eligible for processing and return to the address below

Only Clearing Banks are acceptable

The Registrar,
UNITED SECURITIES LIMITED RC 126257
9, Amodu Ojikutu Street, Off Bishop Oluwole Street,
Victoria Island, P.M.B 12753 Lagos, Nigeria.

I/We hereby request that henceforth, all my/our Dividend Payment(s) due to me/us from my/our holdings in all the companies ticked at the right hand column be credited directly to my \ our bank detailed below:

Bank Verification Number

Bank Name

Bank Account Number

Account Opening Date

Shareholder Account Information

Surname / Company's Name First Name Other Names

Address:

City State Country

Kindly tick & quote your shareholder account no in the box below

| Tick | Name of Company | Shareholder Number |
|------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| | Access Bank PLC | |
| | Afrinvest WA Ltd | |
| | AIICO Insurance PLC | |
| | AIICO Money Market Fund | |
| | BSS Industries Ltd | |
| | Caverton Offshore Support group | |
| | Dangote Cement PLC | |
| | FSDH Asset Management Limited | |
| | Food Emporium Int'l Limited | |
| | Gombe State Government | |
| | IHS Nigeria PLC | |
| | MCNichols Consolidated PLC | |
| | NDEP PLC | |
| | NIPCO PLC | |
| | Red Star Express PLC | |
| | Skye Fixed Income Fund | |
| | Three Points Industries Ltd | |
| | Trust Bond Mortgage Bank PLC | |
| | WAPIC Insurance PLC | |

For inquiries, please call 01-2714566-7 or send e-mail to customerscare@unitedsecuritieslimited.com

UNITED SECURITIES LIMITED

Website: www.unitedsecuritieslimited.com ; E-mail: info@unitedsecuritieslimited.com or the completed update form can also be submitted through any Access Bank Plc nearest to you.

"UNITED SECURITIES LIMITED hereby disclaims liability or responsibility for errors/omissions/misstatements in any document transmitted electronically"



SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION UPDATE FORM

I/ We wish to request that my / our details as a shareholder(s) for Niger Delta Exploration & Production Ptc be amended to reflect the following information:

Date

| | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> | <input type="text"/> |
| D | D | M | M | Y | Y | Y | Y |

Surname/Company's Name

Other Names (for individual Shareholder)

Present Shareholders

City

Email Address 1:

Email Address 2:

Mobile (GSM) Phone Number:

Tax ID:

SHAREHOLDERS'S SIGNATURE OR THUMBPRINT

SHAREHOLDERS'S SIGNATURE OR THUMBPRINT

SHAREHOLDERS'S SIGNATURE OR THUMBPRINT

Incorporation Number with Company Seal

The completed Form should be returned by post, e-mail or fax to: Investor Relations Department, Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc. 'I 5, Babatunde Jose Road, Victoria Island, Lagos. Fax 01-461926. E mait: investorrelations@ngdelta.com or United Securities Limited. 10, Amodu Ojikutu Street, Victoria Island, Lagos. E-mail: info@unitedsecuritieslimited.com

CONTACT DETAILS

REGISTRARS

CORONATION REGISTRARS LIMITED
9, AMODU OJIKUTU STREET
VICTORIA ISLAND
LAGOS

CUT HERE

Niger Delta Exploration & Production Plc

15 Babatunde Jose Road

Victoria Island

Lagos, Nigeria

www.ngdelta.com